OXFORD ATLAS
OF
ANCIENT GEOGRAPHY,
WITH
ILLUSTRATIONS.

~~J. W. J. Merriman~~

~~The Gift of his Father~~

~~October 22, 1829~~

A. M. Smith

2025

AN ATLAS OF ANCIENT GEOGRAPHY.

OXFORD,
Published by J. Vincent.

MDCCCXXVIII.

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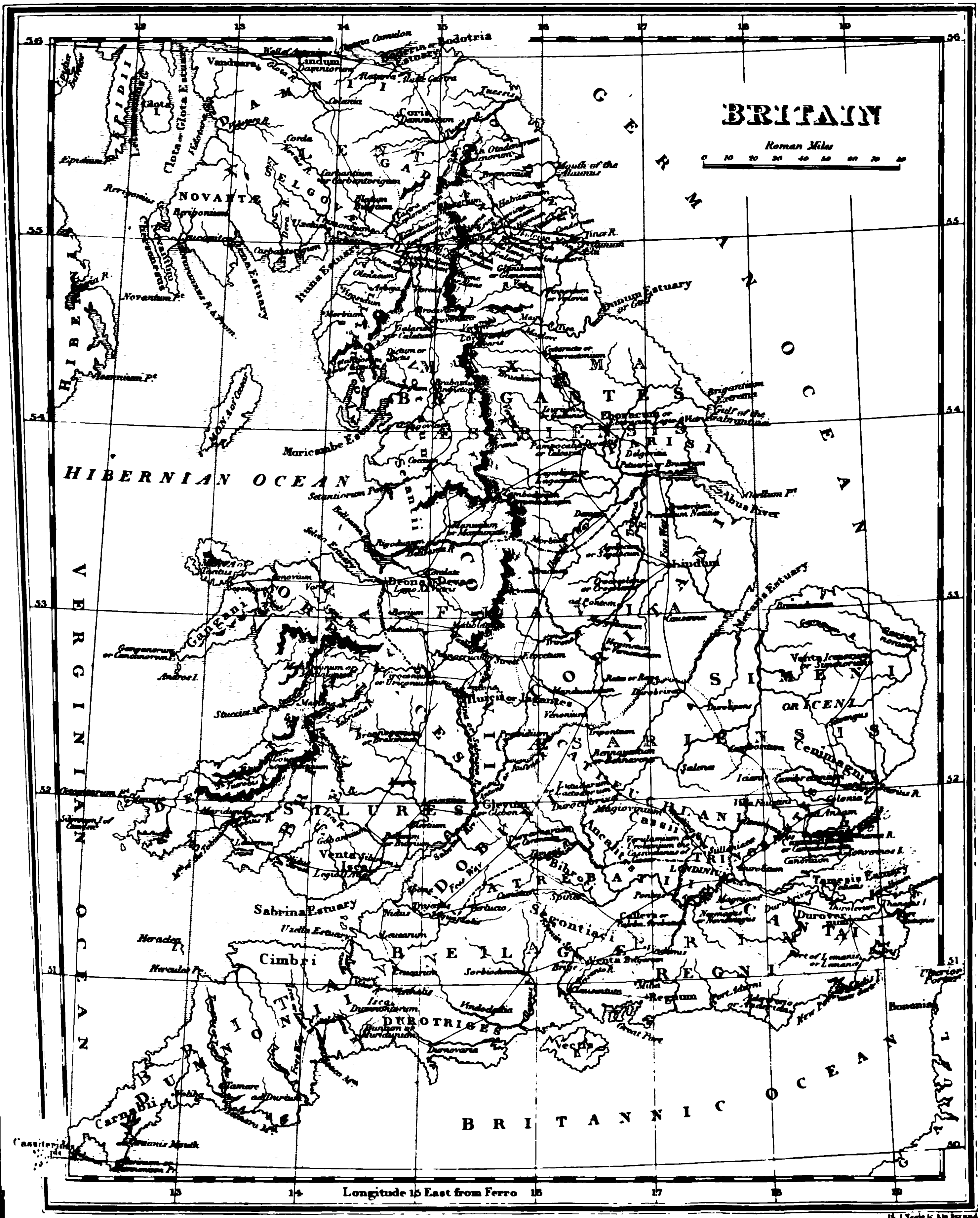
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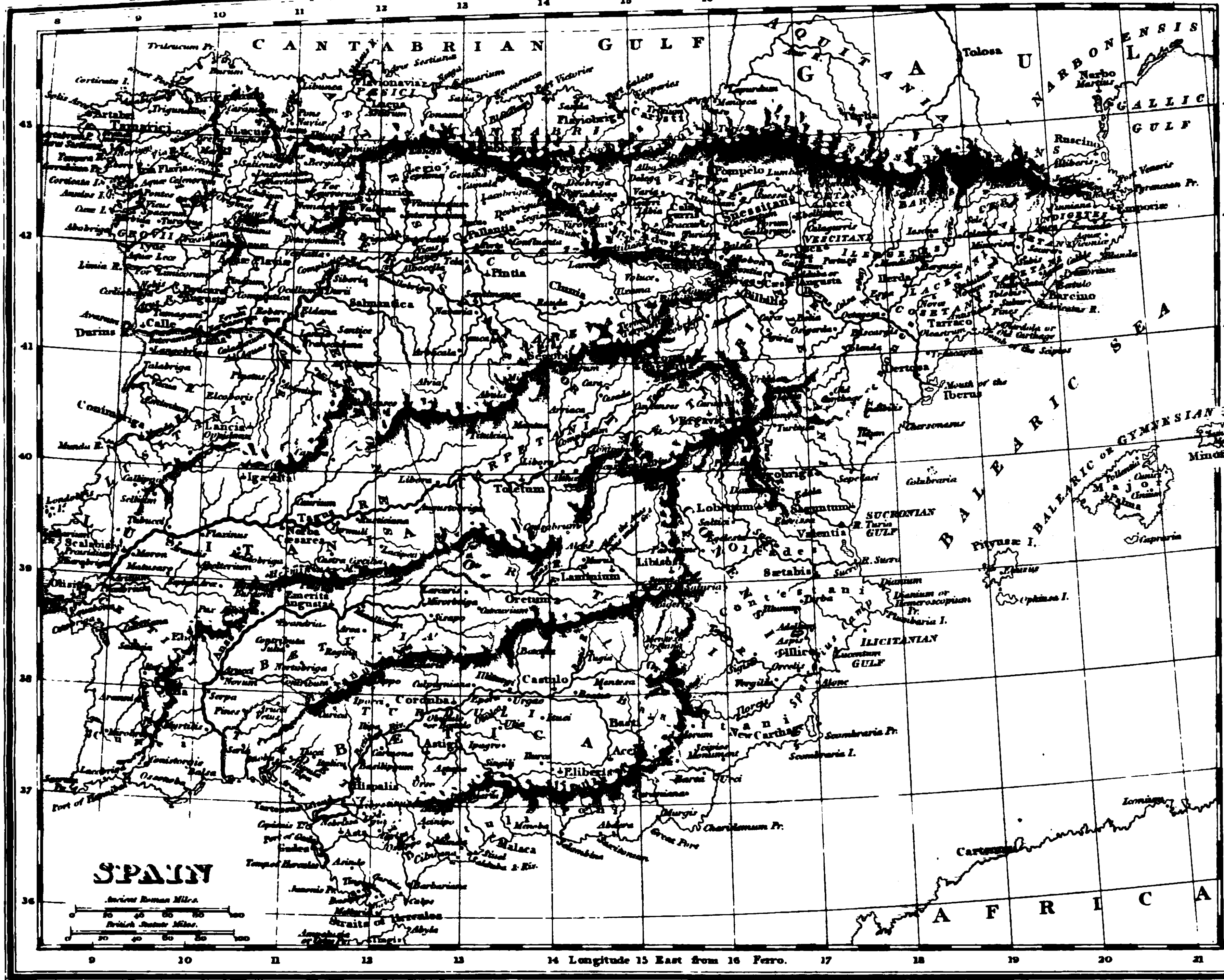
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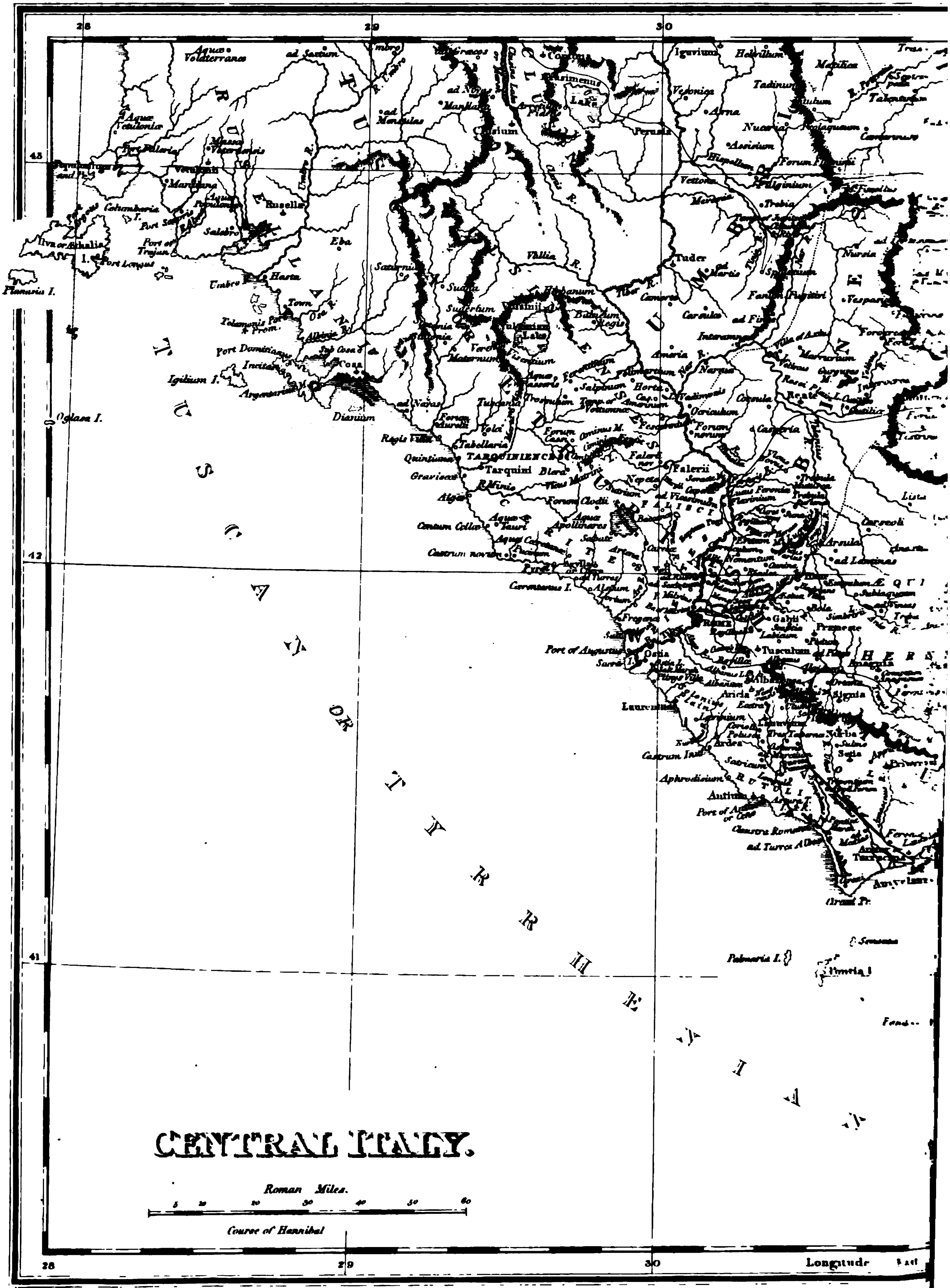
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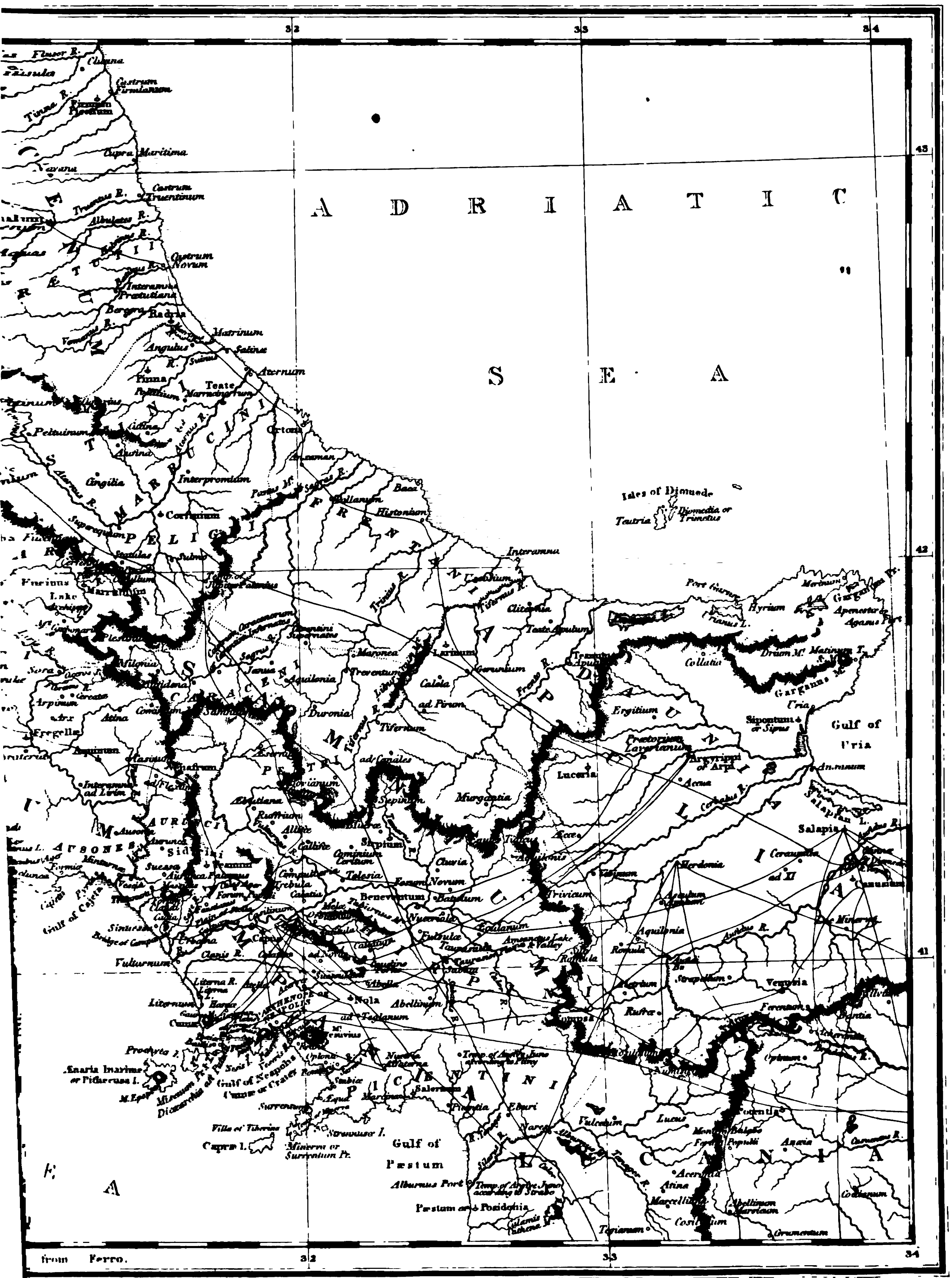
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PASSAGE OF THE ALPS
CISALPINE GAUL
RHÆTIA NORICUM
AND CORSICA
GALLIC GULF
Roman Miles.
Route of Hannibal according to Livy
Route of Hannibal according to Polybius
Longitude East from Ferro.



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CENTRAL ITALY.
Roman Miles.
5 10 20 30 40 50 60
Course of Hannibal
28
29
30
43
42
41
Longitude
TUSCAN OR TYRRHENIAN SEA
Aquæ Volaterranæ
ad Sextum
Iguvium
Helvillum
Mevania
Tadinum
Vetonica
Arna
Perusia
Nuceria
Assisium
Aquæ Vetuloniæ
Vetulonii
Rusellæ
Salebro
Port of Trajan
Port Longus
Planasia I.
Ilva or Æthalia I.
Columbaria I.
Eba
Hasta
Saturnia
Sudrum
Tuder
Camerte
Carsulæ
Interamna
Ameria
Narnia
Ocriculum
Spoletium
Trebia
Vettona
Fanum Fugitivi
Nursia
Reate
Carseoli
Telamonis Port & Prom.
Port Dominitianus
Igilium I.
Cosa
Dianium
Oglasa I.
ad Nonas
Tuscania
Volci
Forum Aurelii
Tabellaria
Regis Villa
Quintiana
Tarquinii
Blera
Graviscæ
Algæ
Centum Cellæ
Aquæ Tauri
Castrum novum
Apollinares
Forum Clodii
Falerii
Nepeta
Sutrium
Capena
Lucus Feroniæ
Nomentum
Arsula
ad Lamnas
Cerenterius I.
Alsium
Fregenæ
Roma
Port of Augustus
Ostia
Sacra I.
Gabii
Labicum
Tusculum
Præneste
Aricia
Signia
Laurentum
Lanuvium
Ardea
Norba
Setia
Castrum Inui
Satricum
Aphrodisium
Antium
Port of Antium or Ceno
Circæum Prom.
ad Turres Albas
Tarracina
Anxur
Palmaria I.
Pontia I.
Sinonia



ADRIATIC
SEA
Isles of Diomede
Diomedia or Trimetus
Teutria
Gulf of Uria
Salapia
Luceria
Sipontum or Sipus
Argyrippa or Arpi
Beneventum
Nola
Abellinum
Gulf of Neapolis
Gulf of Cajeta
Prochyta I.
Capreæ I.
Surrentum Pr.
Minervæ or Surrentum Pr.
Gulf of Pæstum
Pæstum or Posidonia
Alburnus Port
Salernum
Picentia
Eburi
Volceium
Lucus
Potentia
Anxia
Acerunta
Atina
Marcellianum
Grumentum
Consilinum
Tegianum
Venusia
Aquilonia
Herdonia
Canusium
Canusium R.
Aufidus R.
Compsa
Romula
Trivicum
Æquum Tuticum
Sepinum
Murgantia
Larinum
Teate Apulum
Interamnia
Histonium
Ortona
Aternum
Matrinum
Salinæ
Teate Marrucinorum
Corfinium
Pinna
Hadria
Castrum Novum
Castrum Truentinum
Cupra Maritima
Cluana
Castrum Firmianum
Firmum Picenum
Anxanum
Buca
Interpromium
Atina
Aquinum
Fregellæ
Arpinum
Sora
Minturnæ
Sinuessa
Vulturnum
Liternum
Cumæ
Capua
Casilinum
Calatia
Telesia
Aufidena
Bovianum
Saepinum
Venafrum
Allifæ
Suessa
Teanum
Cales
Ceraunilia
Salapina L.
Gulf of
Pæstum
from Ferro.
32
33
34
42
41



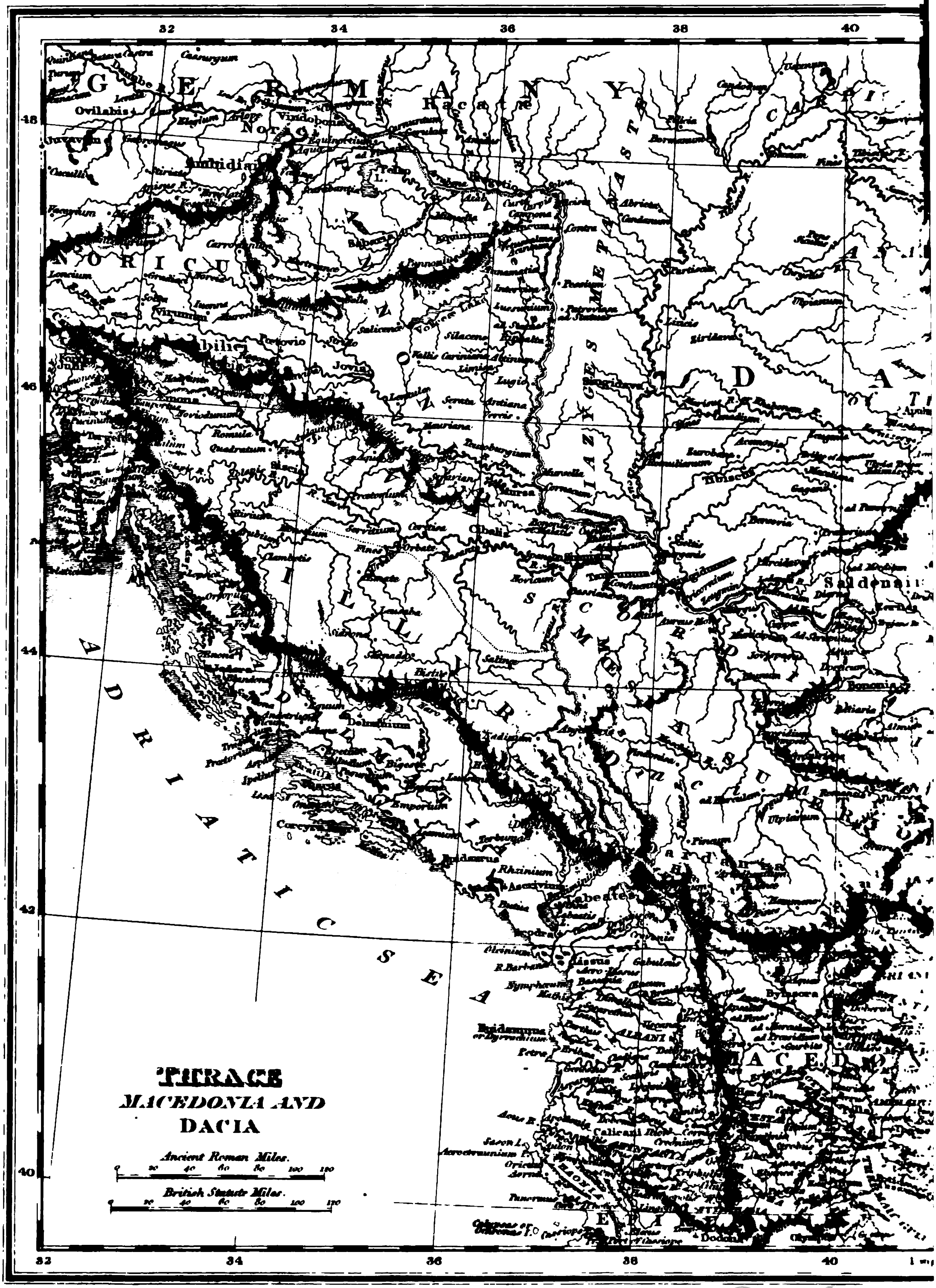
ADRIATIC SEA
ILLYRIA
TUSCAN SEA
TYRRHENIAN
SARDINIA
GULF OF TARENTUM
Gulf of Uria
Gulf of Cajeta
Gulf of Laus
Gulf of Alburnus Pt
Paestum
Is. of Diomede
Diomedea or Trimetus
Teutria
Garganum Pr.
Ortona
Asculum
Spoletium
Reate
Corfinium
Rome
Antium
Laurentum
Ponza
Palmaria
Pandataria
Capreae
Salapia
Canusium
Barium
Egnatia
Dertum
Metapontum
Heraclea
Siris
Sybaris
Callipolis
Hydruntum
Port Tarentinus
Iapygium or Salentinum Prom.
Lucania
Messapia
Sipontum or Sipus
Luceria
Compsa
Venusia
Salernum
Velinus G.
Cumae
Prochyta I.
Liternum
Pontia
T. of Hercules
Gorditanum Pr. ad Herculem
Erebantium Pr.
Olbia
Bosa
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THRACE
MACEDONIA AND
DACIA
Ancient Roman Miles.
British Statute Miles.
ADRIATIC SEA



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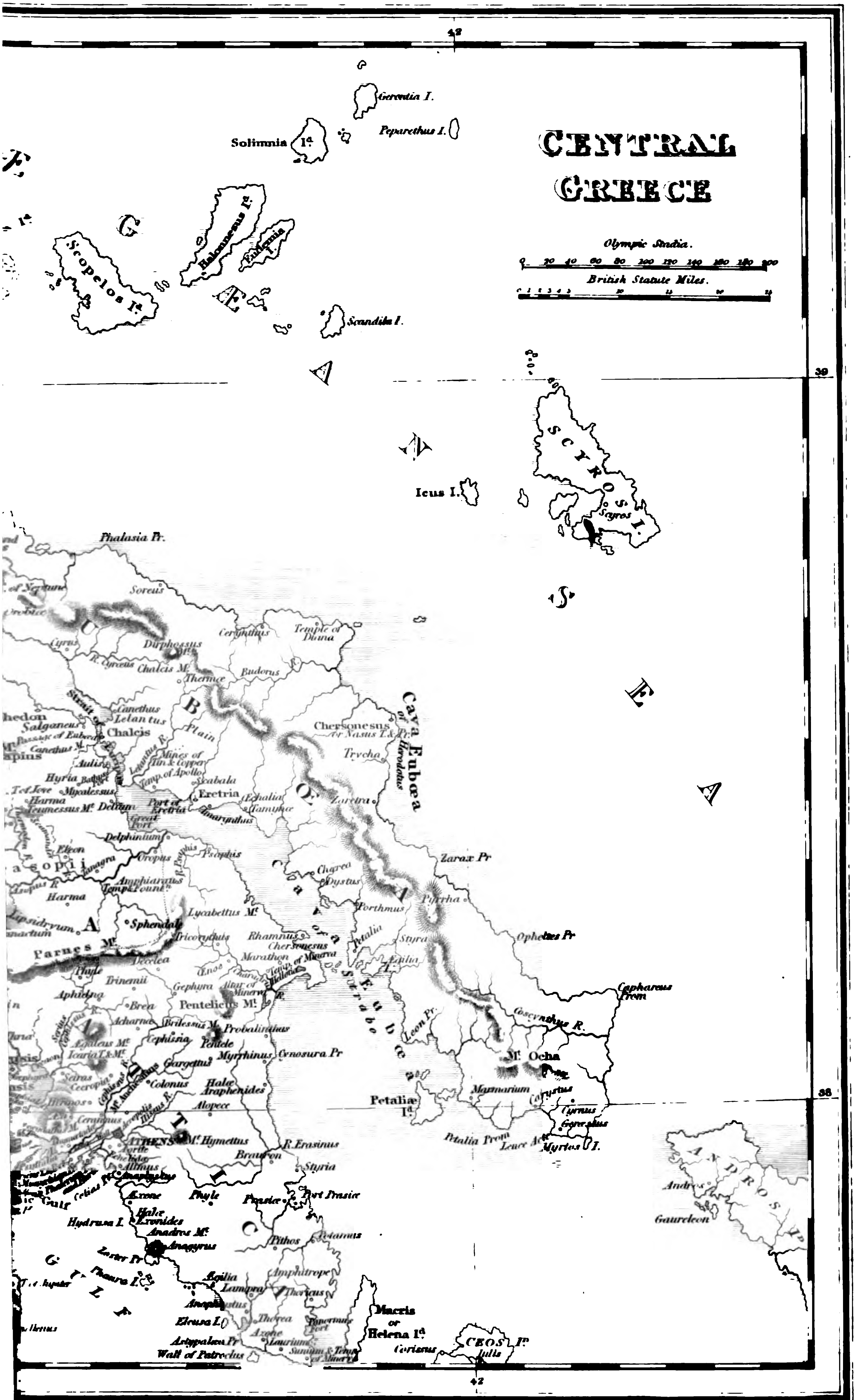
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NORTHERN
GREECE
Olympic Stadia
Longitude East
Apollonia
Acroceraunium Pr.
Corcyra
Dodona
Ambracia
Cranea
Nicopolis
Leucas or Neritos
LEUCADIA OR NERITUS I.
ITHACA I.
Zacynthus
Chelonites Gulf
Elis
Paxus I.
Leucimna Pr.
Chimerium Pr.
Cassopaei
Calydon
Bantia
Thyamis Pr.
Lakes



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Opuntian
Gulf
COPAIS
LAKE
Thespia
Cithæron M.
SEA
Gulf of
Megara



J. & J. Neele Sculp. 352 Strand.

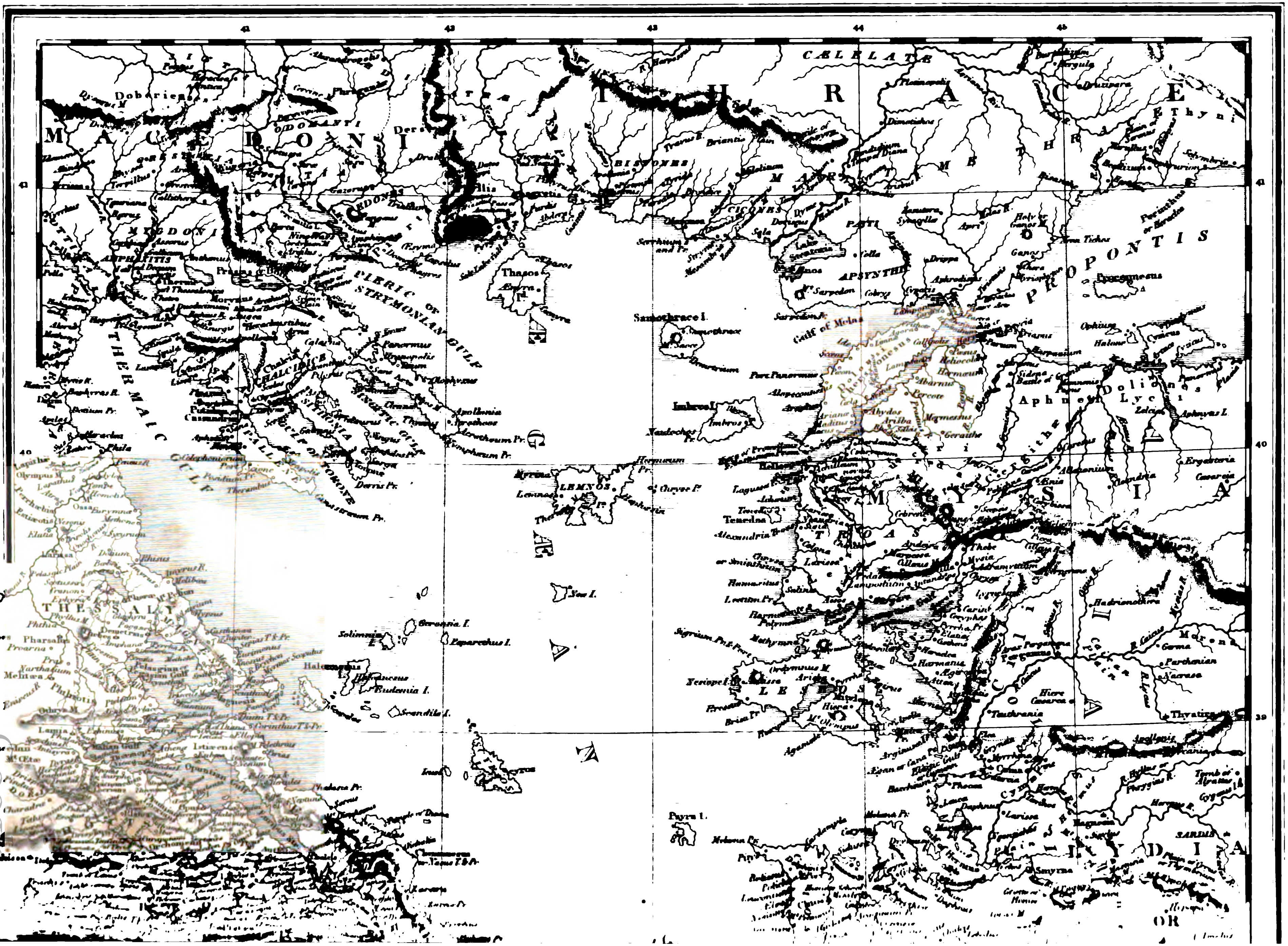


PELOPONNESUS
Olympic Stadia
0 20 40 60 80 100 200 300 400
18
19
20
37
38
ITHACA
Ithaca
CEPHALLENIA I.
Same
Cephallenia
Pale
Letoia I.
Netium Pr.
Echinades Is.
Oxiæ I.
Araxus Pr.
Gulf of Cyllene
Hyrmine Pr.
Chelonites Pr.
ZACYNTHUS I.
Zacynthus
Mt. Elatus
Marathe I.
Chelonites Gulf
Peneus R.
Pheia Pr.
Pheia I.
Ichthys Pr.
Alpheus R.
I O N I A N S E A
Strophades
GULF OF CYPARISSIA
Prom. of Cyparissia
Prote I.
Pylus T. and Coryphasium Prom. of Thucydides
Sphacteria I.
Coryphasium T. and Prom. of Ptolemy
Methone
Œnussæ Islands
Acritas Pr.
Theganussa I.
MESSENIAN GULF
Corone
Colonis
Asine
Pephnos I.
Temp. of Ino
Thyrides Pr.
M E D I T E R
CORINTHIAN GULF
LOCRIANS of OZOLÆ
Naupactus
Rhium
Patræ
Dyme
Olenus
Pharæ
Tritæa
ACHAIA
Lampe
Cynætha
Psophis
Phigea or Psophis
ELIS
Elis
Olympia
Pholoe
Heræa
Cyparissia
Pyrgos
Electra
Messene
Ithome
Megalopolis
Stenyclerus
Tripolis
Orchomenus
Tegea
Pellana
Thuria or Epea
Calamæ
Dipœa
Gortys
Melanœ
Buphagium
Thalamæ
Stratos
Alipheira
Trapezus
Ira
Dorium
Erana
Platamodes
Echalia
Andania
Mylea
Ino
Cerausium M.



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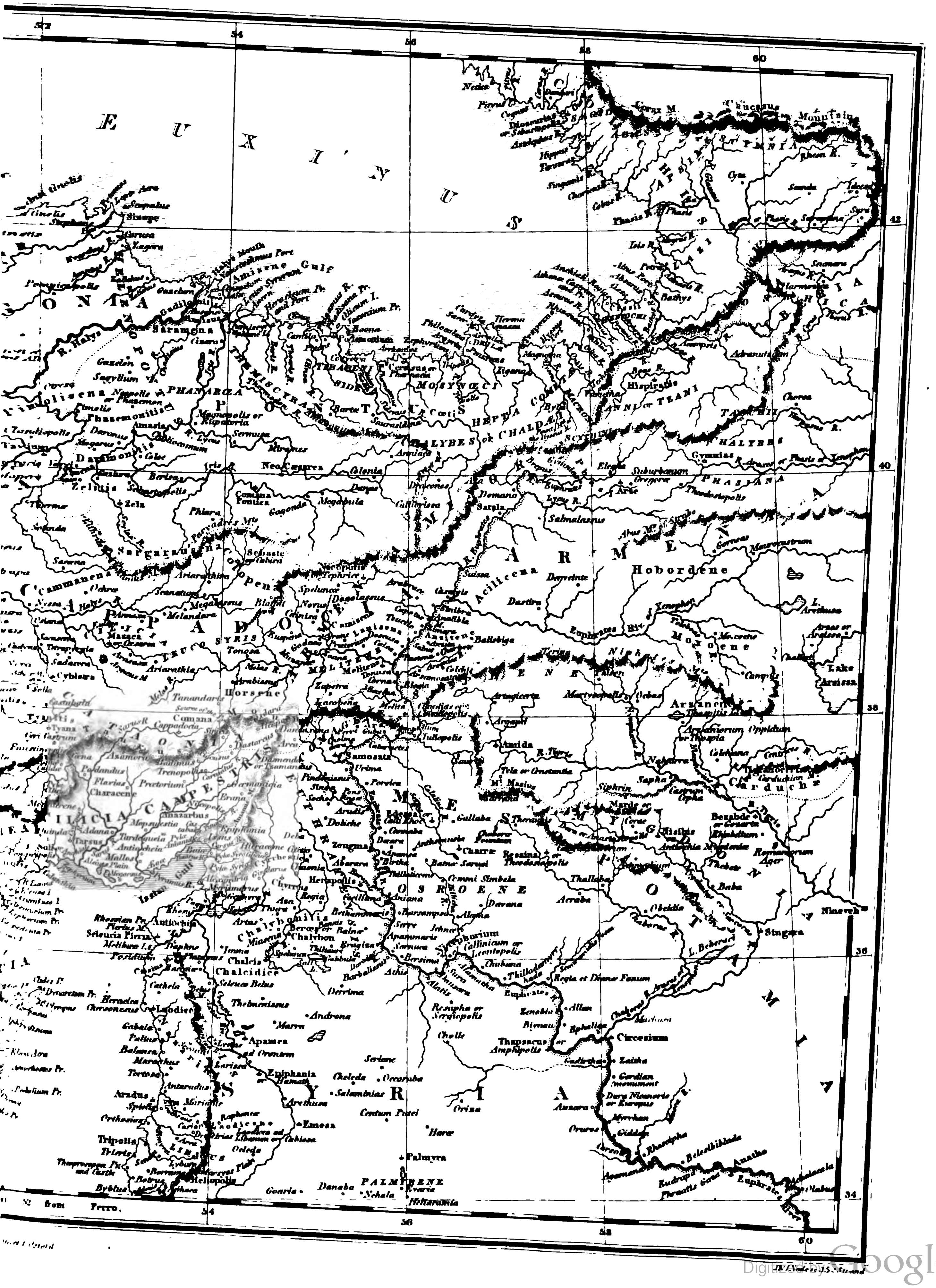

THRACE
MACEDONIA
THERMAIC GULF
PIERIC or STRYMONIAN GULF
PROPONTIS
MYSIA
TROAS
LESBOS
THESSALY
LEMNOS
Thasos
Samothrace I.
Imbros I.
Tenedos
ÆGEAN

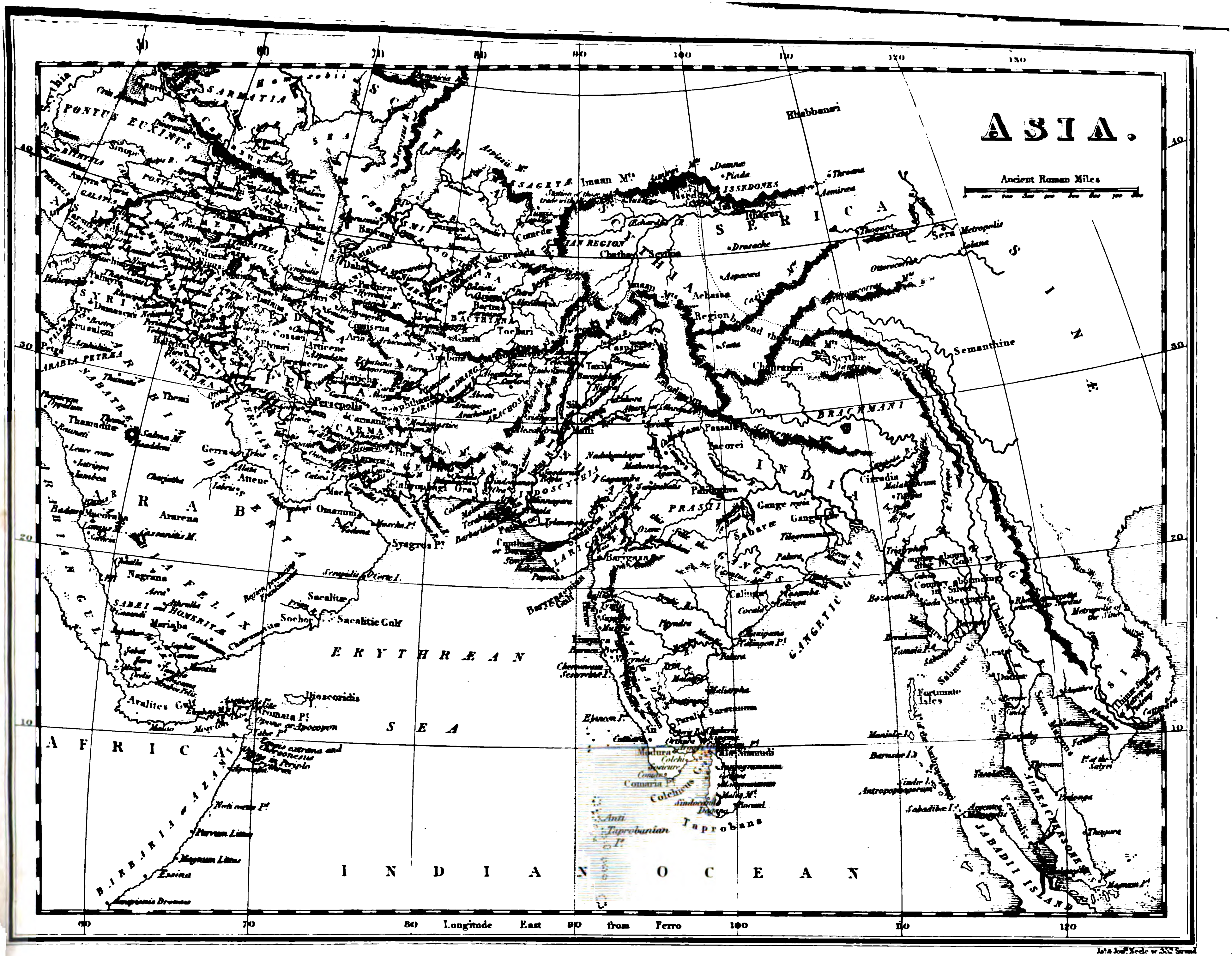


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ASIA MINOR
ARMENIA, MESOPOTAMIA
AND SYRIA.
Parasangas
0 10 20 30 40 50
Longitude
PONTUS
THRACE
PROPONTIS
MYSIA
LYDIA
CARIA
LYCIA
PHRYGIA
GALATIA
BITHYNIA
PAPHLAGONIA
PISIDIA
ISAURIA
PAMPHYLIA
CILICIA
MÆONIA
AEGAEUM
Odessus
Apollonia
Mesembria
Philipopolis or Poneropolis
Hadrianopolis
BYZANTIUM or CONSTANTINOPLE
Chalcedon
Nicomedia
Cyzicus
Sardis
Magnesia
Ephesus
Miletus
Tralles
Alabanda
Laodicea
Philadelphia
Thyatira
Pergamus
Lesbos
Chios
Samos
Rhodes
Rhodian Islands
Carpathos
Lemnos
Imbros
Samothrace
Thasos
Naxos
Myconos
Thera
Tenos
Andros
Icaros
Patmos
Cnossus
Dia I.
Dorylæum
Amorium
Synnada
Apamea
Antiochia
Iconium
Laranda
Derbe
Perga
Attalea
Side
Xanthus
Patara
Myra
Olympus
Telmissus
Amastris
Ancyra
Pamphilian Sea
AULON OF

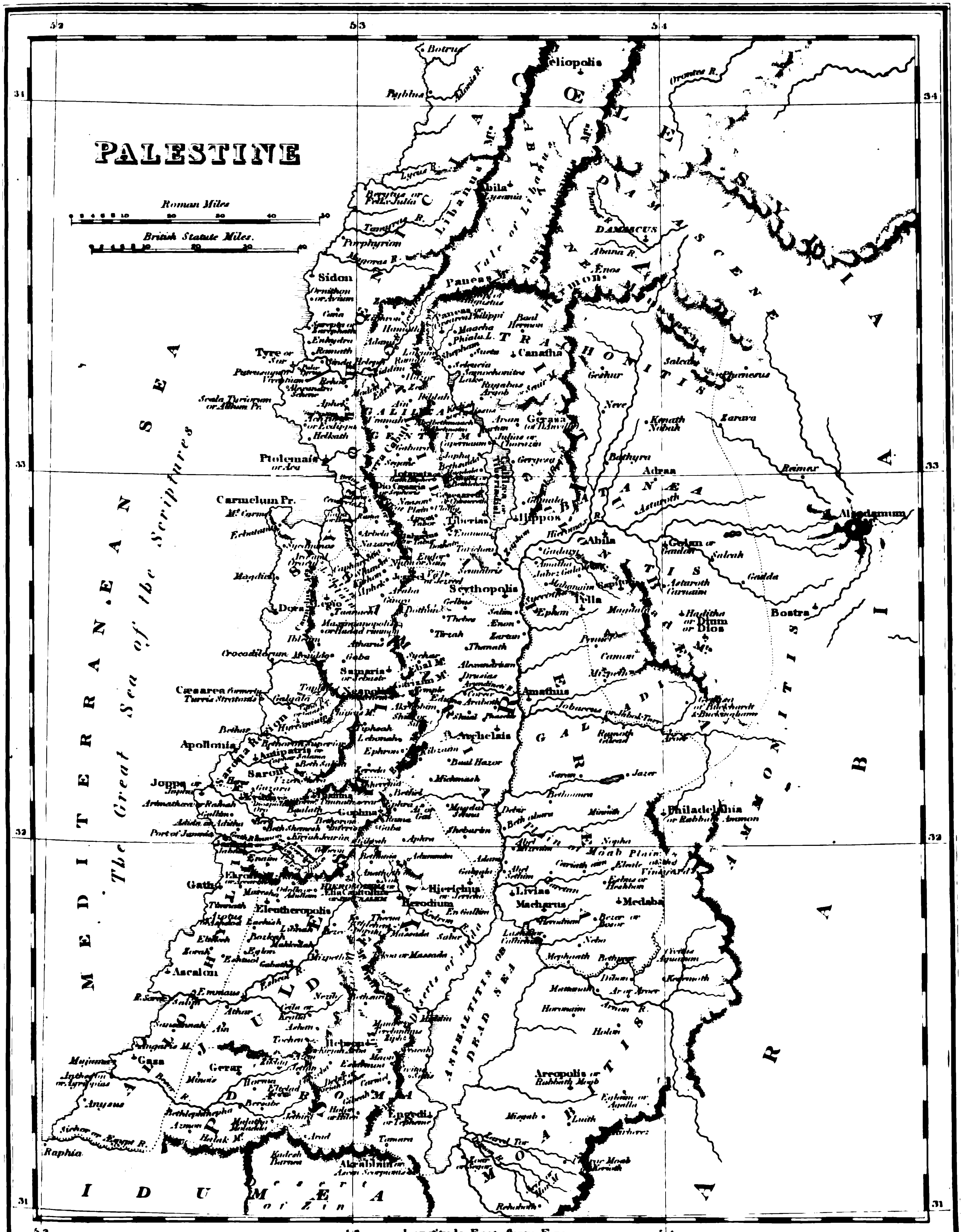

E U X I N U S
Caucasus Mountains
Sinope
Amisene Gulf
Saramena
Phanaroea
Amasia
Neo Cæsarea
Comana Pontica
Zela
Sebaste or Cabira
Nicopolis
Tephrice
Megalassus
Melitene
Mazaca or Cæsarea
Tyana
Comana Cappadocia
Anazarbus
Cilicia Campestris
Samosata
Zeugma
Hierapolis
Osroene
Edessa
Charræ
Nicephorium
Callinicum or Leontopolis
Resaina or Theodosiopolis
Nisibis
Singara
Nineveh
Circesium
Thapsacus or Amphipolis
Antiochia
Seleucia Pieria
Laodicea
Apamea
Epiphania or Hamath
Emesa
Arethusa
Tripolis
Byblus
Heliopolis
Palmyra
Palmyrene
Resapha or Sergiopolis
Chalcidice
Chalcis
Chalybonitis
Beroea or Bœrea
Barbalissus
Armenia
Hobordene
Acilicena
Sophene
Amida
Tigranocerta
Arzanene
Carduchi
Colchis
Phasis
Lazi
Iberia
Albania
Heptacometæ
Chalybes or Chaldæi
Trebizond
Cerasus or Pharnacia
Mosynœci
Tibareni
Euphrates Riv.
Lake Arethusa
Lake Arsissa
Syria
Mesopotamia
Mt. Masius
Aradus
Orthosias
Danaba
Occaruba
Centum Putei
Zenobia
Anatho
34 from Ferro.



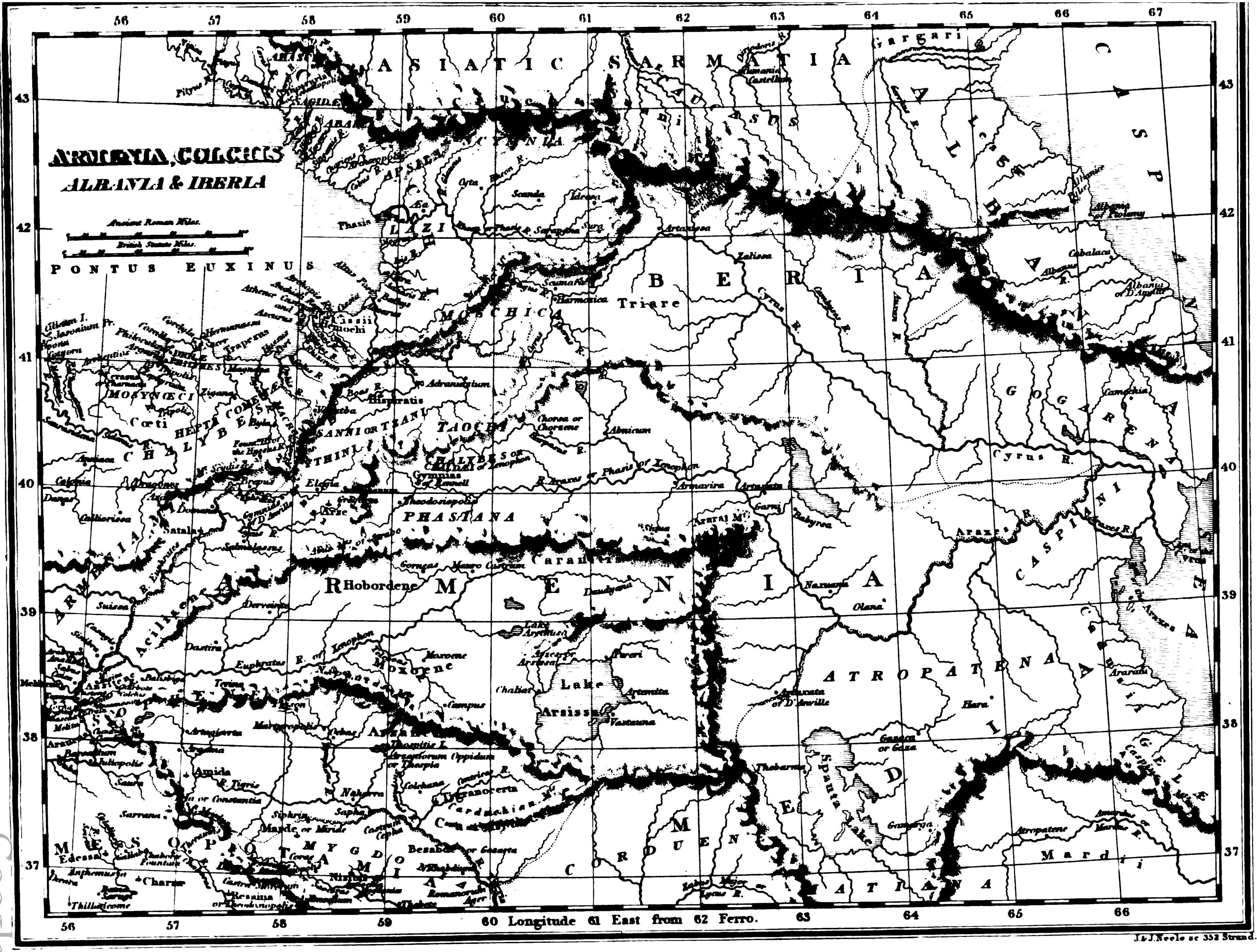
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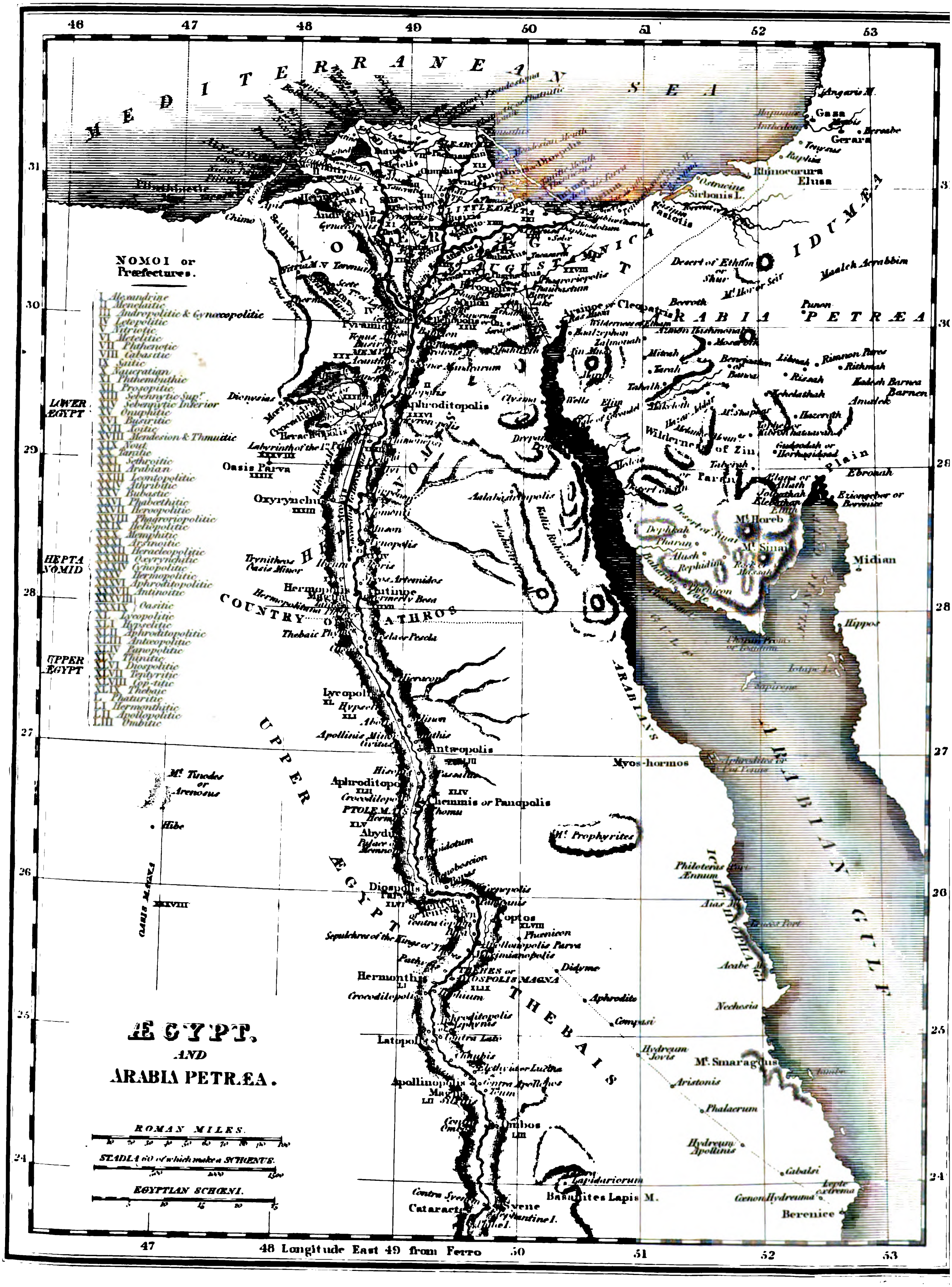
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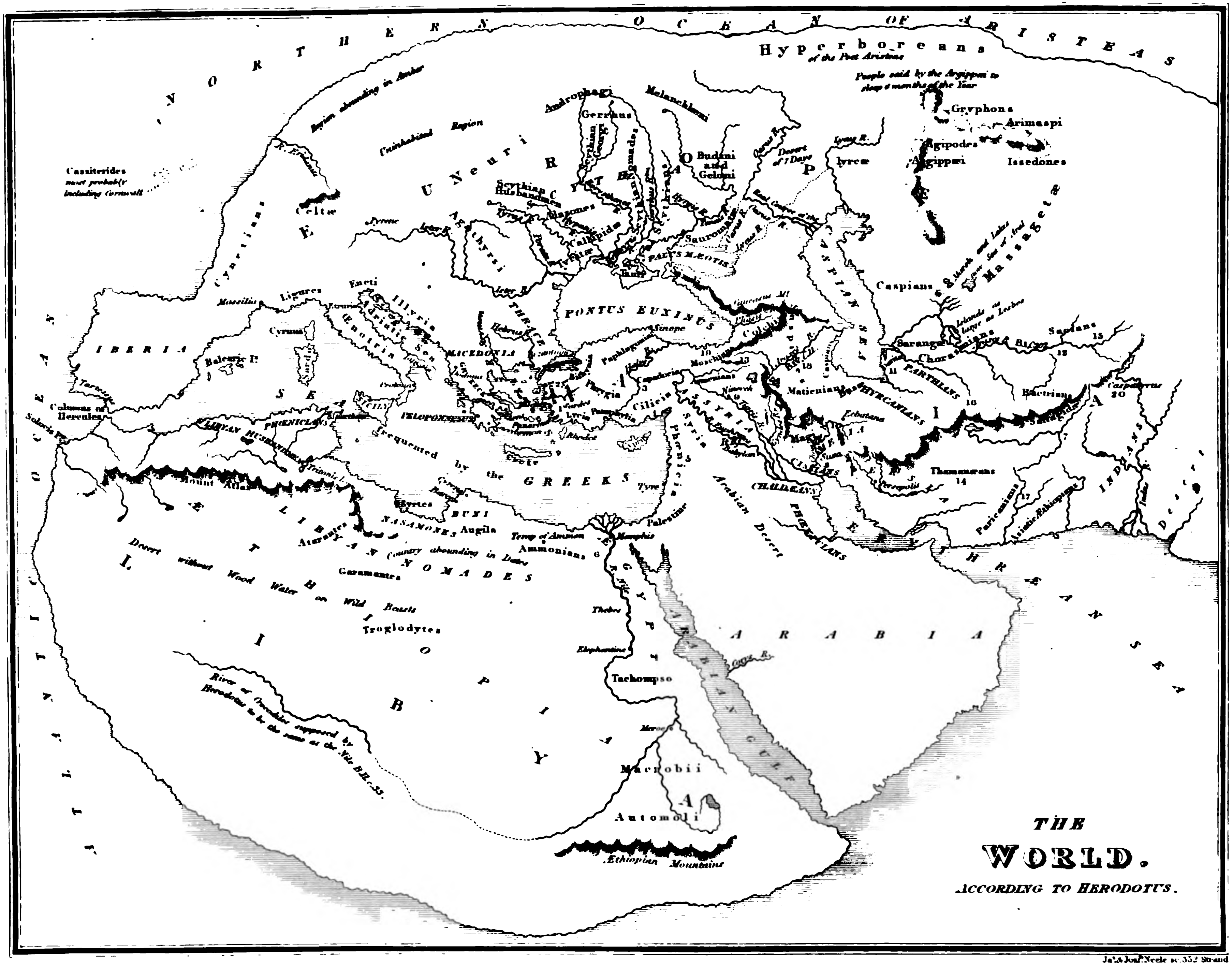
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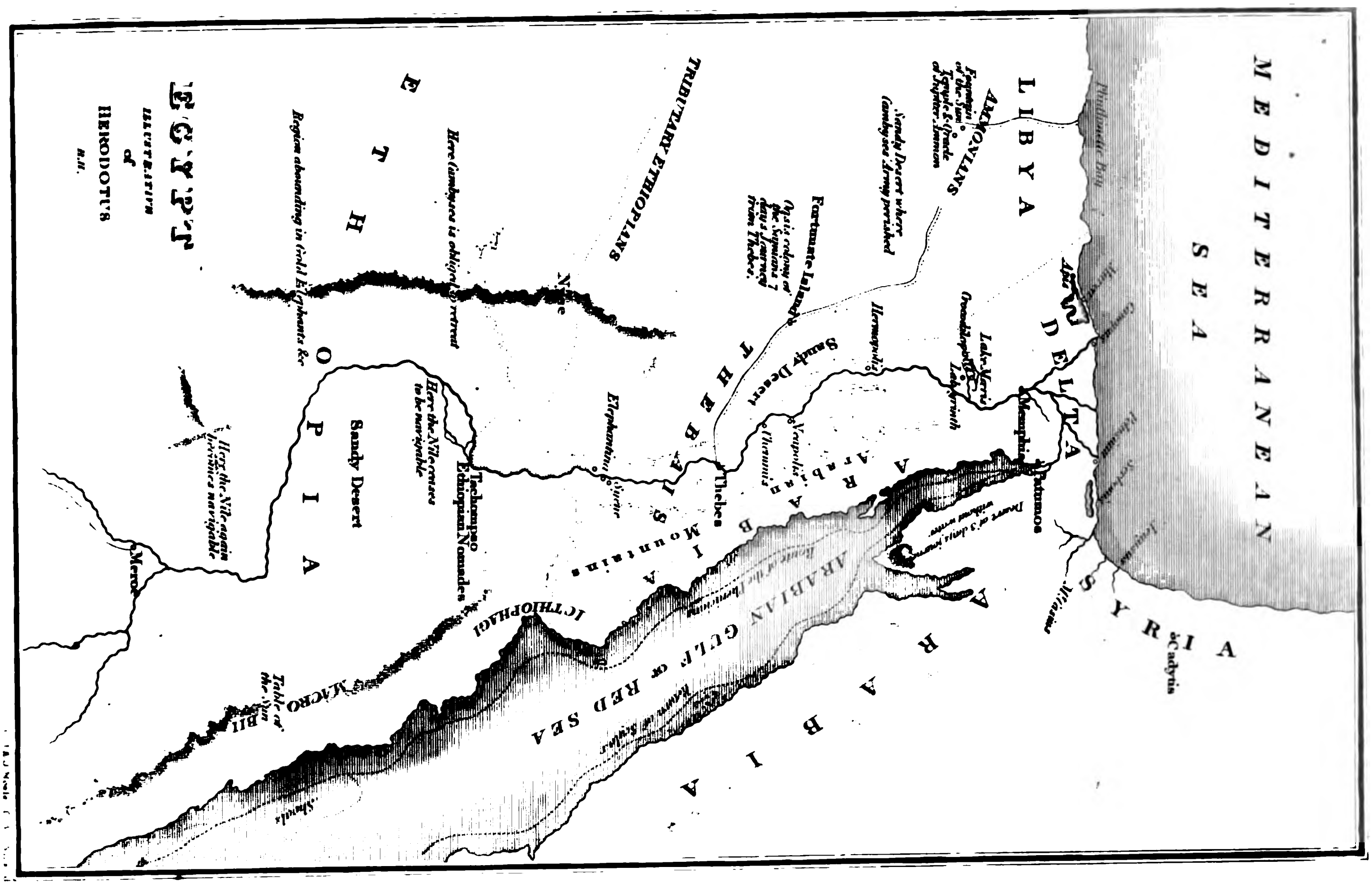


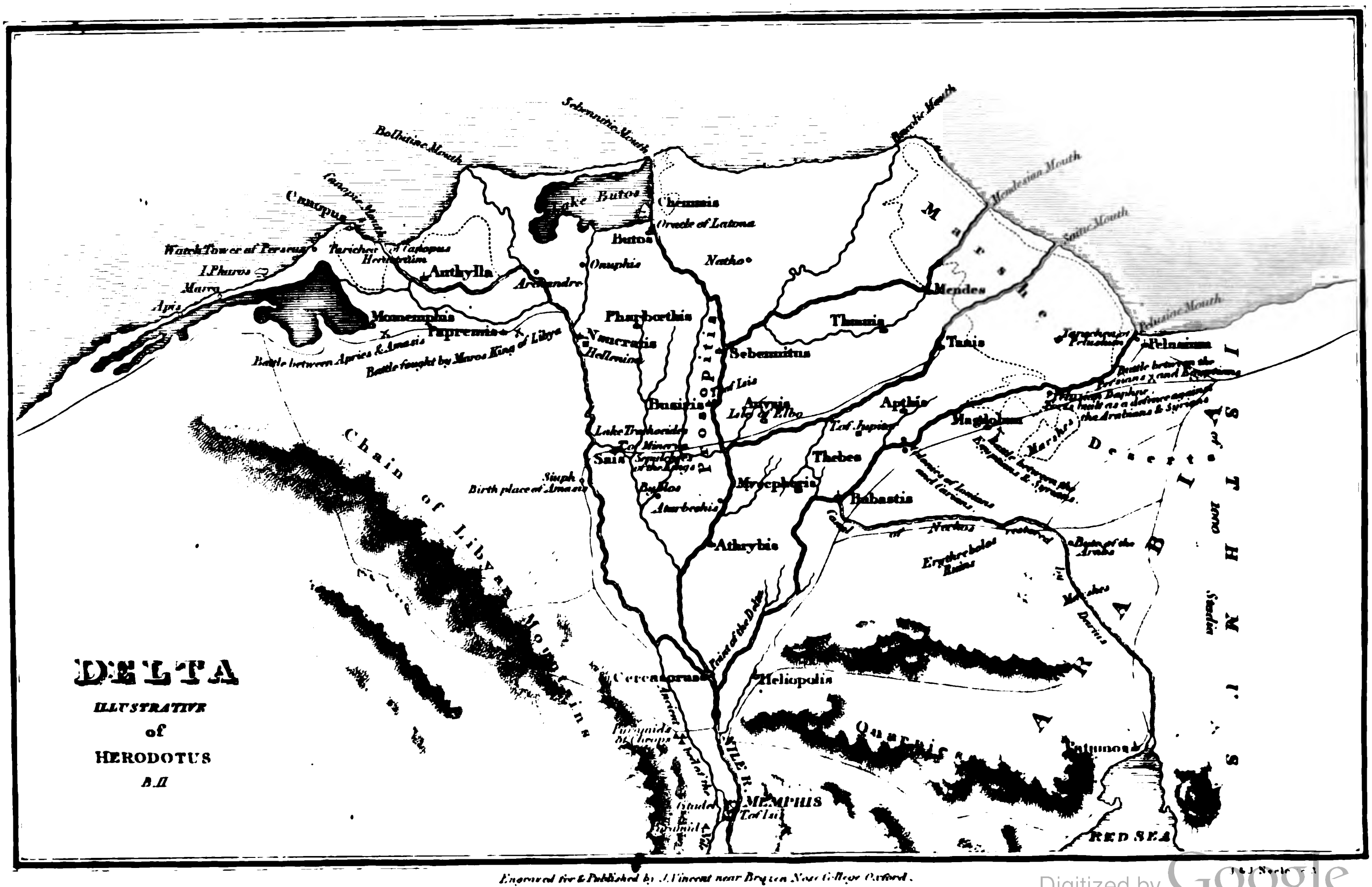
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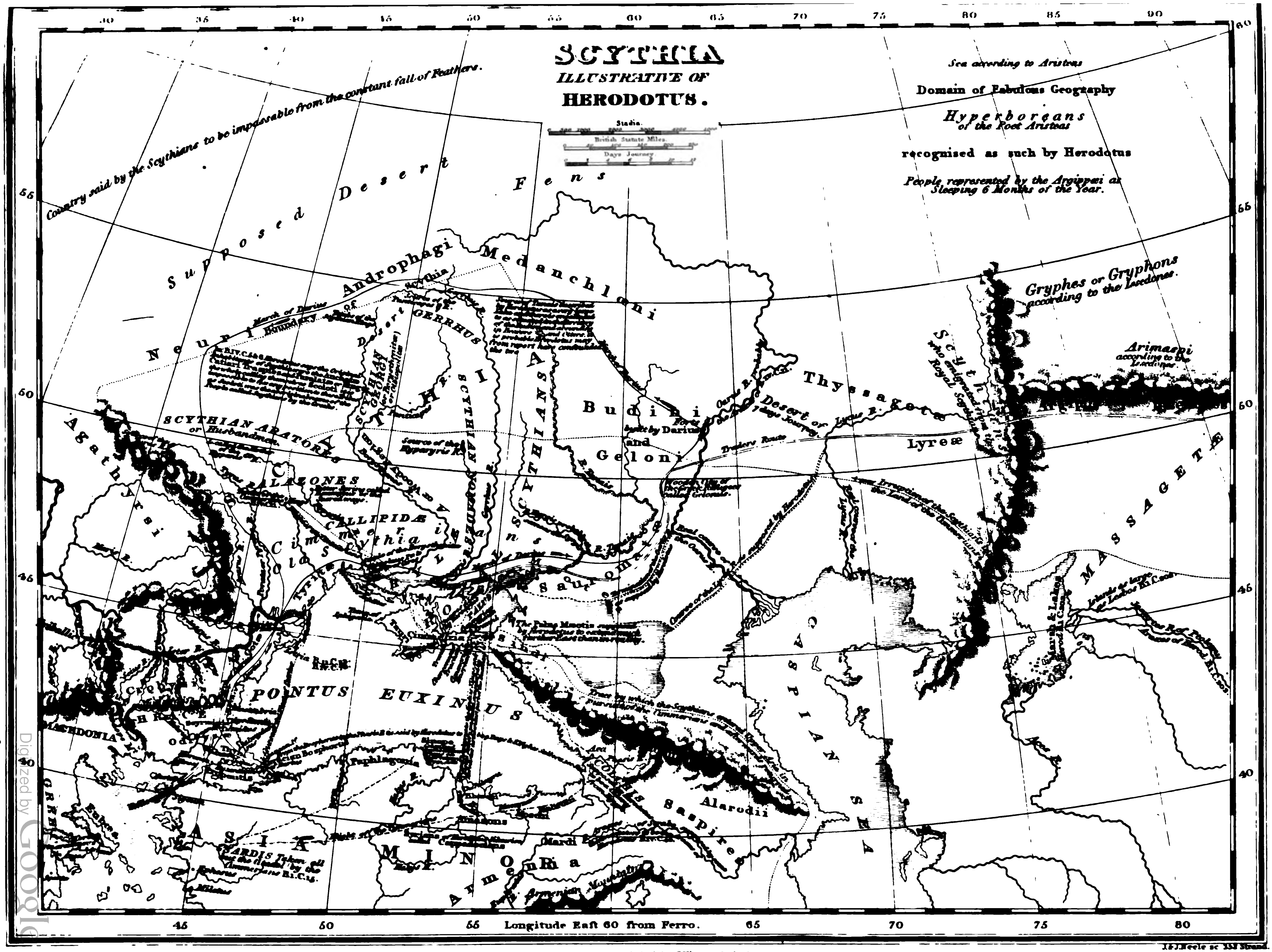
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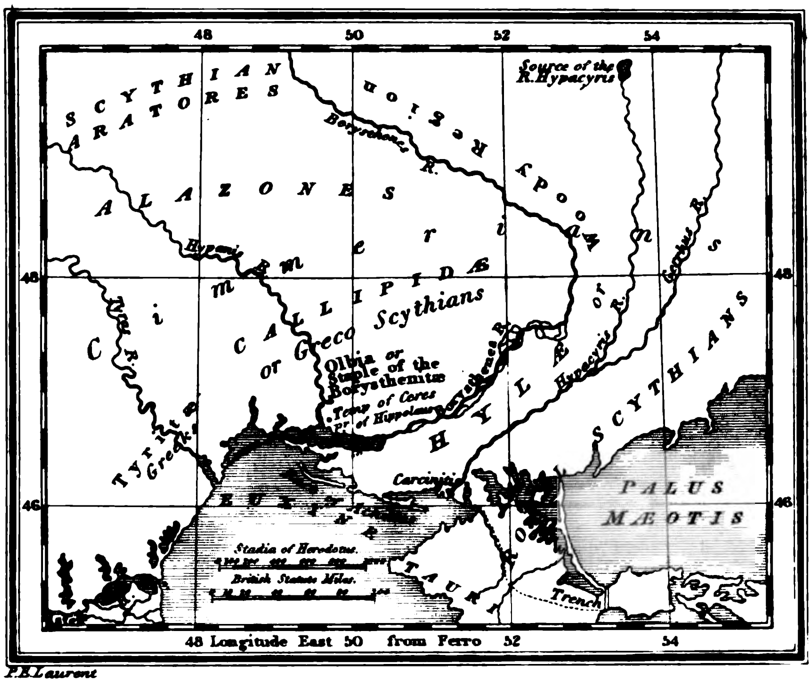


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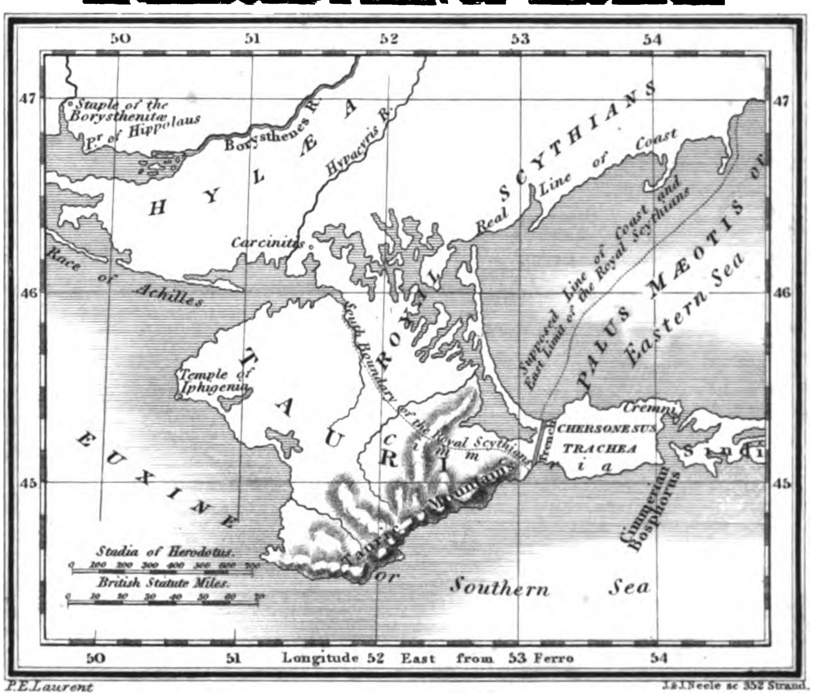
SCYTHIA
ILLUSTRATIVE OF
HERODOTUS.
Stadia.
British Statute Miles.
Days Journey
Country said by the Scythians to be impassable from the constant fall of Feathers.
Supposed Desert
Fens
Sea according to Aristeas
Domain of Fabulous Geography
Hyperboreans
of the Poet Aristeas
recognised as such by Herodotus
People represented by the Argippæi as Sleeping 6 Months of the Year.
Gryphes or Gryphons according to the Issedones.
Arimaspi according to the Issedones.
Androphagi
Medanchlani
Neuri
Budini
Geloni
Thyssagetæ
Lyreæ
Desert of 7 days Journey
Traders Route
MASSAGETÆ
SCYTHIAN ARATORES or Husbandmen.
ALAZONES
CALLIPIDÆ
Agathyrsi
GERRHUS
SCYTHIAN NOMADES
Sauromatæ
PONTUS EUXINUS
CASPIAN SEA
Alarodii
Saspires
COLCHIS
Paphlagonia
ASIA MINOR
Armenia
MACEDONIA
Eubœa
Longitude East 60 from Ferro.
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Enlarged Plan of the Country round the Greek Factory of Olbia or Borysthenes



P.E.Laurent

Enlarged Plan of Taurica



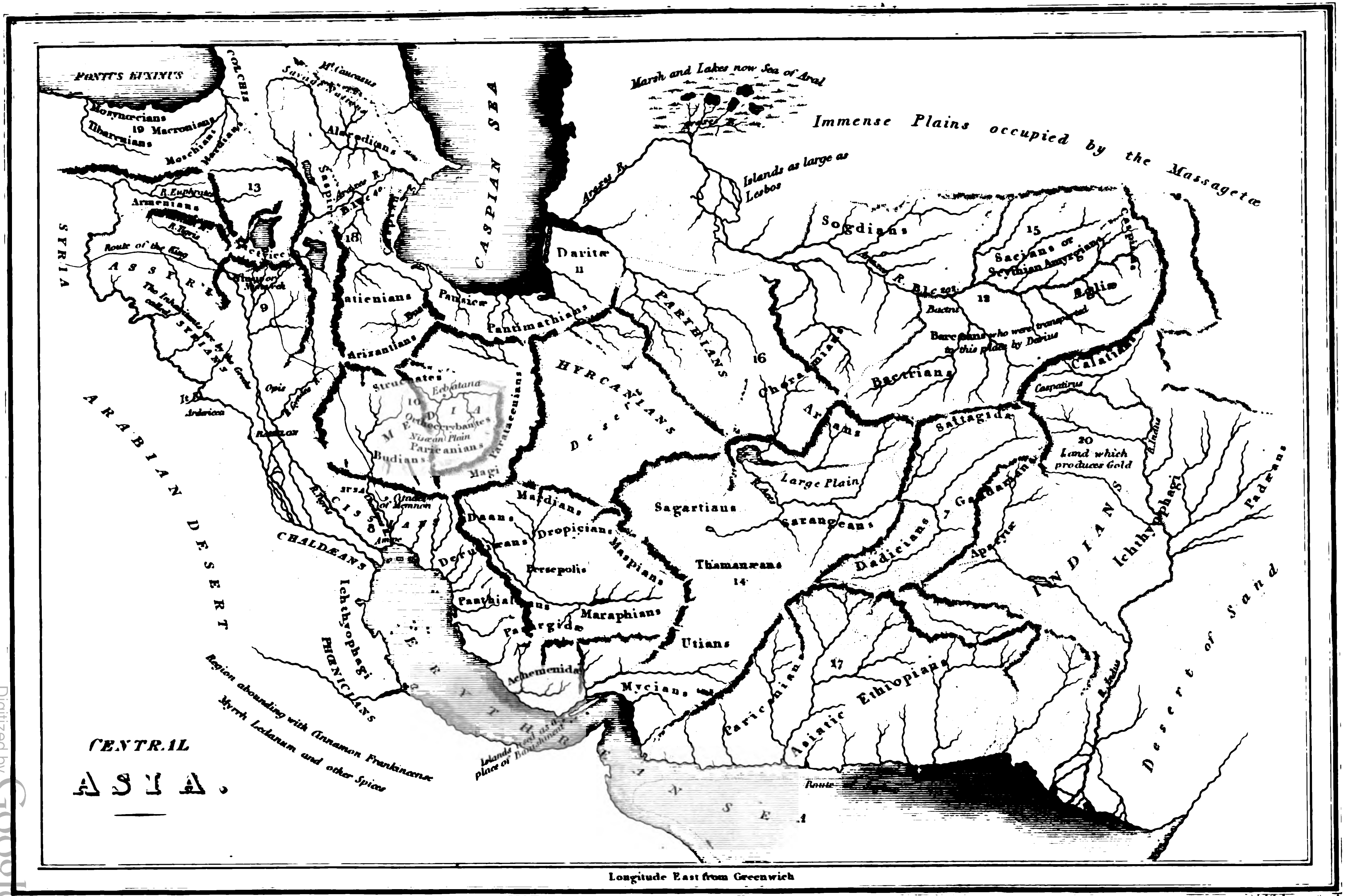
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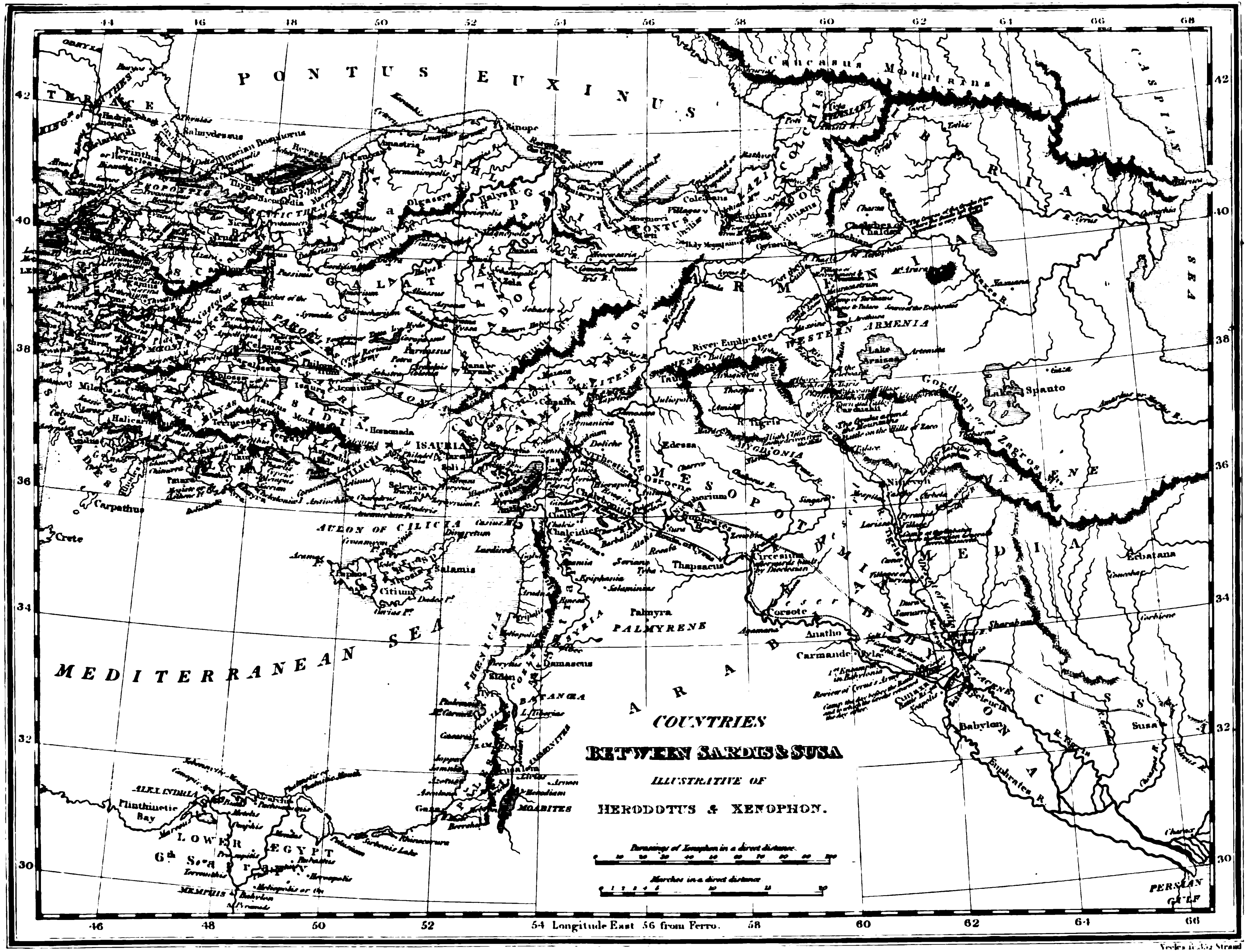


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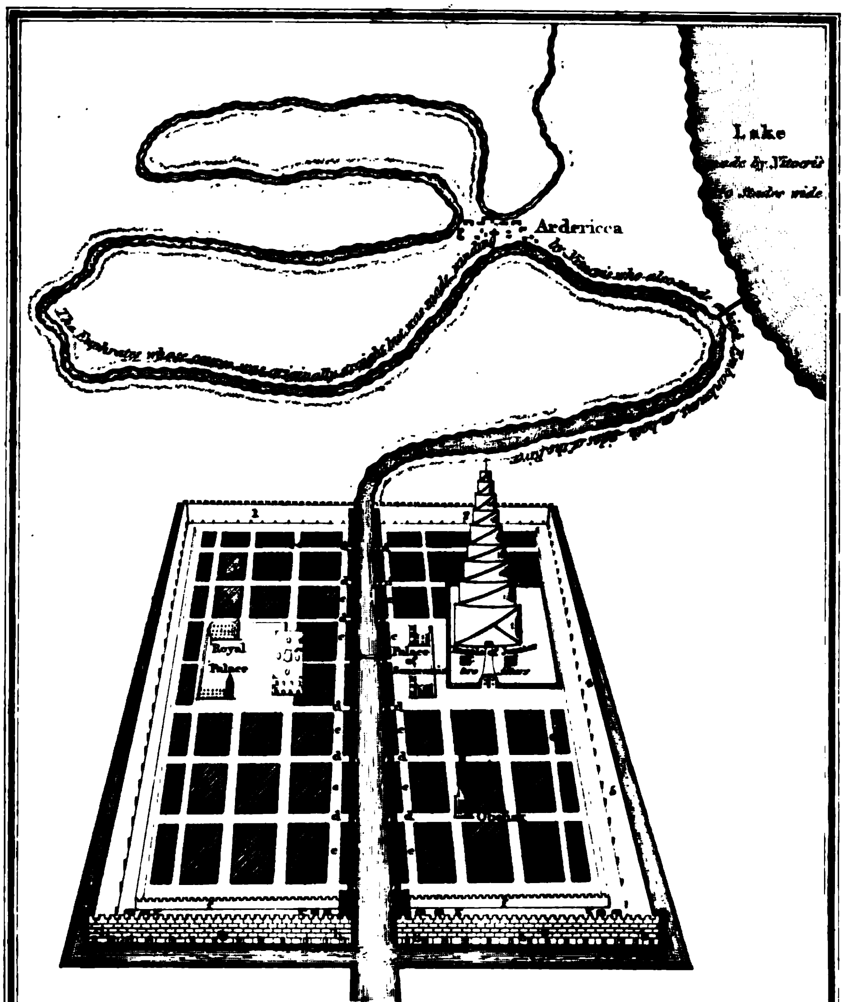


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BABYLON ILLUSTRATIVE OF HERODOTUS B.1.C.178.



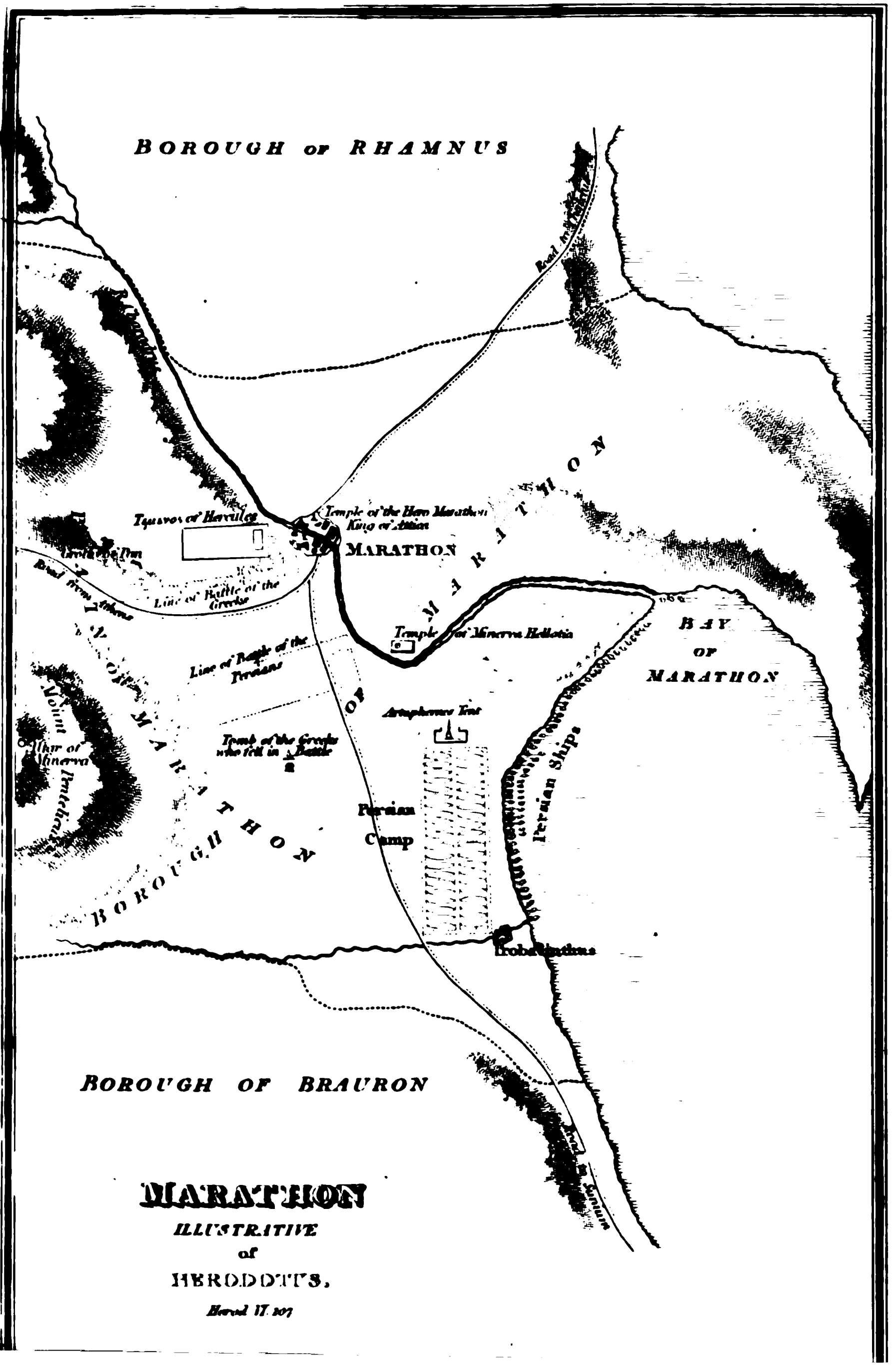
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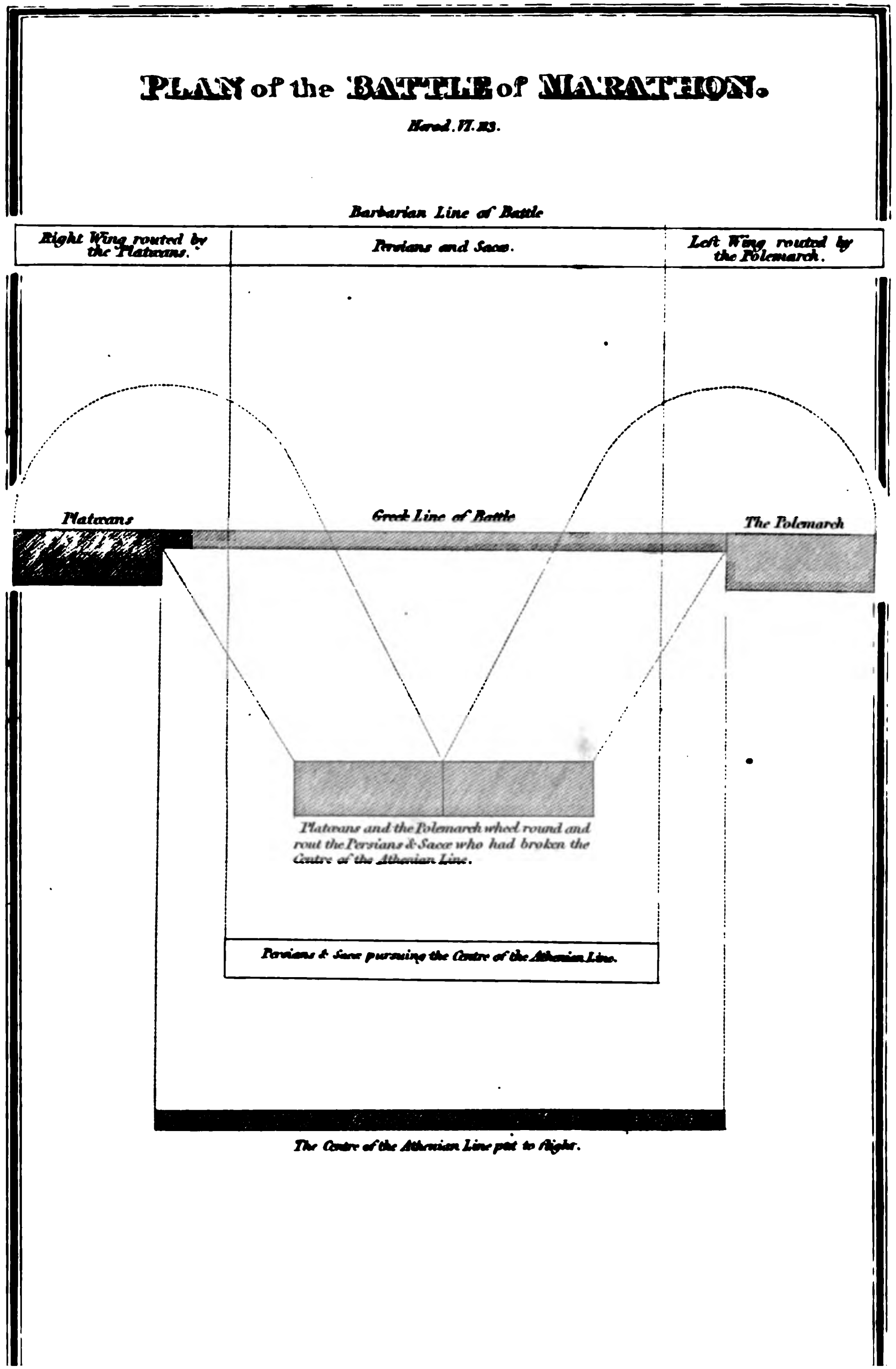
1. *Tomb of Nitocris.*
2. *Gate leading to Nineveh.*
3. *Gate of Semiramis.*
4. *Gate leading to Susa.*
5. *Cissian Gate.*
6. *Gate leading into the country of the Chaldeans.*

a. *A wide and deep Ditch. always filled with Water.*
b. *Gates of Brass 100 in number.*
c. *Quays and a Brick rampart made by Nitocris.*
d. *Gates at the end of the Streets leading down to the River.*
e. *Bridge built by Nitocris*
f. *The inner Wall.*
g. *Buildings of one Story high, built upon the Wall.*
h. *Canal by which the Water of the Euphrates was diverted into the Lake.*

N.B. *Babylon stood in a plain and was perfectly square, its Circuit was 480 Stades, the height of the Walls was 200 Cub. the breadth 50 Cub. the Streets were straight and crossed each other at right angles.*

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BOROUGH OF RHAMNUS
Τέμενος of Hercules
Temple of the Hero Marathon King of Attica
MARATHON
Line of Battle of the Greeks
Road from Athens
Temple of Minerva Hellotia
BAY OF MARATHON
Line of Battle of the Persians
Tomb of the Greeks who fell in Battle
Artaphernes Tent
Persian Camp
Persian Ships
Mount Pentelicus
Altar of Minerva
BOROUGH OF MARATHON
BOROUGH OF BRAURON
Road to Sunium
MARATHON
ILLUSTRATIVE
of
HERODOTUS.
Herod. VI. 107


PLAN of the BATTLE of MARATHON.
Herod. VI. 113.
Barbarian Line of Battle
Right Wing routed by the Plataeans.
Persians and Sacae.
Left Wing routed by the Polemarch.
Plataeans
Greek Line of Battle
The Polemarch
Plataeans and the Polemarch wheel round and rout the Persians & Sacae who had broken the Centre of the Athenian Line.
Persians & Sacae pursuing the Centre of the Athenian Line.
The Centre of the Athenian Line put to flight.

The BRIDGE of XERXES across the HELLESPONT.

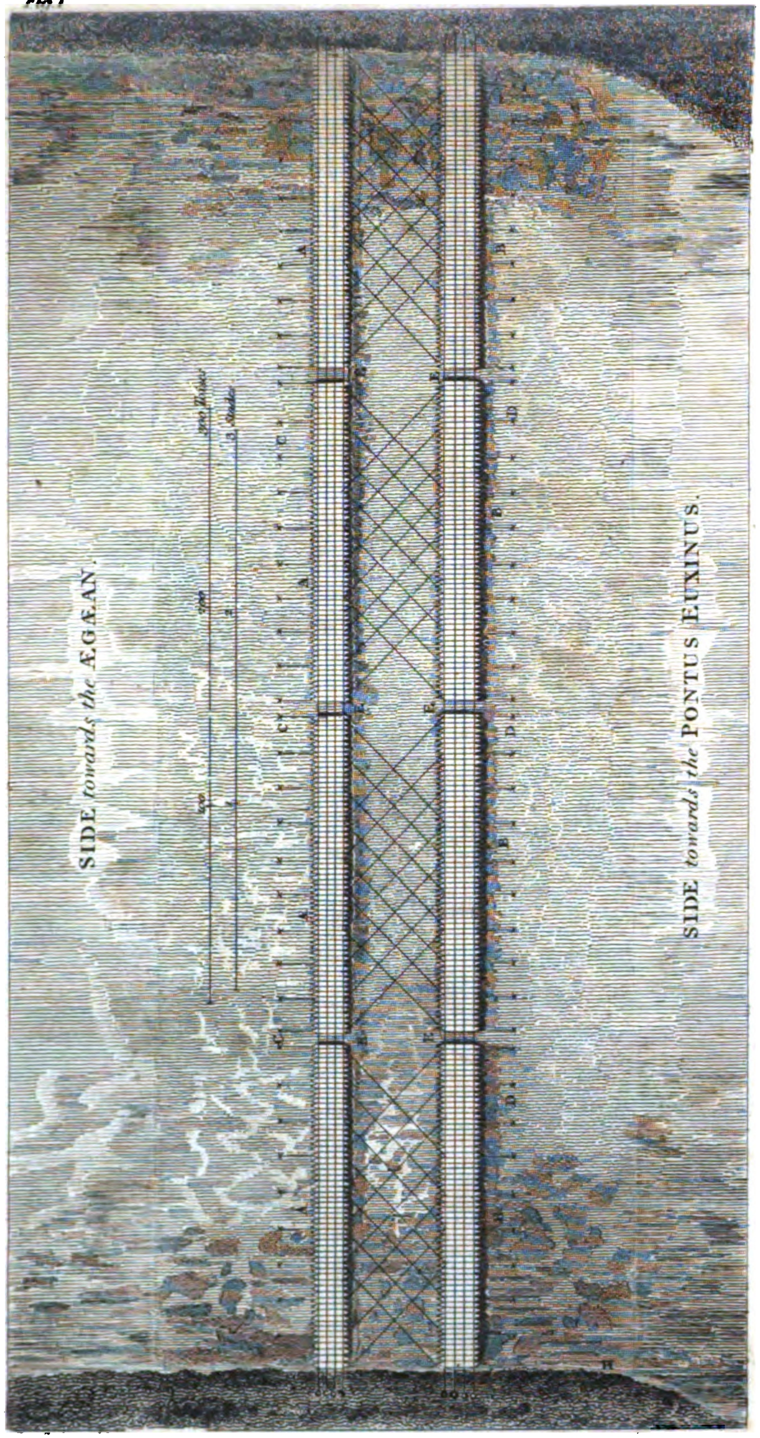
ILLUSTRATIVE of HERODOTUS

from Gail

Herod. B.VII. C.36

Fig. 1

COAST of EUROPE



COAST of ASIA

Fig. 2

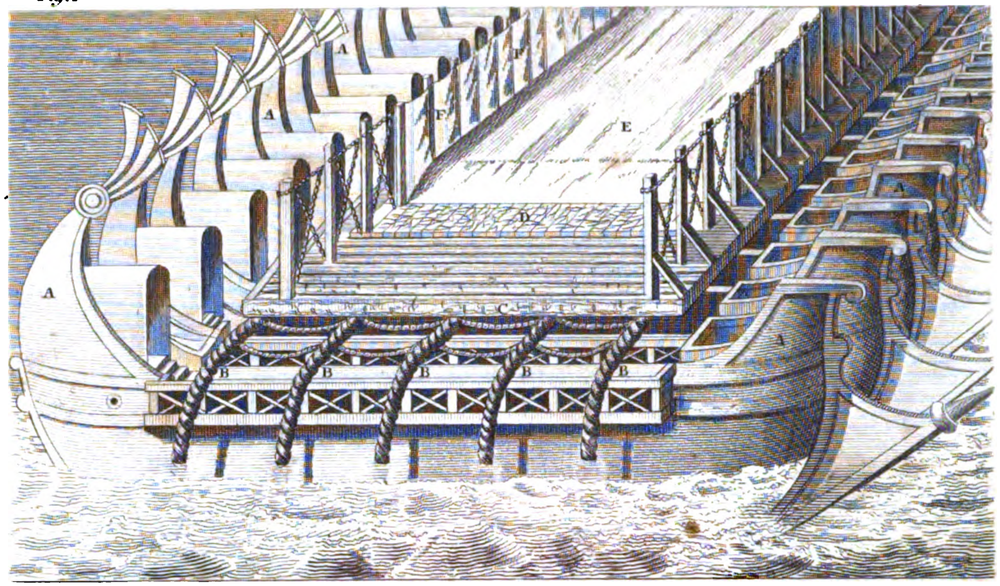


Fig. 3

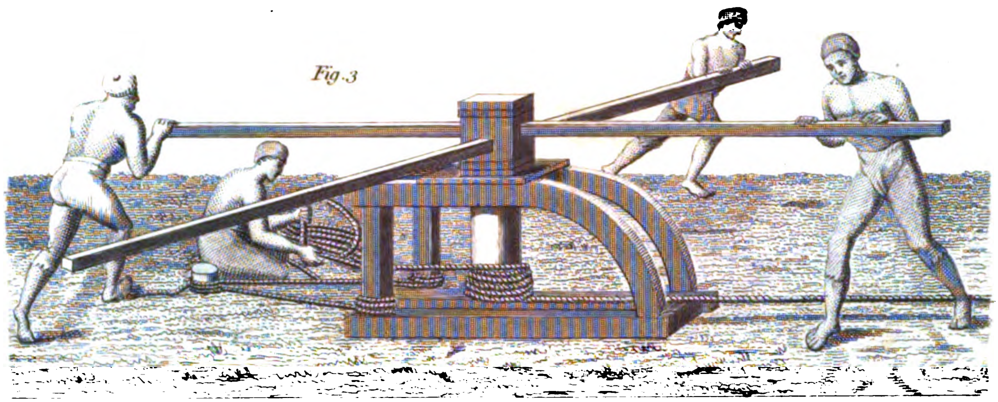


Fig. 1. A *Bridge of 360 Penteconters*
B *Bridge of 314 Triremes*
C *Large Anchors*
D *Large Anchors*
E διεκπλοος υποφαυσις τριχη
F *Cables extending from Shore to Shore*
G *Machines called* ονοι ξυλινοι
H *Here the Hellespont makes a considerable bend so that the Ships might be said to be placed with their sides towards the Pontus* (επικαρσιας) *although their heads were presented to the stream*

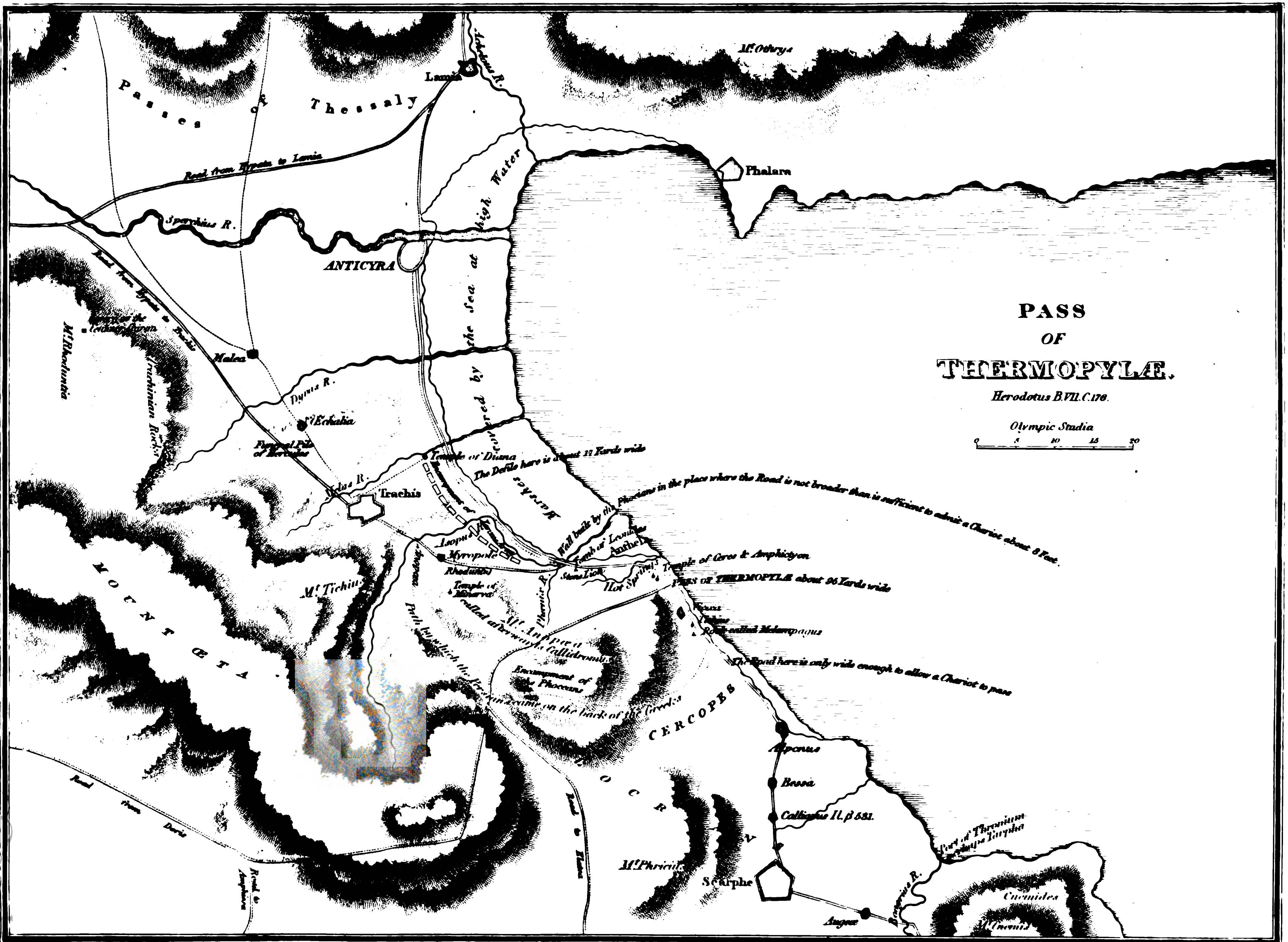
Fig. 2

A *The Vessels placed side by side*
B *Cables extending across the Ships*
C κορμοι ξυλων
D ὑλη
E *Earth placed on the Wood*
F φραγμοι

Fig. 3. Ονος ξυλινος

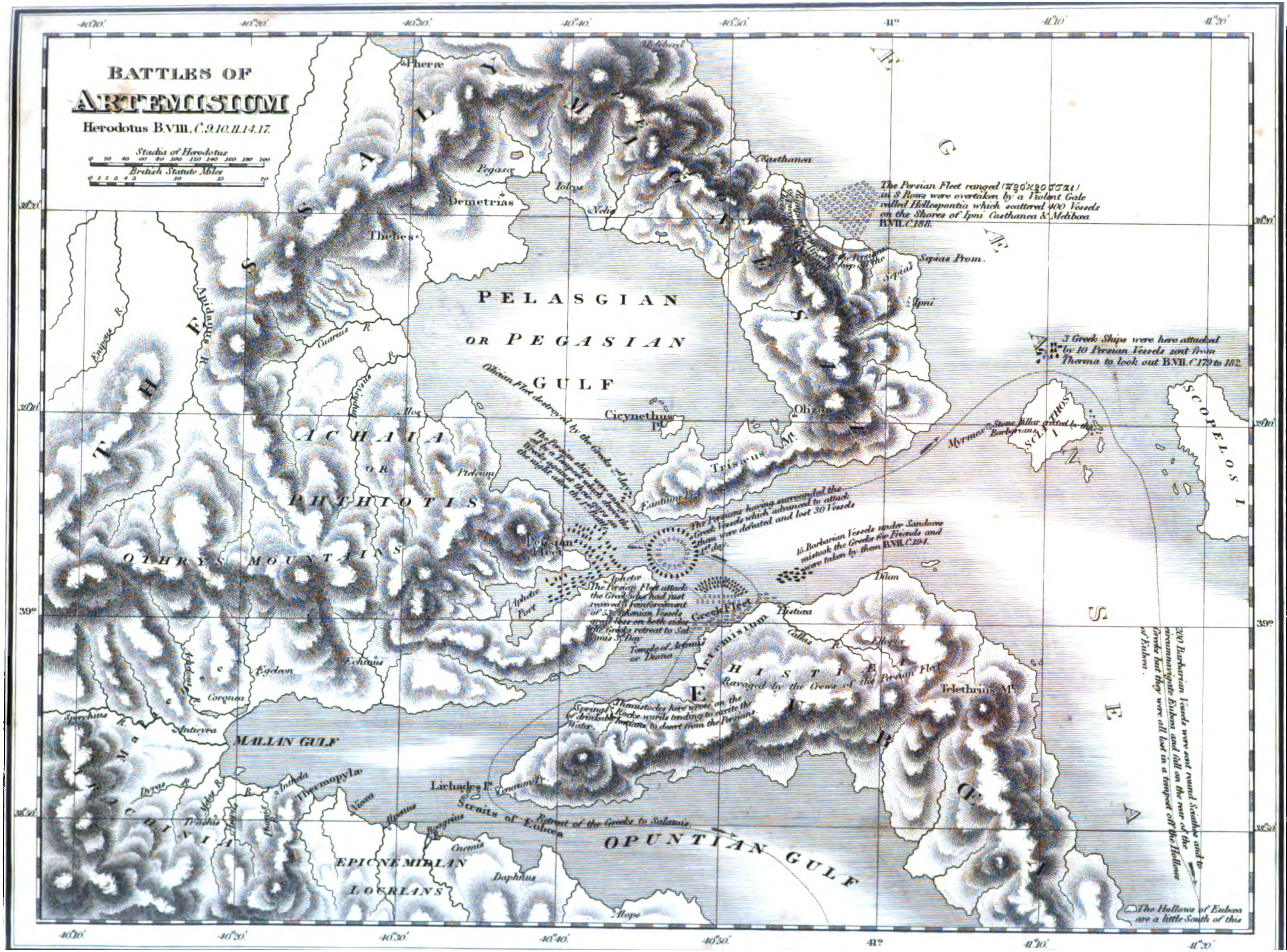
J. A. Nevis [illegible]

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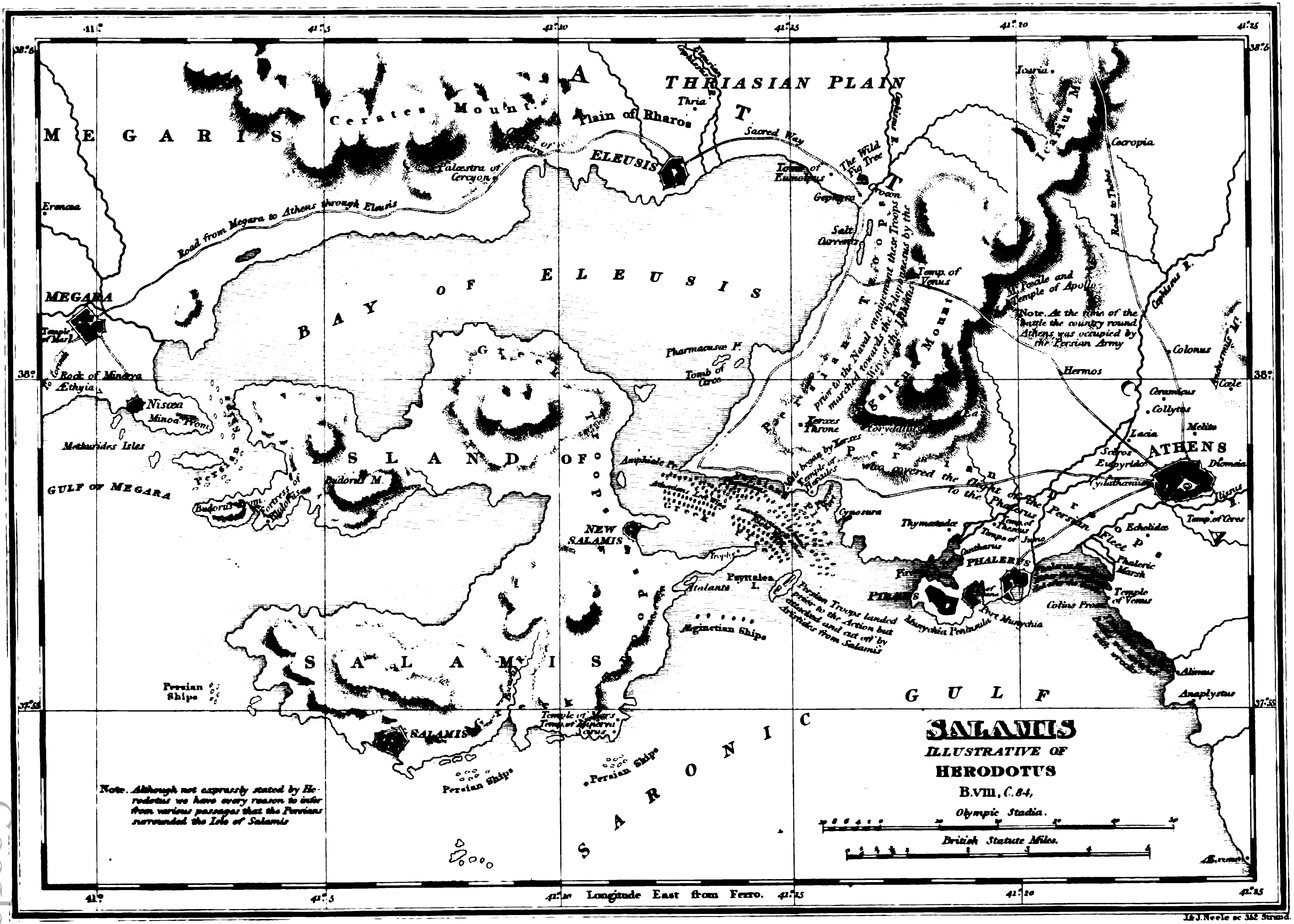


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BATTLES OF
ARTEMISIUM
Herodotus B.VIII. C.9.10.11.14.17.
Stadia of Herodotus
British Statute Miles
PELASGIAN
OR PEGASIAN
GULF
ACHAIA
OR
PHTHIOTIS
OTHRYS MOUNTAINS
MALIAN GULF
OPUNTIAN GULF
EPICNEMIDIAN
LOCRIANS
Straits of Euboea
Retreat of the Greeks to Salamis
Demetrias
Pegasæ
Thebes
Pheræ
Iolcos
Casthanea
Sepias Prom.
Ipni
Cicynethus I.
Trisæus Mt.
SCIATHOS
SCOPELOS I.
Histiæa
Artemisium
Greek Fleet
Aphetæ
Lichades I.
Thermopylæ
Anticyra
Telethrius Mt.
The Persian Fleet ranged in 8 Rows were overtaken by a Violent Gale called Hellespontia which scattered 400 Vessels on the Shores of Ipni Casthanea & Meliboea B.VII. C.188.
3 Greek Ships were here attacked by 10 Persian Vessels sent from Therma to look out B.VII. C.179 to 182.
200 Barbarian Vessels were sent round Sciathos and to circumnavigate Euboea and fall on the rear of the Greeks but they were all lost in a tempest off the Hollows of Euboea.
The Hollows of Euboea are a little South of this

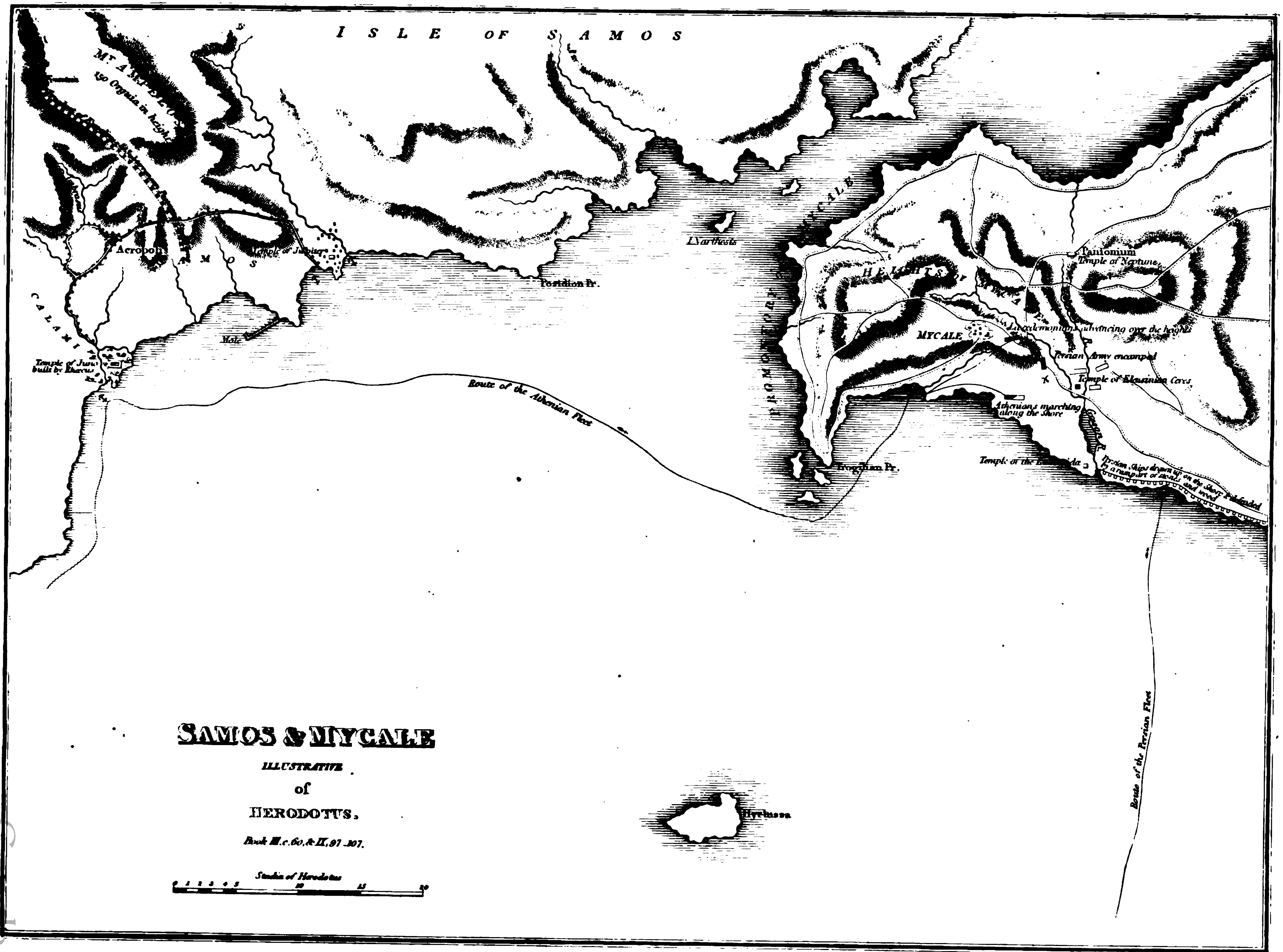


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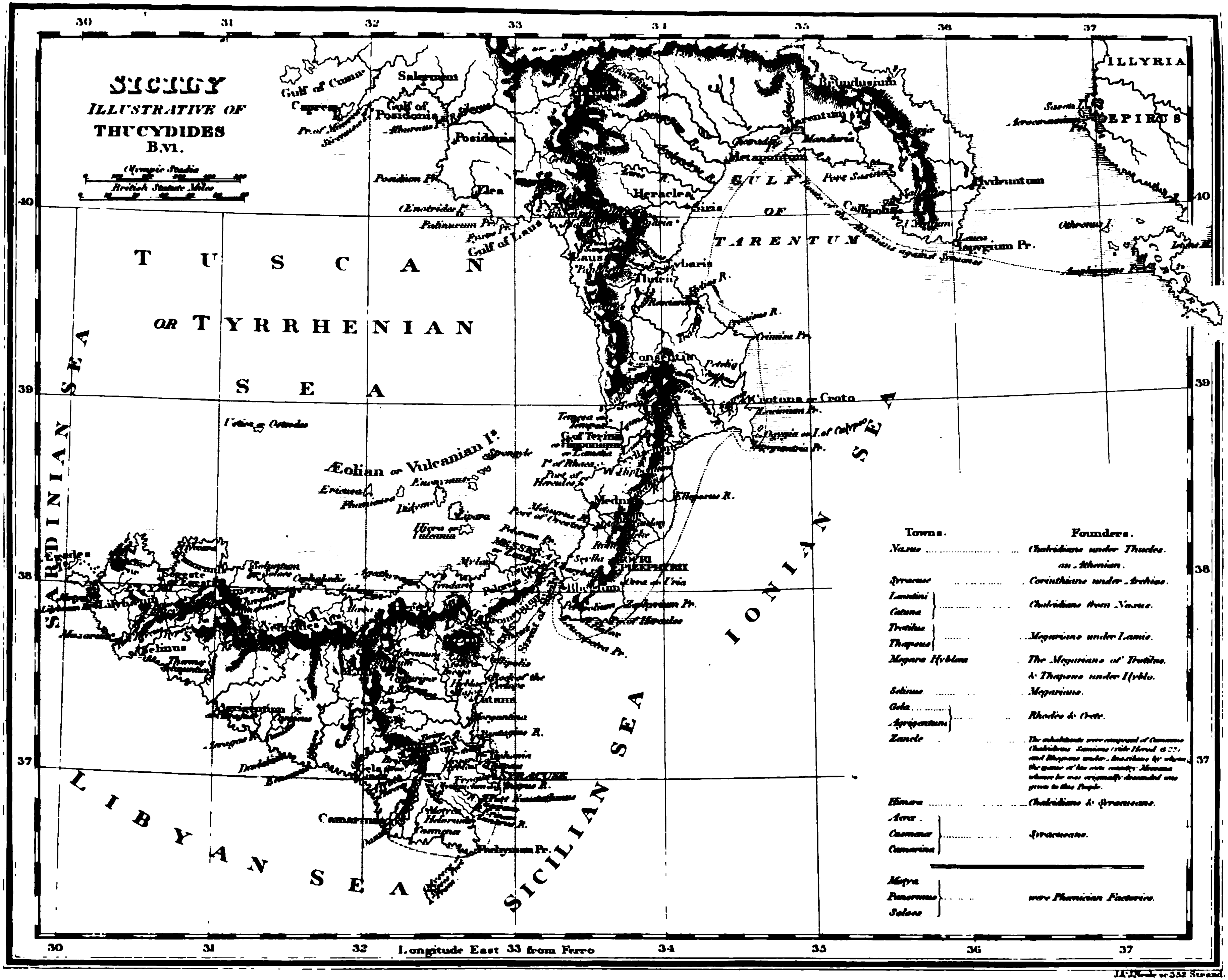
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SAMOS & MYCALE
ILLUSTRATIVE
of
HERODOTUS,
Book III. c. 60, & IX. 97-107.
Stadia of Herodotus
ISLE OF SAMOS
Mt. AMPELOS
150 Orgyia in height
Acropolis
SAMOS
Temple of Jupiter
CALAMI
Temple of Juno built by Rhœcus
Mole
Posidion Pr.
Lyarthusis
PROMONTORY OF MYCALE
HEIGHTS OF MYCALE
MYCALE
Trogilium Pr.
Panionium
Temple of Neptune
Lacedemonians advancing over the heights
Persian Army encamped
Temple of Eleusinian Ceres
Athenians marching along the Shore
Gæson R.
Persian Ships drawn up on the Shore & defended by a rampart of stones and wood
Route of the Athenian Fleet
Route of the Persian Fleet
Hydrussa

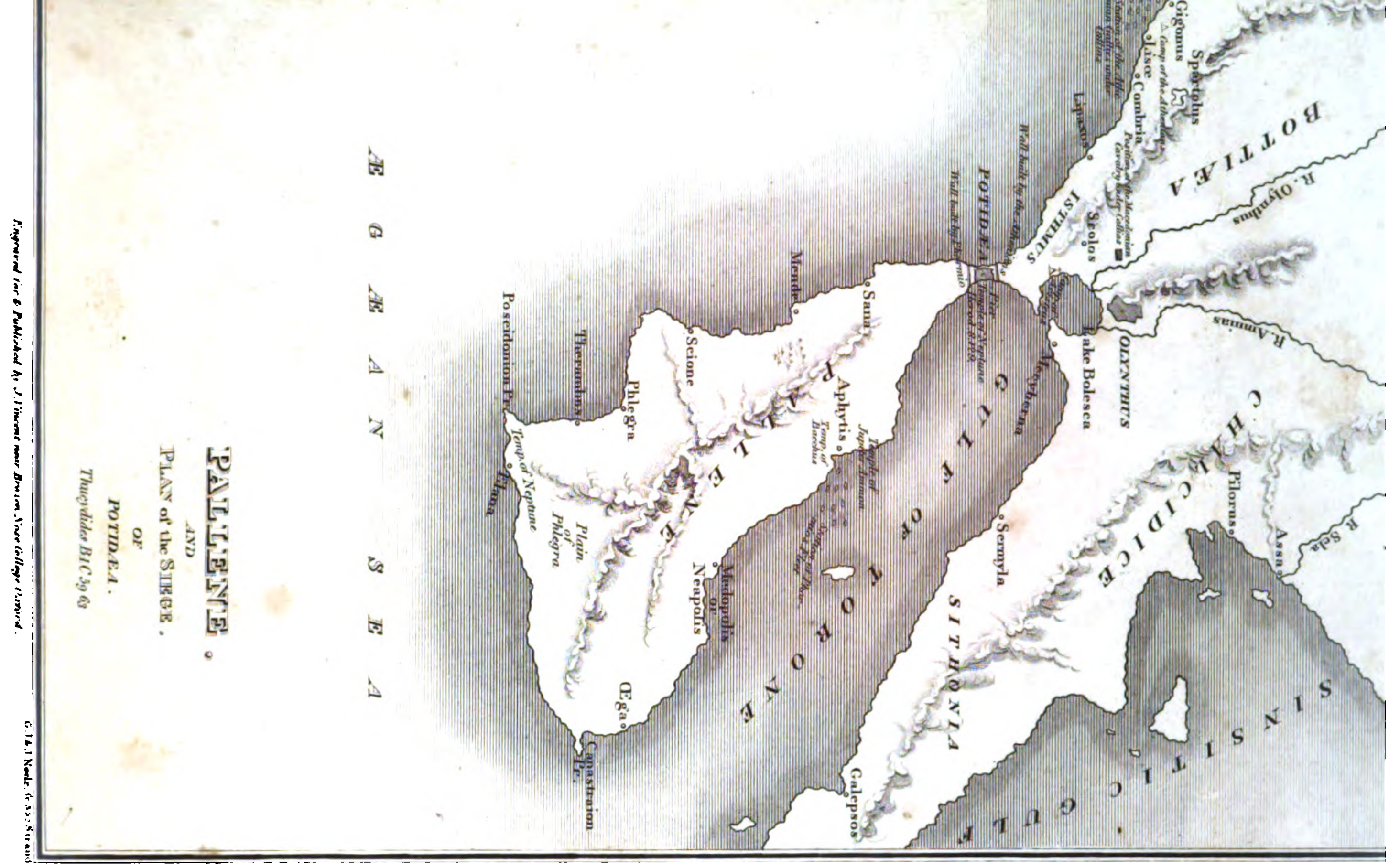


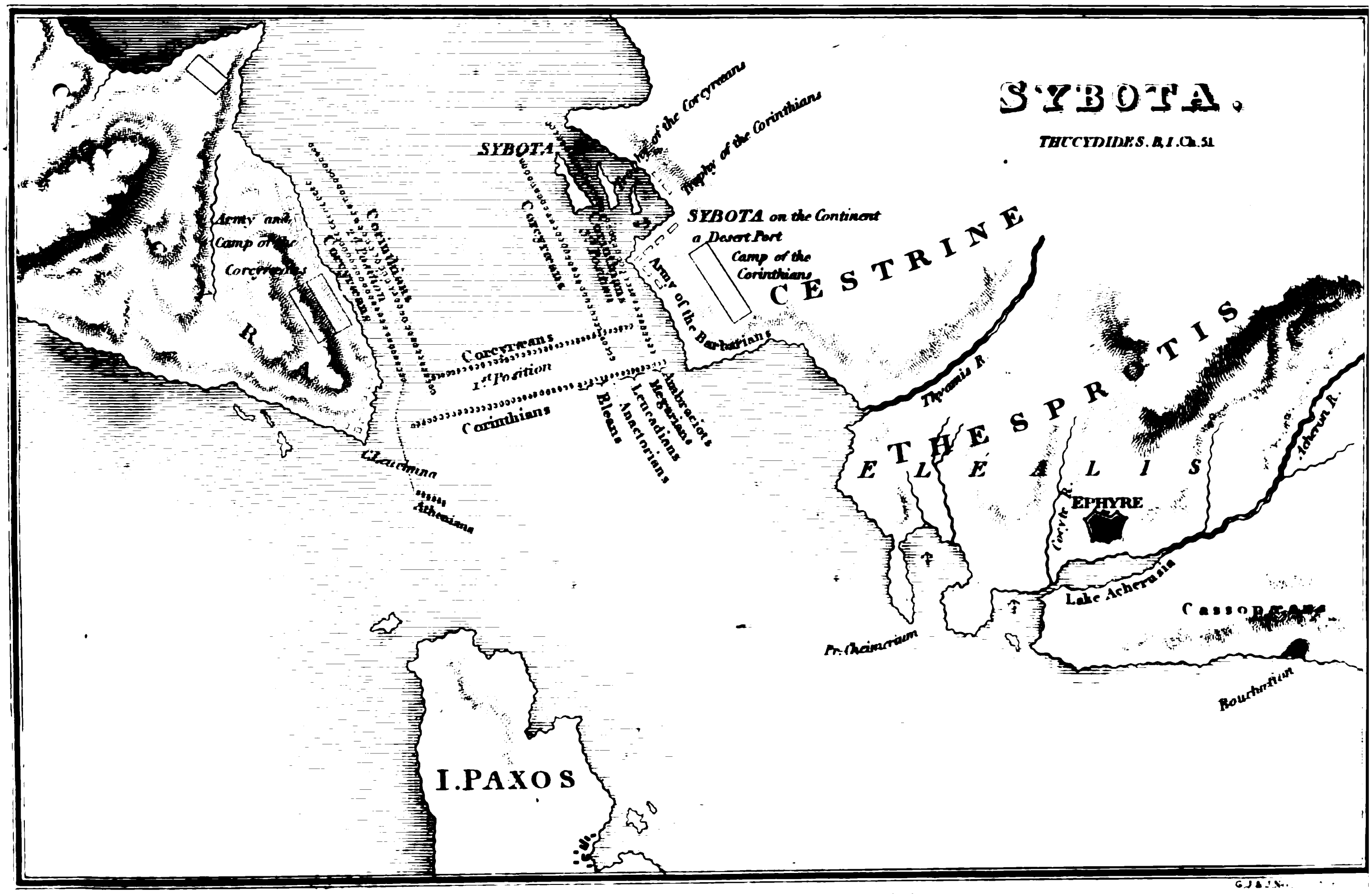
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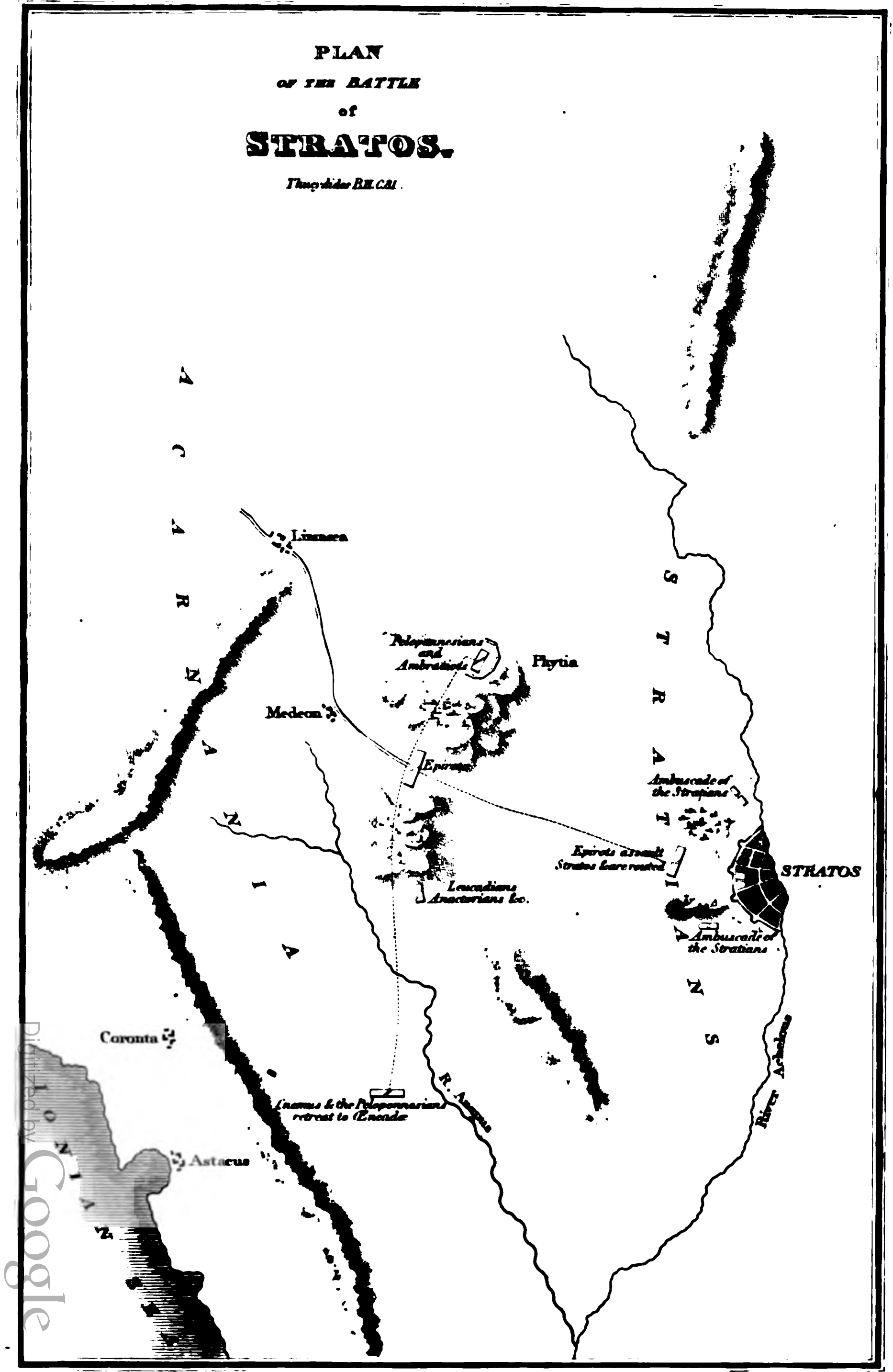


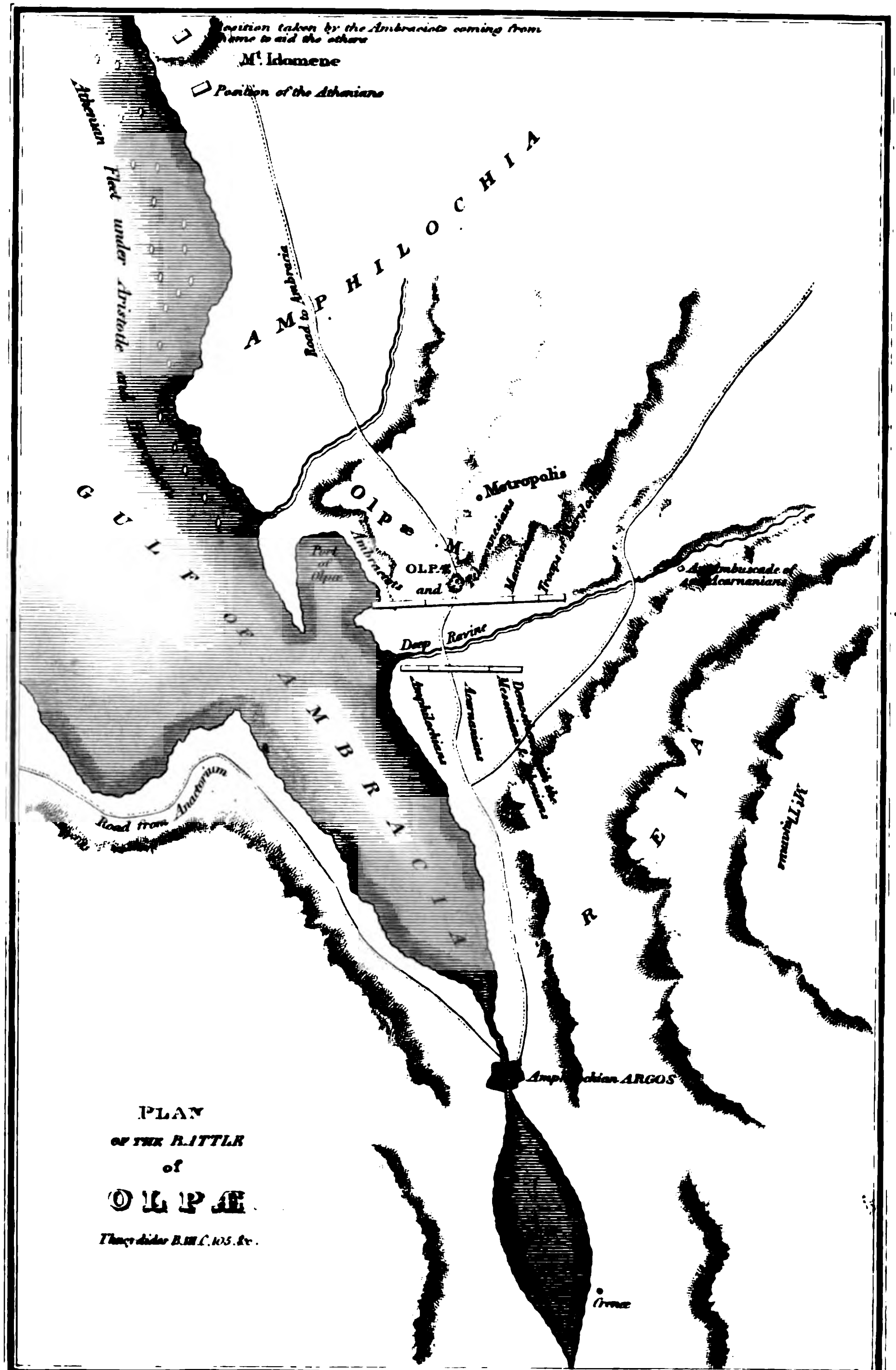
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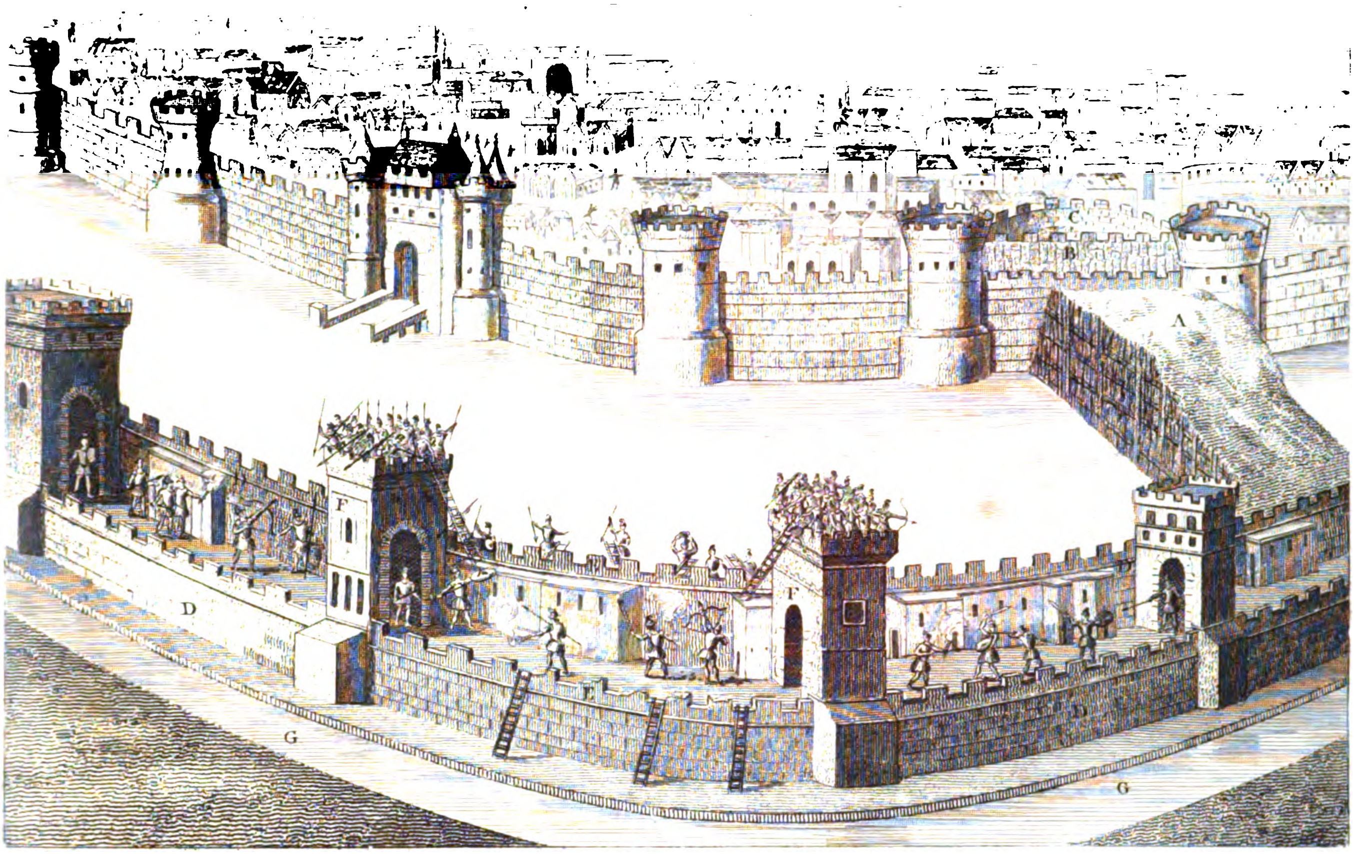




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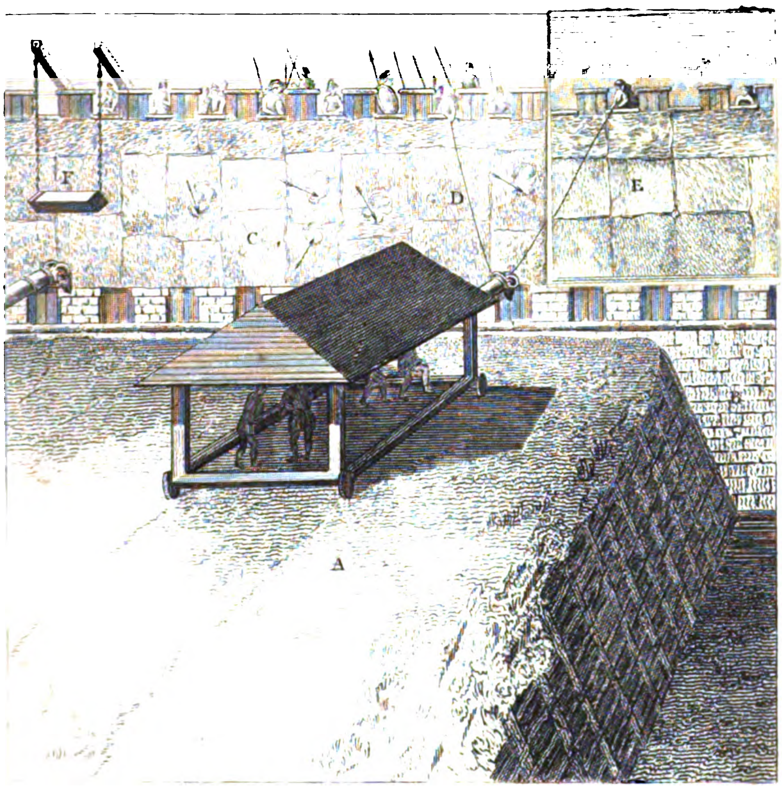
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Fig. 1.



A. Mound of earth raised by the Peloponnesians
B. a Wooden Frame raised by the Platæans upon the wall & filled up with Bricks
C. Semicircular wall built by the Platæans _ B.II.c.75.76.
D. The walls of circumvallation & contravallation built by the Lacedemonians at 16 feet apart
E. The part of the wall where the Platæans escape
F. The two Towers forced & occupied by the Platæans till they affected their escape
G. The Ditch full of Water which was frozen _ B.III.c.21.23.

Fig. 2.



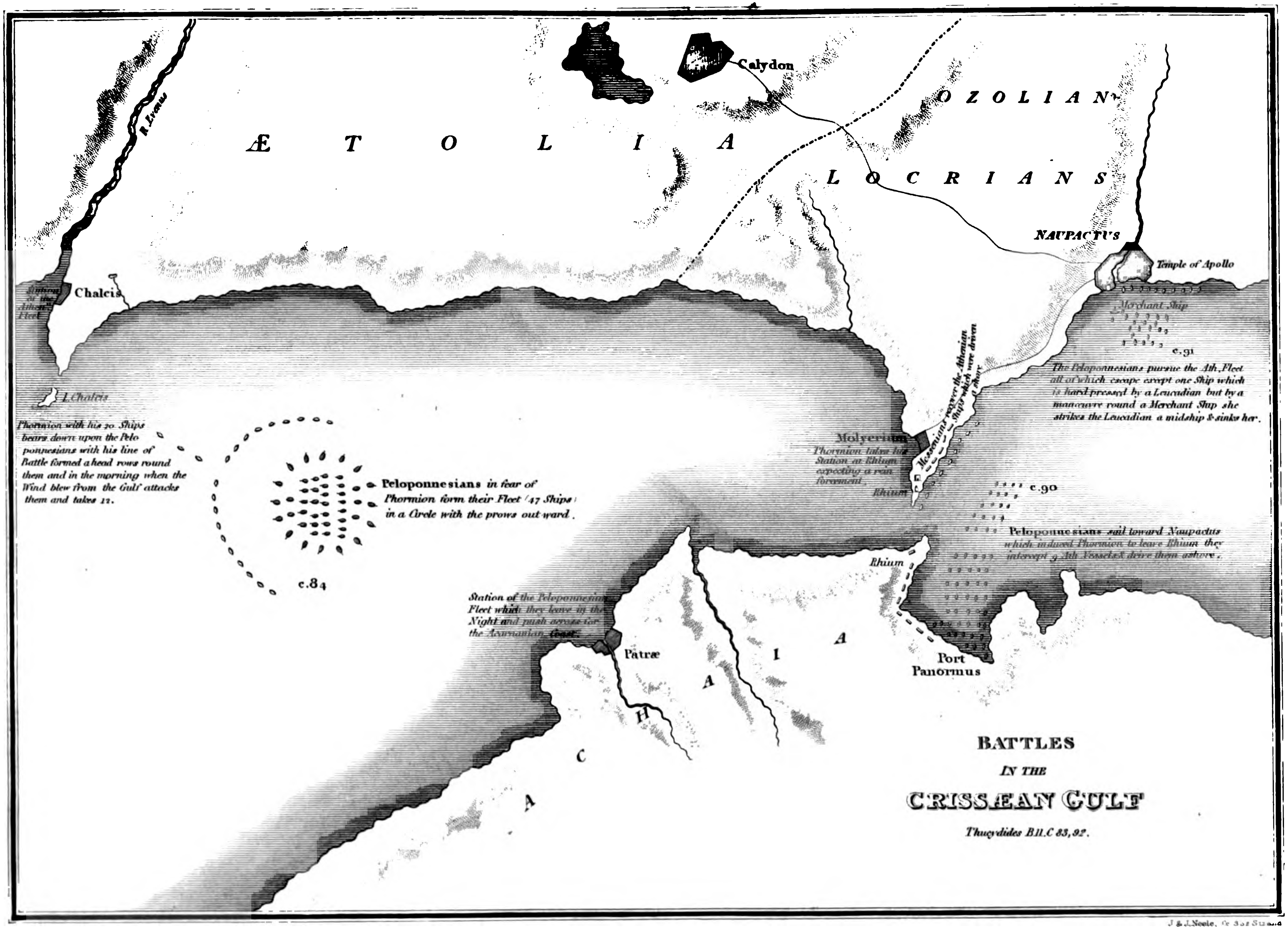
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A. Mound raised by the Lacedemonians
B. Wall of the City of Platæa
C. Wooden Frame raised by the Platæans upon the wall filled up with Bricks & covered over with hides.
D. Ropes by which the Besieged diverted the stroke of the battering Ram
E. Hides &c. by which the Besieged protected their wooden wall from fiery missiles
F. Large Beams let down with force to break off the heads of the battering Rams. _ B.II.c.75.76.

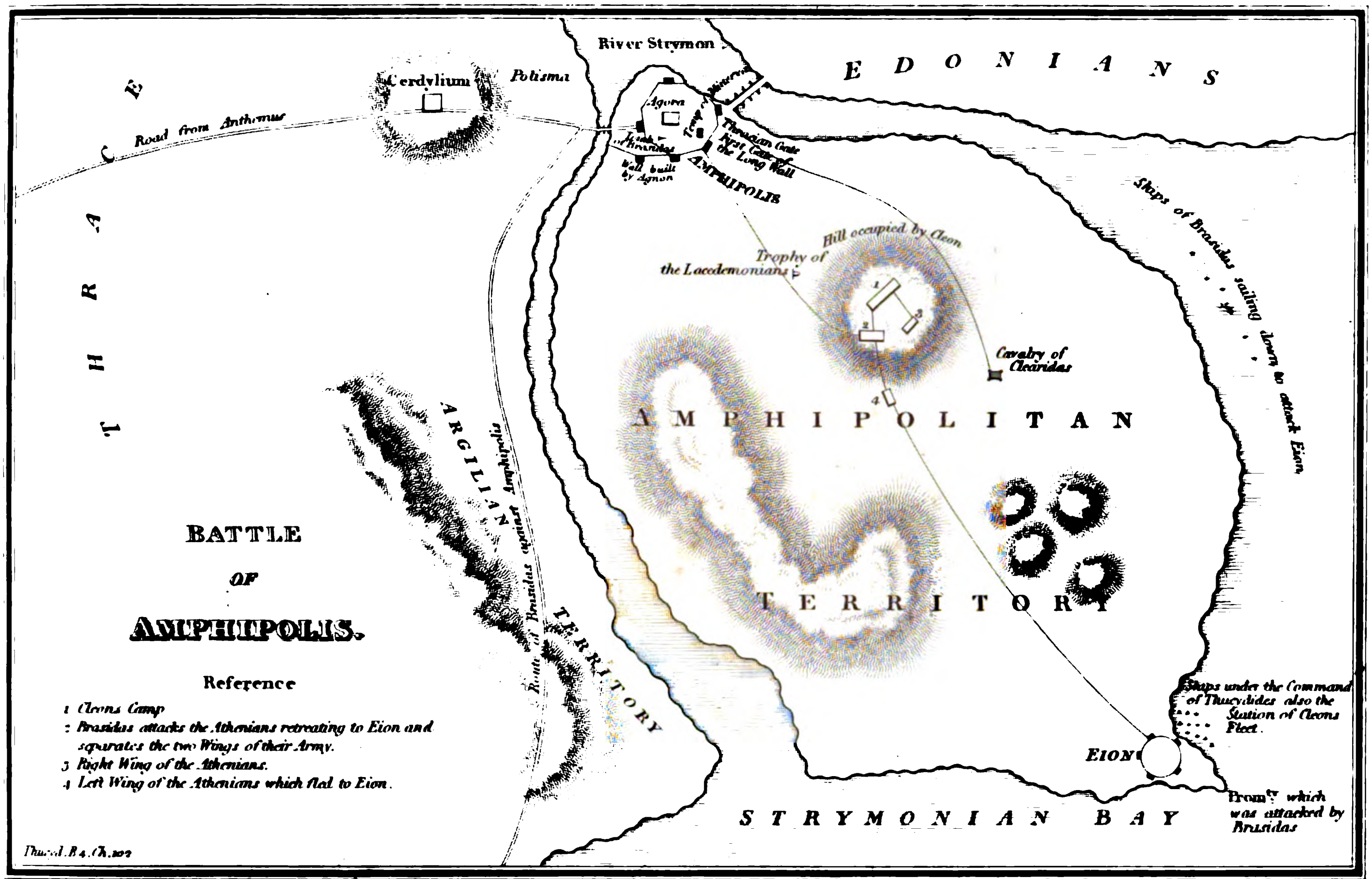
Fig. 3.



A. Mound of the Lacedemonians
B. Space between the mound & the wall which the Lacedemonians filled with faggots to which they set fire
C. Transverse section of the wall of the city
D. Space between the City Wall & the semicircular wall into which lighted faggots were thrown
E. Transverse section of the semicircular wall
F. Interior of the City
G. Mine by which the Platæans drew away the earth from the mound _ B.II.c.77.

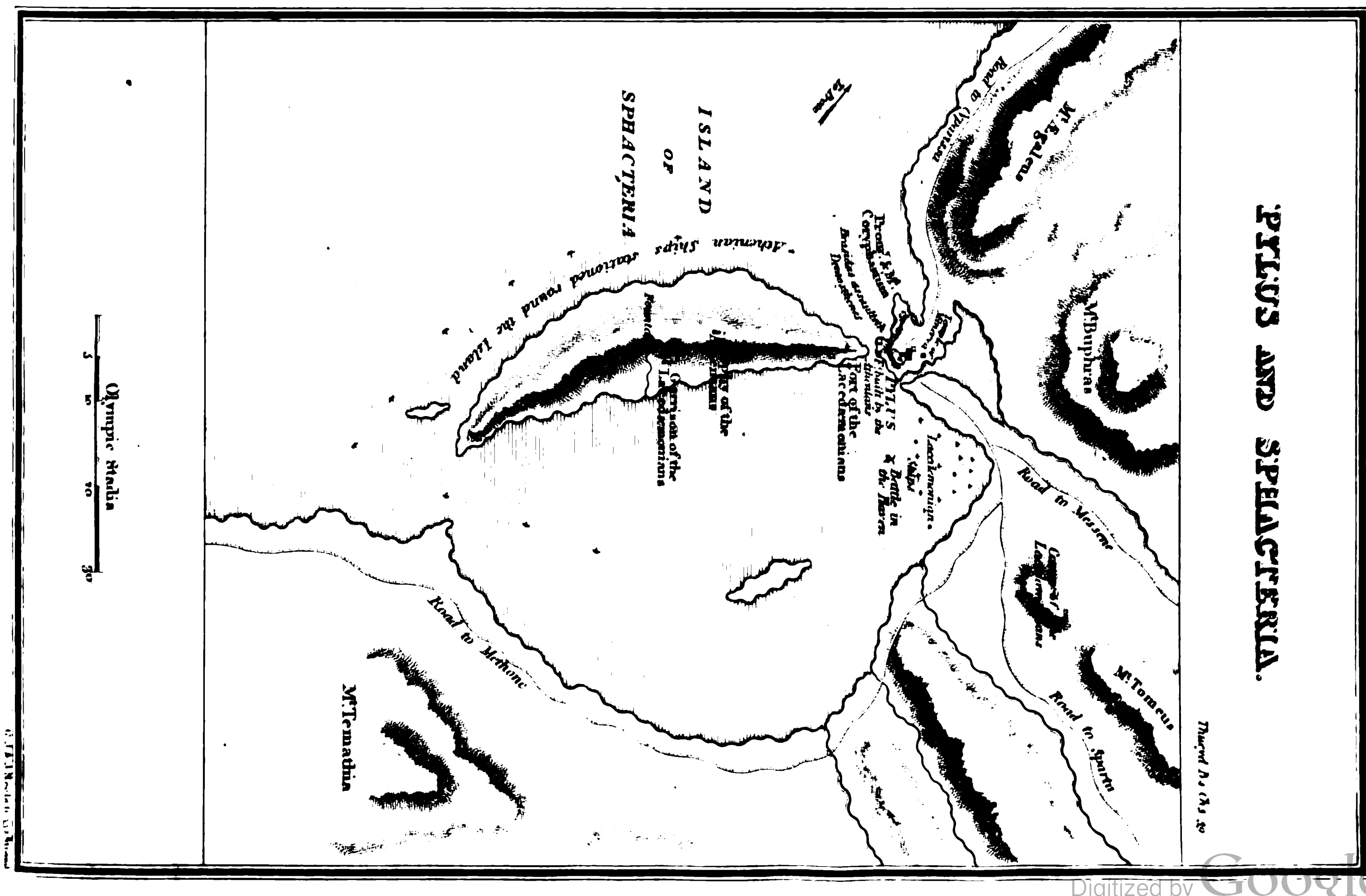


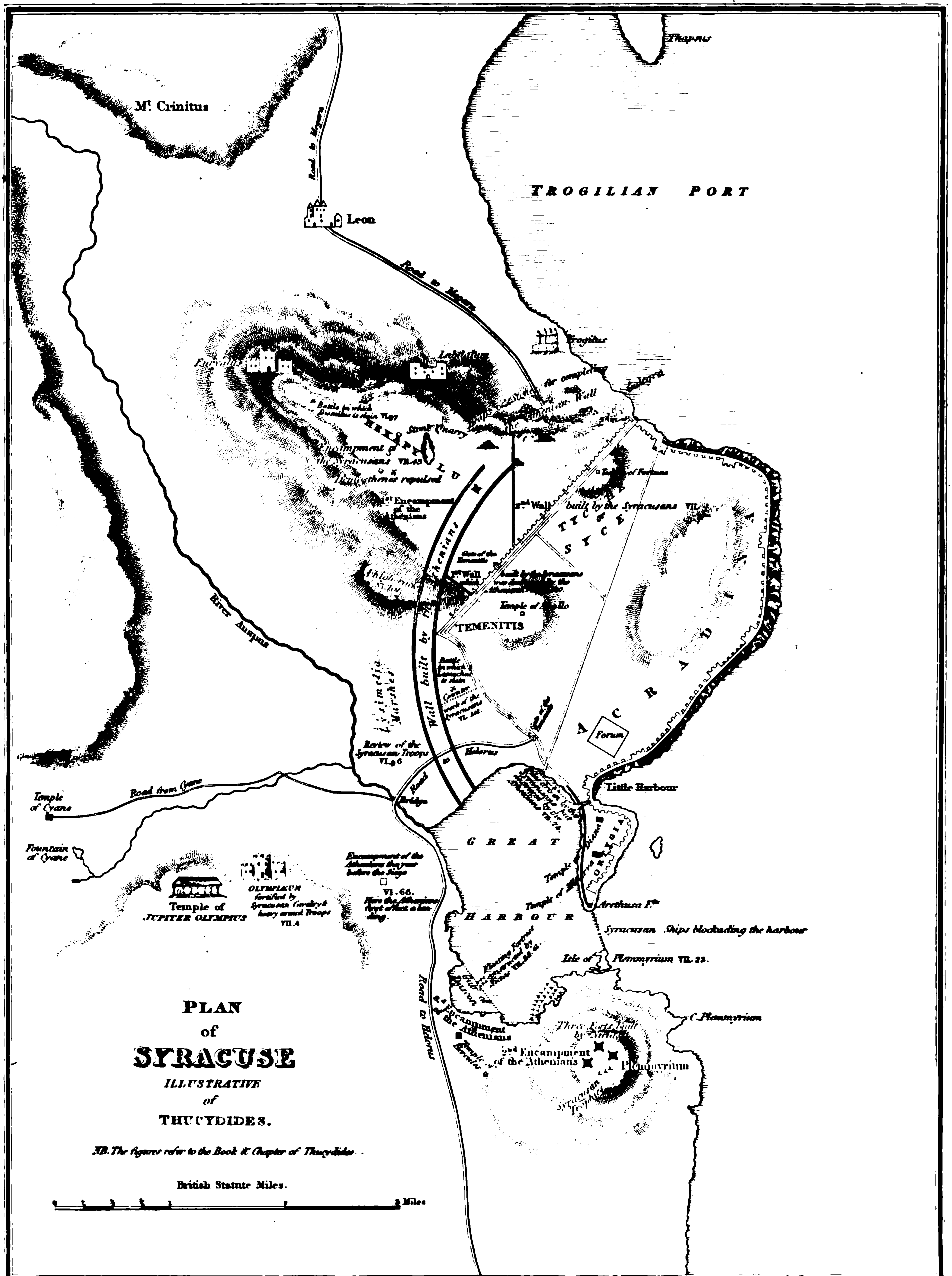
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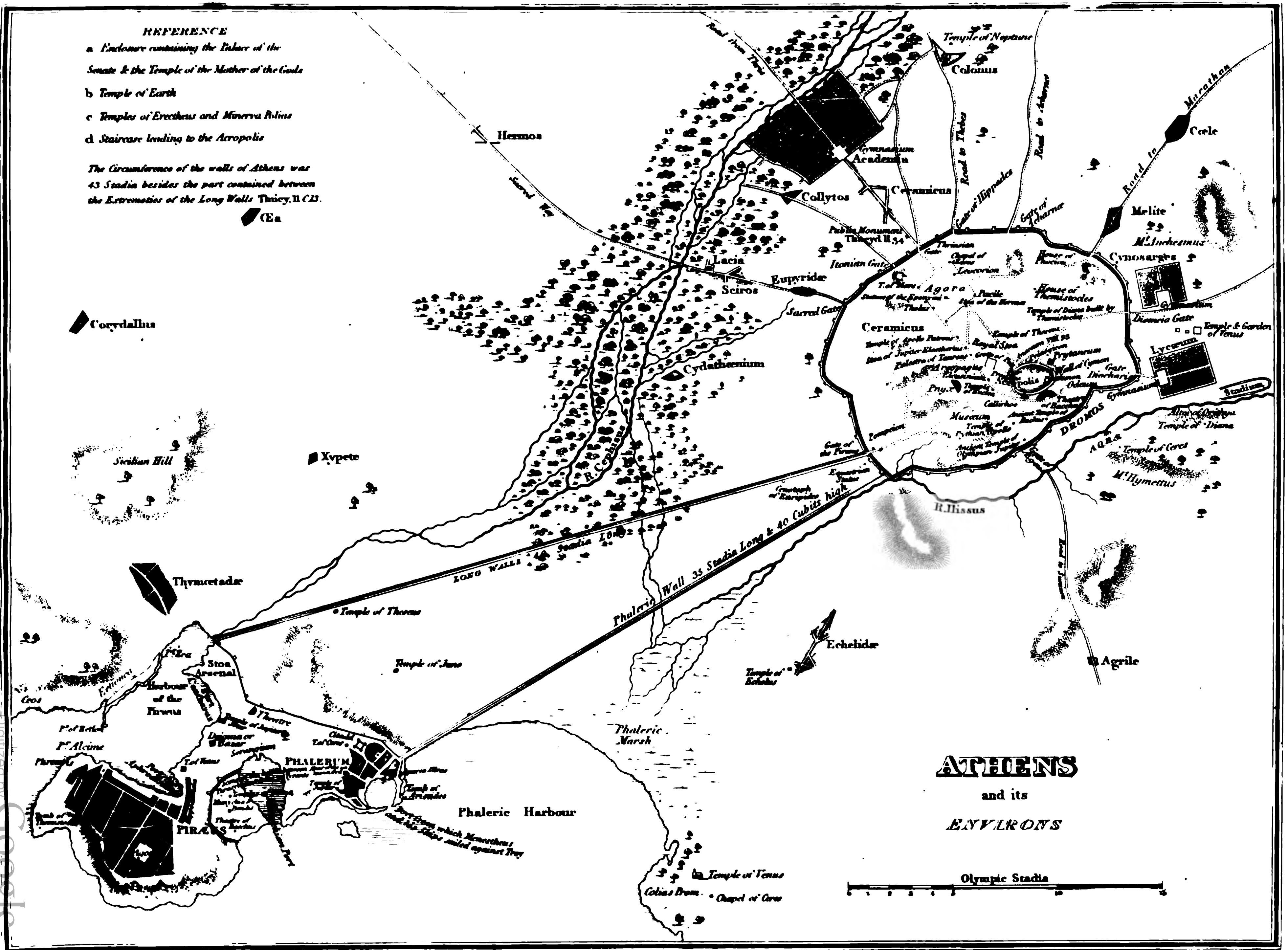
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Chronological Abstract of 27 years from the

DATES			Facts recorded by Thucydides & Xenophon.
Before CHRIST	OLYMPIAD	Year of the War	
431	LXXXVII 2	1	*Thebans attempt* Platœa *(B.II.c.2) Archidamus* invades Attica *(c.11) Athenians assault Methone, & take Pheia, & Thronium (c.25 & 26) Inhabitants of* Ægina *removed* … *Alliance between Athenians & Sitalces (c.29) Athenians take Solium, Astacus, & Cephallenia (c.30) invade Megaris, & fortify Atalante (c.31.32) Pericles makes* …
430	3	2	2nd Invasion of Attica *Peloponnesians remain 40 days,* Plague at Athens *(c.47) Pericles lays waste the Coast of Peloponnesus (c.56) Athenians fail in taking* … *Lacedemonian Ambassadors put to death by y^e Athenians (c.67) Potidæa surrendered (c.70)*
429	4	3	Siege of Platœa *(c.71) Battle at Spartolus (c.79) Ambraciots invade Acarnania (c.80)* Battle of Stratos *(c.81)* Naval Actions *in the* Corinthian Gulph … *(c.65) War between Sitalces & Perdiccas (c.95)*
428	LXXXVIII 1	4	3rd Invasion of Attica *(B.III.c.1) All the Lesbian Cities revolt accept Methymnæ (c.2) Mitylenians taken into the Lacedemonian League (c.15) Athenians* … 212 Platœans *escape (c.20.24.)*
427	2	5	4th Invasion of Attica *(c.26) Lesbos recovered (c.50) Lacedemonians destroy Platæa (c.68)* Sedition at Corcyra *(c.70) Plague at Athens (c.87) Athenians* …
426	3	6	Earthquakes *about Eubœa (c.89) Battle at Tanagra (c.91) War in Ætolia (c.94) Lustration of Delos (c.104) Battle of* Olpæ *(c.105) League for 100 Years* … *Acarnanians (c.114) Pythodorus sent to Sicily (c.115)*
425	4	7	Eruption of M^t. Etna *(c.116)* 5th Invasion of Attica *(B.IV.c.2) Athenians fortify* Pylos *(c.4) take Eion (c.7)* Sphacteria *invested & surrendered to Cleon (c.39)* End of the Sedition at … *Artaphernes intercepted & brought to Athens (c.51) Chians pull down their Walls (c.52.)*
424	LXXXIX 1	8	*Cythera occupied by the Athenians (c.53)* Brasidas *marches into* Thrace *(c.79) Sicilians make a general Peace (c.59)* Delium *recovered by the Bœotians* … Amphipolis *(c.103) Death of Sitalces (c.102) Various towns in Thrace revolt to Brasidas.*
423	2	9	Truce *for a Year (c.118) Sedition at Menda (c.131) Walls of Thespiæ demolished (c.133) Temple of Juno in Argos burnt (c.134) Brasidas attempts Potidæa* … *to take a part in Public affairs see Aristoph: Vesp. 44.*]
422	3	10	*Truce expired (B.V.c.1) Deaths of Cleon & Brasidas (c.6.10)* Disposition to Peace *(c.14.)*
421	4	11	Truce *for 50 Years concluded (c.18)* Thucydides *banished (c.26) Intrigues of the Corinthians New Confederacy in Peloponnesus Change of Administration* … *Treaty with y^e Bœotians Remarkable treaty with Argos Resentment of Athens towards Lacedemon.*
420	XC 1	12	Alcibiades. *Treaty between Athenians & Argives (c.43) Corinthians refuse to join (c.48) Dispute between y^e Lacedemonians & Eleans (c.49)*
419	2	13	*Alcibiades elected* στρατηγος *goes to Peloponnesus (c.52) War between the Argives & Epidaurians (c.53) a Convention of Deputies at Mantinea* …
418	3	14	*War between Lacedemon & Argos (c.57) Battle near Mantinea (c.67) Siege of Epidaurus (c.76)*
417	4	15	*Change in the Administration of Argos (c.82) League between Argos & Athens.*
416	XCI 1	16	*Athenians besiege* Melos *(c.84.114) Lacedemonians lay waste Argolis Athenians war on Macedonia (B.VI c.7)*
415	2	17	*Mutilation of the* Mercuries, Expedition sails to Sicily *Alcibiades recalled.*
414	3	18	*Athenians send a reinforcement of Cavalry and Money to Sicily (c.94) Lacedemonians invade Argolis (c.95) Athenians take Epipolæ (c.97)* … *Athenians prepare a blockade, Athenians fortify* Plemmyrium, Nicias *writes an* Offical Letter *to Athens (B.VII.c.11.15.)*
413	4	19	6th Invasion of Attica *Peloponnesians fortify* Decelea *(c.19)* Demosthenes sails for Sicily *(c.20)* 1st Naval Action *between Athenians & Syracusans near Plemmyrium* … *-lessus (c.29) Nicias cuts off the Syracusan supplies (c.32) Battle of Naupactus (c.34)* 2nd Naval Action *at Syracuse (c.37)* 3rd Naval Action *(c.39) Demosthenes* … *(c.42.44)* Eclipse *of the Moon (c.50)* 4th Naval Action *(c.52)* 5th Naval Action *(c.70)* Athenians retreat *(c.78) Nicias & Demosthenes slain (c.86) Eubœa Lesbos Chios & Erythræ* …
412	XCII 1	20	*Mission of Alcibiades by the Lacedemonians to Asia (c.12)* 1st Treaty *between Lacedemon & Persia (c.18) Athenians recur to the deposit of* 1000 Talents … *Admiral (c.22)* 2nd Treaty *between Lacedemon & Persia (c.37) Rhodes revolts (c.44) Alcibiades intrigues with Tissaphernes (c.45.)*
411	2	21	3rd Treaty *between Lacedemon & Persia (c.58) Constitution of the 400 framed by* Antipho *(c.63.68) Sedition in the Athenian Army at Samos (c.72.76)* Alcibiades recalled *& appointed General of the Athenians* … *succeeds Astyochus (c.85) Sedition at Athens (c.89) Naval Action at Eretria (c.95) Eubœa revolts Action in the* Hellespont *(c.104)* 2nd *Action at Eretria* … *-ades treacherously seized by Tissaphernes (s.6)*
410	3	22	*Alcibiades escapes Action near Cyzicus in which Mindarus is Slain (s.12) Hermocrates the Syracusan Commander (s.18.21.)*
409	4	23	*Thrasyllus sails for Samos (c.2.s.1.2) is defeated near Ephesus Thrasyllus & Alcibiades defeat Pharnabazus Rebellion among the Helots*
408	XCIII 1	24	*Alcibiades takes Selymbria & Byzantium, Embassy to the Court of Persia Alcibiades returns to Athens, Cyrus appointed Viceroy of the Province* …
407	2	25	Lysander *appointed Commander in Chief of the Peloponnesian Fleet Naval Action off Notium Alcibiades accused & dismissed the Command. 10 General*… *er in Chief of the Athenian Fleet & Callicratidas of the Peloponnesian, Siege of Mitylene, Sea fight of Arginusæ* Impeachment of the 10 Generals *Sedition* …
406	3	26	*Patriotic conduct of Alcibiades Battle of* Ægospotami.
405	4	27	Siege of Athens, End *of the* Peloponnesian War.

	Persian Kings	Spartan Kings: Eurysthenidæ	Spartan Kings: Procleidæ	Years of Rome	Roman Affairs			Authors &c.
...e Sun (c 28) ...on	31st Year of **Artaxerxes** (Μακρόχειρ)	27th Year of **PLEISTOANAX** who was banished PAUSANIAS Regent	38th Year of **ARCHIDAMUS** (II)	321	C. Julius, L. Virginius	Cofs:	*Mam: Æmilius Dictator, from a rumour of an Etrurian War. He limits the duration of the office of Censor to a Year & half the Censors degrade him in consequence.*	**HIPPOCRATES** *flourished*
...fined (c 65)				322	M. Fabius, M. Foslius, L. Sergius	Mil: Trib:	*A Plague at Rome.*	**HERMIPPUS**
...of Pericles				323	L. Pinarius, L. Furius, S. Posthumius	Mil: Trib:	*A law passed to prevent Candidates wearing garments of extraordinary* Whiteness.	**PLATO** *born*
...ulene (c 38)				324	T. Quinctius, C. Julius	Cofs:	*War with the Æqui & Volsci Pl. Tribunes threaten the Consuls Postumius Dictator.* Carthagenians land in Sicily.	**EUPOLIS** **PHRYNICUS** **ARISTOPHANES**
...ines (c 86)		**PLEISTOANAX** *returns from Banishment*	**AGIS II**	325	L. Papirius, L. Julius	Cofs:	*Truce of 8 Years granted the Æqui. Law passed that Fines shall be paid* in Money *instead of Cattle.*	**GORGIAS** *flourish*
...ts and				326	L. Sergius, H. Lucretius	Cofs:		
...5 49	**Xerxes II** **Sogdianus**			327	A. Cornelius, T. Quinctius	Cofs:	*Famine & Plague at Rome. Superstitions.*	
...gres to	**Darius** *Nothus*			328	C. Servilius, L. Papirius	Cofs:	*War with the Veientes Dispute whether War should be proclaimed by the* Command of the People *or* Decree of the Senate.	
...iades begins				329	T. Quinctius, C. Furius, M. Postumius, A. C. Cossus	Mil: Trib:	*Romans defeated by Veientes M. Æmilius Dictator Fidenæ rebells: classi pugnatum est ad Fidenas.*	
				330	A. Sempronius, L. Quinctius, L. Furius, L. Horatius	Mil: Trib:	*Truce granted the Veientes & Æqui.*	
...ndmen				331	Ap. Claudius, Sp. Nautius, L. Sergius, Sex Julius	Mil: Trib:	*Complaints that Plebeians were never elected Military Tribunes.*	
				332	C. Sempronius, Q. Fabius	Cofs:	*Capua taken by the Samnites. War with the Volsci. Honourable conduct of Tempanius.*	
...general Peace (c 53)				333	L. Manlius, Q. Antonius, L. Papirius	Mil: Trib:		
				334	N. Fabius, T. Quinctius	Cofs:	*Number of Quæstors encreased.*	
				335	L. Quinctius, M. Manlius, L. Furius, A. Sempronius	Mil: Trib:	*Sempronius fined.*	
				336	Agr. Menenius, P. Lucretius, Sp. Nautius	Mil: Trib:	*Conspiracy of the Slaves.*	
				337	L. Sergius, M. Papirius, C. Servilius	Mil: Trib:	*War with Lavicanians & Æqui Tribunes disagree. Q. Servilius Dictator.*	**AGATHON** **ARCHIPPUS**
...Sicily				338	Agrippa Men., L. Servilius, P. Lucretius	Mil: Trib:		
...ate Myra-...inolie ...lt Rome (c 5)				339	A. Sempronius, M. Papirius, S. Nautius	Mil: Trib:	*Dispute about Agrarian Law: Appius Claudius.*	**HEGEMON**
...nnesian				340	P. C. Cossus, C. Quinctius, C. Valerius, N. Fabius	Mil: Trib:	*Bola captured.*	
...ndarus ...Alcibi-				341	C. C. Cossus, C. Valerius, C. Fabius, M. Postumius	Mil: Trib:	*Agrarian Law.*	
				342	M. Cornelius, L. Furius	Cofs:	*Ferentinum taken.*	
				343	Q. Fabius, C. Furius	Cofs:	*Plague at Rome.*	
		PAUSANIAS		344	M. Papirius, C. Nautius	Cofs:	*Famine & Pestilence.*	
...mmand- ...ppointed ...in Chief				345	M. Æmilius, C. Valerius	Cofs:	*War with the Æqui.*	**ANTIPHANES** *born*
				346	Cn. C. Cossus, L. Furius	Cofs:	*Plebeians created Quæstors. War with Æqui & Volsci. Domestic discord. Verrugo captured.*	**EURIPIDES** *dies* **SOPHOCLES** *dies*
	Artaxerxes (*Mnemon*)			347	C. Julius, P. C. Cossus, C. Servilius	Mil: Trib:	*War with the Volsci. P. Cornelius appointed Dictator*	

Chronological Abstract of 47 years which intervened between th

DATES.			Facts recorded by Thucydides.
Before CHRIST	OLYMPIAD		
479	LXXV	1	*Battles of Platæa and Mycale. Sestus taken by Greeks (B.I.c.89)*
478		2	*Athenians return to Athens (from Salamis, Hellespont &c.) rebuild their City (c.89) and its walls (c.90–93 —) fortify also the Piræus (c.93.*
477		3	*Pausanias στρατηγων masters much of Cyprus, and takes Byzantium (c.94) offends the combined forces, who transfer the ἡγεμονια to Athenians (c.95) Pausanias recalled and fined - returns to Hellespont, makes overtures to Xerxes (c.128-132)*
476		4	*Cimon στρατηγων takes Eion, and Scyros. (c.98)*
475	LXXVI	1	*Eruption of Mt Etna - mentioned B.III.116. see Pindar. Pyth. 1.40)*
474		2	
473		3	
472		4	
471	LXXVII	1	*Themistocles ostracised (takes refuge in Argos (c.135.)*
470		2	*[Pausanias, who had returned to Sparta, is convicted of Treason (Μηδισμος) and put to death at Sparta, sometime between the ostracism of Themistocles and accession of Artaxerxes (c.131 – 134)]*
469		3	
468		4	
467	LXXVIII	1	*Athenians subdue Carystians in Eubœa (c.98)*
466		2	*Athenians besiege and reduce Naxos. (c.98) Cimon wins a final victory over the Persians at the River Eurymedon in Pamphylia (c.100) Themistocles flies to Ephesus, & puts himself under the protection of Artaxerxes. (c.135.138.)*
465		3	*Thasians revolt, and are besieged by Cimon. Ἐννεα Ὁδοι colonised by Athenians, but Colony destroyed by Thracians (c.100) see also (B.IV.c.102)*
464		4	*Spartans secretly promise aid to Thasians, but are checked by WAR breaking out with Messenians (Helotes) c.p.a. who occupy Ithome (c.101)*
463	LXXIX	1	*Thasians reduced by Athenians under Cimon. (c.101.)*
462		2	
461		3	*Spartans harassed by war on Helots &c. at Ithome, invite succour of Athenians - who come under Cimon, but are dismissed soon through jealous dread, by Spartans, & thereon incensed,* ally themselves with Argives & Thessalians, open enemies to Sparta *(c.102 (see III.c.54)*
460		4	*Athenians land (from off Cyprus) in Egypt and aid in WAR, Egyptians revolting under Inarus the Lybian, from Artaxerxes (c.104,*
459	LXXX	1	*Artaxerxes attempts ineffectually through his Agent Megabazus, to bribe Lacedæmonians to invade Attica and thereby draw off Athenians from Egypt. c.109*
458		2	*Athenians &c. in Egypt, driven from Memphis, and shut up in I. Prosopitis, by Megabazus, Son of Zopyrus, with Persian force (c.109)*
457		3	*Athenians victorious at Haliæ in WAR with Corinthians & Epidaurians, also at Cecryphalia and against Æginetes (c.105) whom Corinthians succour. Corinthians also attack Megareans, but are beaten off, and thrice defeated by levy en masse of Athenians, under Myronides (c.105.106) Lacedæmonians on return from aiding Dorians - victorious over Athenians at Tanagra (c.107.108.)*
456		4	*Thebans defeated by Myronides at Œnophytæ. Æginetes reduced by Athenians. (c.108) μακρα τειχη finished. Megareans place themselves under Athenian protection (c.103)*
455	LXXXI	1	*(Messenian) Helotes in Ithome, submit to Spartans in 10th year of WAR are placed by Athenians in Naupactus (c.103)* WAR in Egypt ends *disastrously to Athenians (c.109.110) Tolmides with Athenian fleet sails round Peloponnesus, burns Gythium, takes Chalcis, and makes a descent on Sicyon (c.108) Athenians ineffectually attempt the restoration of Orestes King of Thessalians (c.111)*
454		2	*Athenians, under Pericles, sail from Pegæ (see c.103) and make a descent on Sicyon - thence, joined by Achæans, sail to Acarnania, and besiege Œniadæ unsuccessfully (c.111)*
453		3	
452		4	
451	LXXXII	1	
450		2	Truce for 5 years between Peloponnesians and Athenians begins. *200 Sail sent under Cimon, to assist Amyrtæus, holding out in Egypt against Persians (see c.110. & Herod II.137...140. III.15) by Athenians. Other sail blockade Citium (c.112.)*
449		3	*Cimon dies. Athenian fleet sails away from Citium to Cyprian Salamis; and Athenians defeat by sea & land, Phœnicians. Cyprians & Cilicians. Athenian fleet returns from Egypt. (c.112) Themistocles dies in Persian Dominions (c.138.)*
448		4	*Lacedæmonians wage the ἱερος πολεμος, — and restore Temple at Delphi to Delphians, whom the Athenians displace, and reinstate Phocians c.112*
447	LXXXIII	1	*Athenians attempt to take Chæronea and Orchomenus (under Tolmides) from fugitive Bœotians (see c.113) who had occupied them. succeed at Chæronea, but at Coronea lose so many slain, and taken, by a sally from Orchomenus, that they wholly abandon Bœotia, on condition of deliverance of the Prisoners (c.113)*
446		2	
445		3	*Eubœa revolts from Athenians. Pericles proceeds in force against it. In his absence the Megareans, aided by Corinthians, by Sicyonians, and Epidaurians revolt also massacring the Athenian garrison, except a part which escapes into Nisæa (c.114)* Truce for 5 Years between Peloponnesians and Athenians - ends.
444		4	*Pericles retires from Eubœa. Lacedæmonians, under Plistoanax invade Attica, as far as Eleusis - then retreat. Pericles repasses into Eubœa and recovers it.* Truce for 30 years between Lacedæmonians &c. and Athenians, begins *c.114 &c.* *Athenian Colony fixed at Histiæa in Eubœa (c.114)*
443	LXXXIV	1	
442		2	
441		3	
440		4	*Milesians worsted in War by Samians - stir up against them Athenians, who under Pericles, invade Samos establish there a Democracy, but by Persian interference are expelled - yet recover their advantage, and finally subdue Samos. in 9th m.th as also Byzantium, which had shared the revolt (c.115.117)*
439	LXXXV	1	
438		2	
437		3	*Ἐννεα Ὁδοι colonised anew by Agnon and called Amphipolis (see IV.102) Epidamnian Nobles expelled - harass, by aid of Barbarians, the commons in Epidamnus - a Corcyrean Colony.*
436		4	*Epidamnian commons - slighted by Corcyreans - seek, by advice of Oracle, protection of* Corinthians *as their founders. Corinthians send colonists thither, whom Corcyreans order Epidamnians to expel, and on their refusal, besiege Epidamnus (c.24 . 27) but offer terms to Corinth (c.28)*
435	LXXXVI	1	Corcyreans defeat *Corinthians at Sea. Epidamnus* surrenders to them *on same day (c.29) Corcyreans are masters of the sea - plunder Leucas - burn Cyllene &c. until Corinthians station a fleet, for defence of Allies and observation, off pr. Actium. (c.30)*
434		2	*Corinthians sedulously* prepare for *renewal of war with Corcyreans: who are equally active on their part (c.31) but more apprehensive of the result*
433		3	Corcyreans & Corinthians respectively solicit aid of Athenians *(c.32 . 43) who conclude* a defensive alliance *with the latter (c.44) their motives ... Corinthians and Corcyreans again at* WAR.
432	LXXXVII	4	Corinthians are checked *at the close of a naval victory over Corcyreans, and 10 Athenian Sail, by arrival of 20 other Sail, from* Athens, *and other armed expe...*

[F]acts recorded by other Historians, as Plutarch &c.	Monarchs PERSIAN and SPARTAN.	ROMAN AFFAIRS.	Years of Rome.	Authors &c.
	XERXES (LEOTYCHIDES) (LEONIDAS)	CONSULS.		ÆSCHYLUS) gained the Prize in Tragedy. B.C. 484. ag. 41.
	PLISTARCHUS (PAUSANIAS regent)	Victory over Etrurians, won chiefly by bravery of Fabii who become popular.	273	
[Hi]ero succeeds Gelon as King of Syracuse (Diod. Sic.)		Fabii (306 in all) take the field against Veientes.	274	
[Com]mencement of the Athenian ascendency (ἡγεμονία) (see Fasti Hellenici p.p. 30 & 24)			275	
[Ar]istides, at request of Confederates, visits each state, and fixes its quota of [con]tribution to wage war with Persians (Plut.)		Fabii cut off to a Man at R. Cremera. Hetrurians advance to Rome.	276	
		Hetrurians decisively beaten.	277	
		Wars with Veientes &c. Agrarian laws moved by Tribunes.	278	
			279	
		Volero summoned to enlist as a Private resists is seized by the lictor and rescued.	280	PINDAR ag. 46. writes Olymp. II. and XII.
[Cim]on who had been a rival of Themistocles has now the chief adminis[tr]ation (πολιτεία) (Plut.)		Volero (now tribune) moves the election of Tribunes in Comitia Tributa.	281	(THUCYDIDES born)
		Volero's motion (after a riot and violent opposition by Appius Claudius) carried. Army of Claudius to disgrace him flies before Volsci.	282	
[Peri]cles begins to act in public (see Fasti Hellenici p. 60.)	(banished) ARCHIDAMUS II.	Agrarian laws moved by Tribunes & Consuls. Æmilius opposed by Claudius who imprisoned kills himself.	283	
[My]cenæ destroyed by Argives (Diod. Sic.) see Thuc. B. I. c. 10.			284	
[De]ath of Hiero King of Syracuse (Diod. Sic.)		Victory over Æqui & Volsci. Antium taken.	285	First tragic Victory of SOPHOCLES ag. 27.
[Dea]th of Aristides. (Plut.)	ARTAXERXES Μακρόχειρ	Agrarian laws moved by Æmilius (Consul) Antium & lands offered therefore to Colonists.	286	
		Wars with Equi Volsci &c.	287	
			288	
			289	
		Plague at Rome. Æqui and Volsci signally defeated.	290	
[Cim]on is ostracised for 5 years on a charge of Laconism (Plutarch) [Athe]nians remove from Delos to Athens treasure contributed by Greeks for [defe]nce against Persia - lest Lacedæmonians should, deserting the cause, [seiz]e it (Justin) Plut.)		Terentius Arsa moves the enactment of a code of Laws.	291	
		Quinctius Cæso's violent opposition to "lex Terentia" His flight from trial.	292	
[Eph]ialtes, rival of Cimon, dies (Diod. Sic.)	PLEISTOANAX	Herdonius (a Sabine) seizes the Capitol but is driven out and slain.	293	
	(NICOMEDES regent)	Cincinnatus (called to the Consulship from his Plough) delays the Lex Terentia.	294	Ezra
[Lace]dæmonians stir up the Peloponnesians to make war on Athens (Justin) [Lace]dæmonians support the Thebans in regaining sway over Bœotia to induce [the]m to make war on Athens (Justin) [Cim]on returns being recalled (Plut. Nep.)			295	
		Number of Tribunes increased to 10.	296	Nehemiah
			297	
		Agrarian laws, and "lex Terentia" proposed by Siccius Dentatus (afterward murdered)	298	
		Commissioners sent to Athens to examine Solon's laws in furtherance of Lex Terentia (all patricians)	299	
		Plague at Rome.	300	
		Deputies return from Athens. DECEMVIRATE	301	
[Cimo]n promotes reconciliation of Peloponnesians and Athenians (Plut.)		X. Tables of Laws made Appius Claudius affects popularity.	302	
		II. Tables more framed. Misbehaviour & Tyranny of re-elected Appius Claudius & other Decemviri. Marriage of Patricians with Plebeians forbidden.	303	
		Decemviri hold on their Office by terror, disgrace in Sabine War affair of Virginia Decemviri deposed.	304	
[Tolm]ides killed (Diod. Sic.)		CONSULS. Appius dies in prison Lex Trebonia passed taken from tribunes right of cooptatio Æqui & Volsci worsted.	305	
	PLEISTOANAX now reigns in Person		306	HERODOTUS ag. 28. reads his History of Athens, in presence of THUCYDIDES ag. 15.
	(banished) PAUSANIAS (his Son reigns during his exile)	Ardeates and Aricini unjustly treated by Romans as arbitrators.	307	
[Thuc]ydides (ὁ Μελησίου) rival of Pericles, ostracised, whence begins 15 [years] of chief administration of affairs by Pericles (Plut.) (see also Fasti Hellenici p. 50.)		Canuleius (tribune) carries repeal of law prohibiting intermarriage of patricians & plebeians & moves admission of plebeians to consulate whence as a compromise MILITARY TRIBUNES (patricians)	308	
		CONSULS	309	EURIPIDES gained the tragic Prize at Athens. ag. 39
Peace every where (Diod. Sic.)		Censorship established. Ardea delivered from Siege of Volsci.	310	
		Injustice done to Ardeates, 4 years before, quietly repaired.	311	
			312	
		Famine at Rome. Sp. Mælius collects corn & distributes it.	313	
		Mælius aspires to Sovereignty is slain by Servilius Ahala Master of Horse to Cincinnatus	314	
[Propy]laia of the Acropolis begun by order of Pericles (Plut.)		MILITARY TRIBUNES. CONSULS.	315	
		War with Veientes (on revolt of Fidenæ) their defeat 2d. Spolia opima won of their King by Cornelius.	316	Malachi
		Wars with Equi,	317	
		Volsci &c.	318	
		War with Veientes M. Æmilius causes Censorship to be limited to 1½ year.	319	
		MILITARY TRIBUNES.	320	SOCRATES ag. 36. ARISTOPHANES ag. about 15.

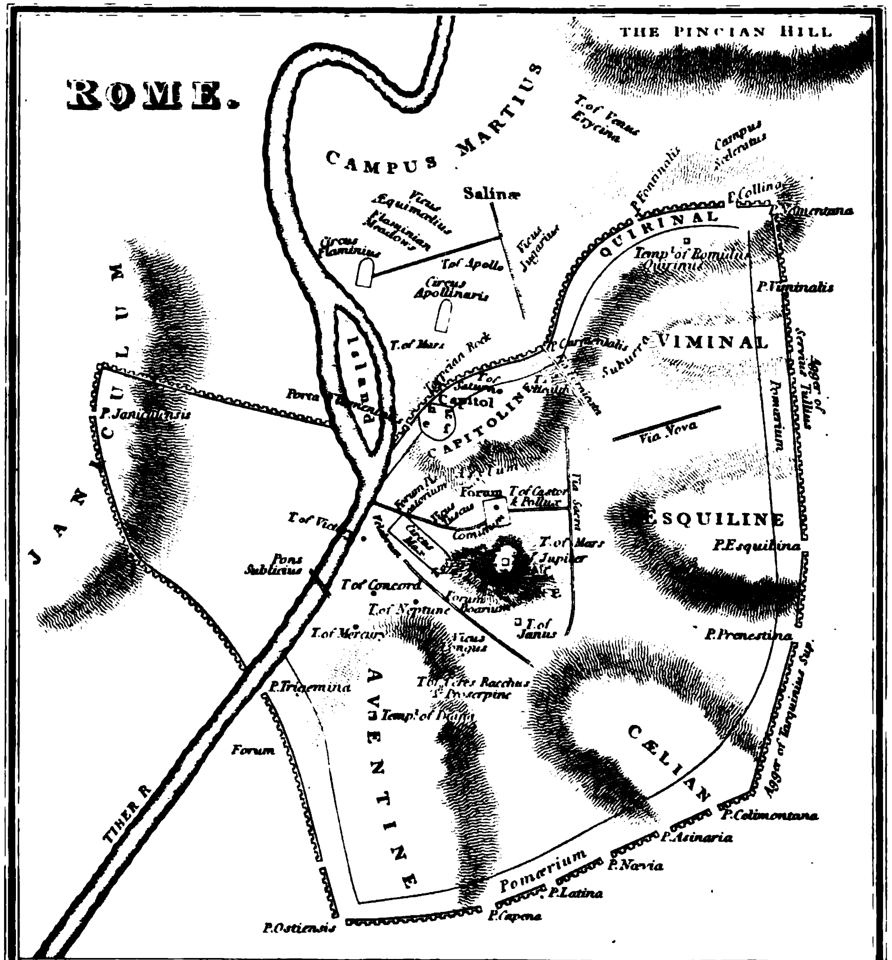


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References

a Temple of Mater Matuta ... d Temple of Patricia Pudicitia ... g Temple of Terminus

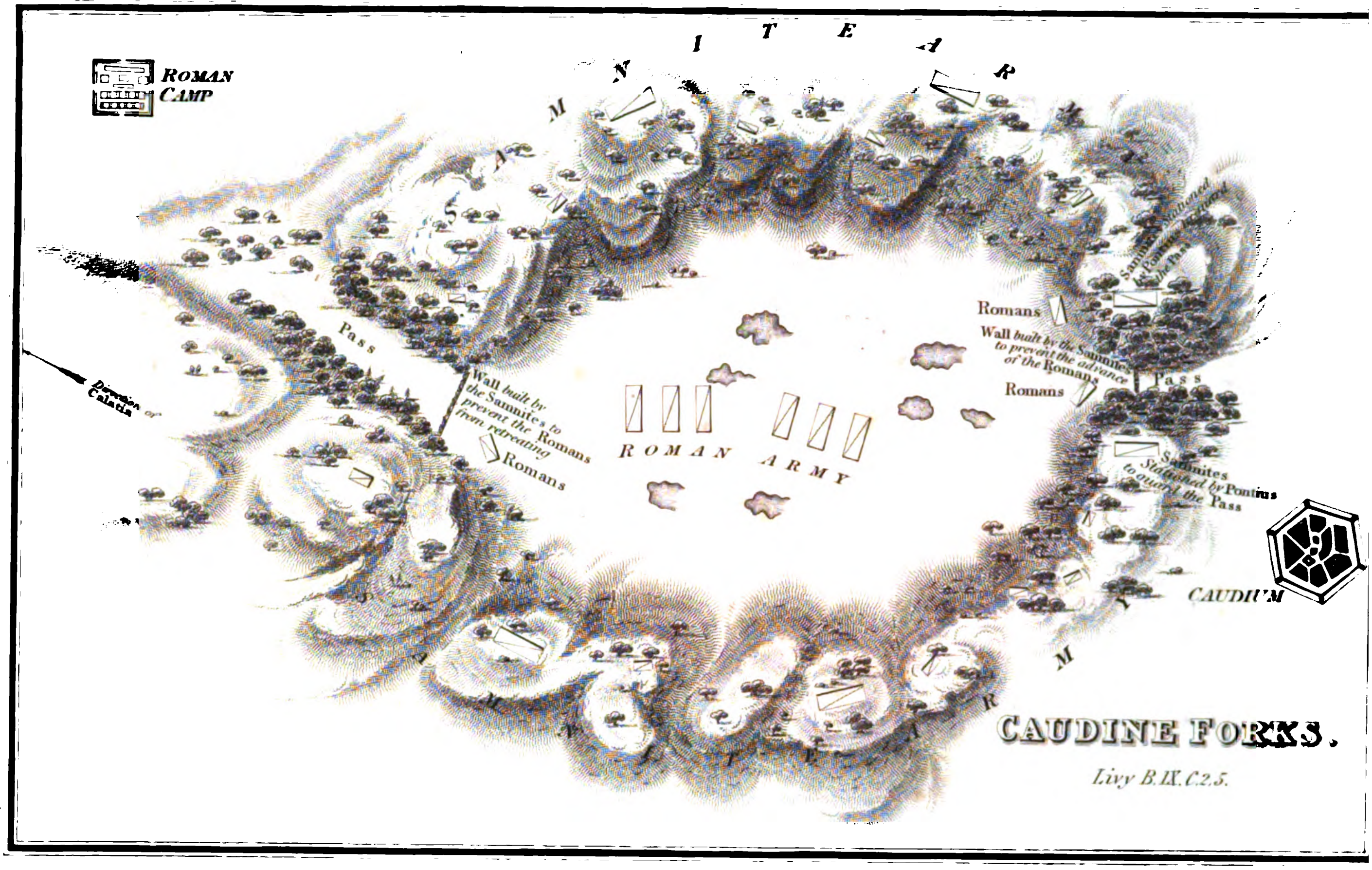
b Temple of Hope ... e Temple of Jupiter Feretrius ... h Cottage of Romulus

c Temple of Fortune ... f Temple of Jupiter Capitolinus ... i Curia Hostilia

N.B. Rome was founded OL. VII. A.C. 751 Romulus encircled the Palatine with a fence and raised a Fortress on the Capitoline Hill. The Cœlian Hill was added by Tullus Hostilius the Aventine by Ancus Martius who also fortified the Janiculum; the Quirinal, Viminal and Esquiline Hills were added by Servius Tullius who encircled the whole City with a Wall.

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CAUDINE FORKS.

Livy B.IX.C.2.5.



PASSAGE OF THE RHONE.

Livy B.XXI C.26.27.28.

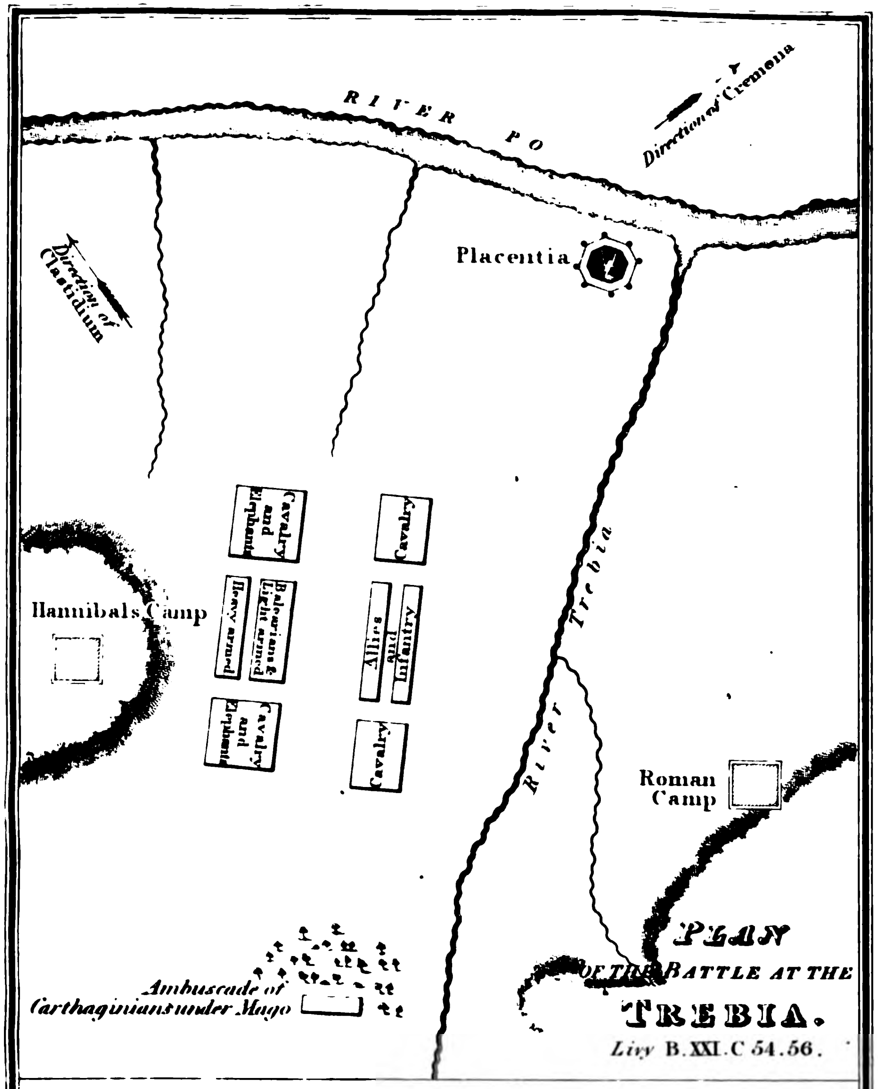
a Hanno advancing to attack the Camp of the Gauls in the rear.

b Camp of the Gauls.

c Army Crossing in boats with the Horses swimming by their side.

d Fire lighted by Hanno.

e Raft to convey the Cavalry wanted for an immediate attack.

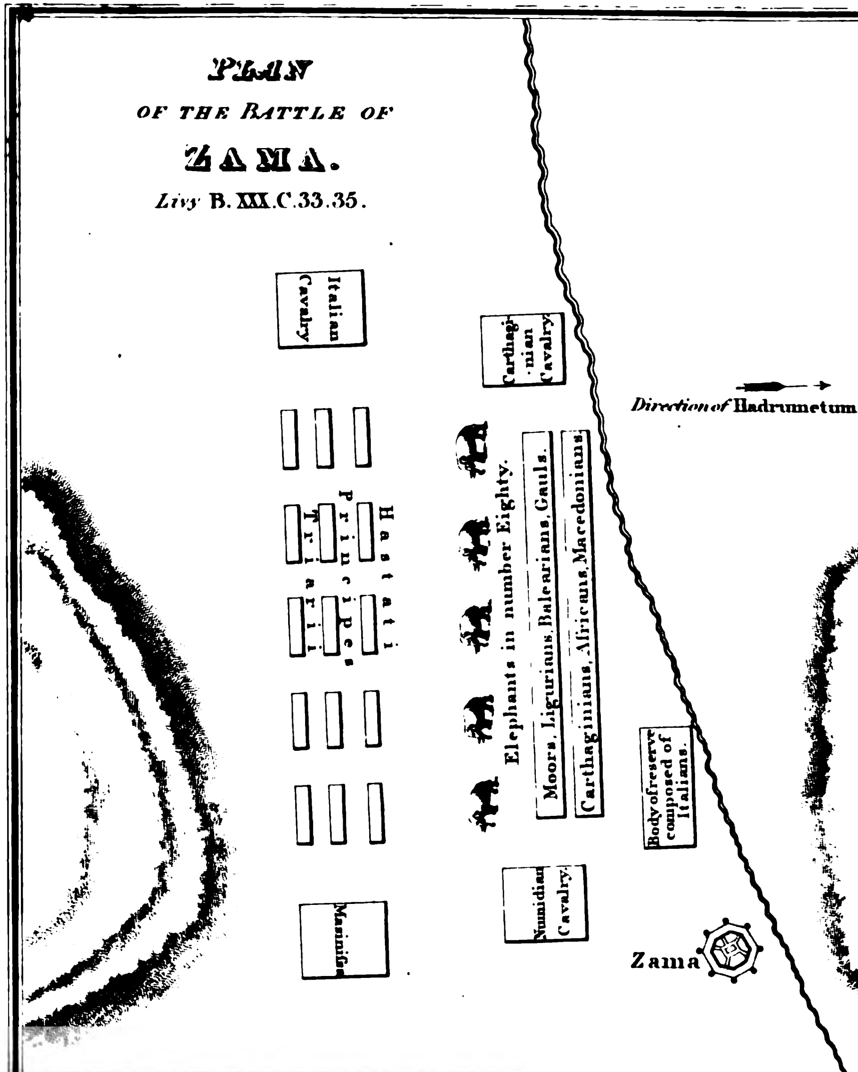


Hannibal dispatches some Numidian Cavalry to assault the Roman Camp, the Roman Cavalry & 6,000 foot pursue them across the Trebia, both Armies are drawn up for battle, the Balearians begin the Engagement and with the Elephants drive back the Roman Cavalry, the Roman Infantry maintain the contest with valour but are at length surrounded, 10,000 break through the African line and escape to Placentia.

N. B. Most Geographers have placed Placentia on the Eastern side of the Trebia, but Livy from his description of the Battle evidently supposed it to be on the Western side.

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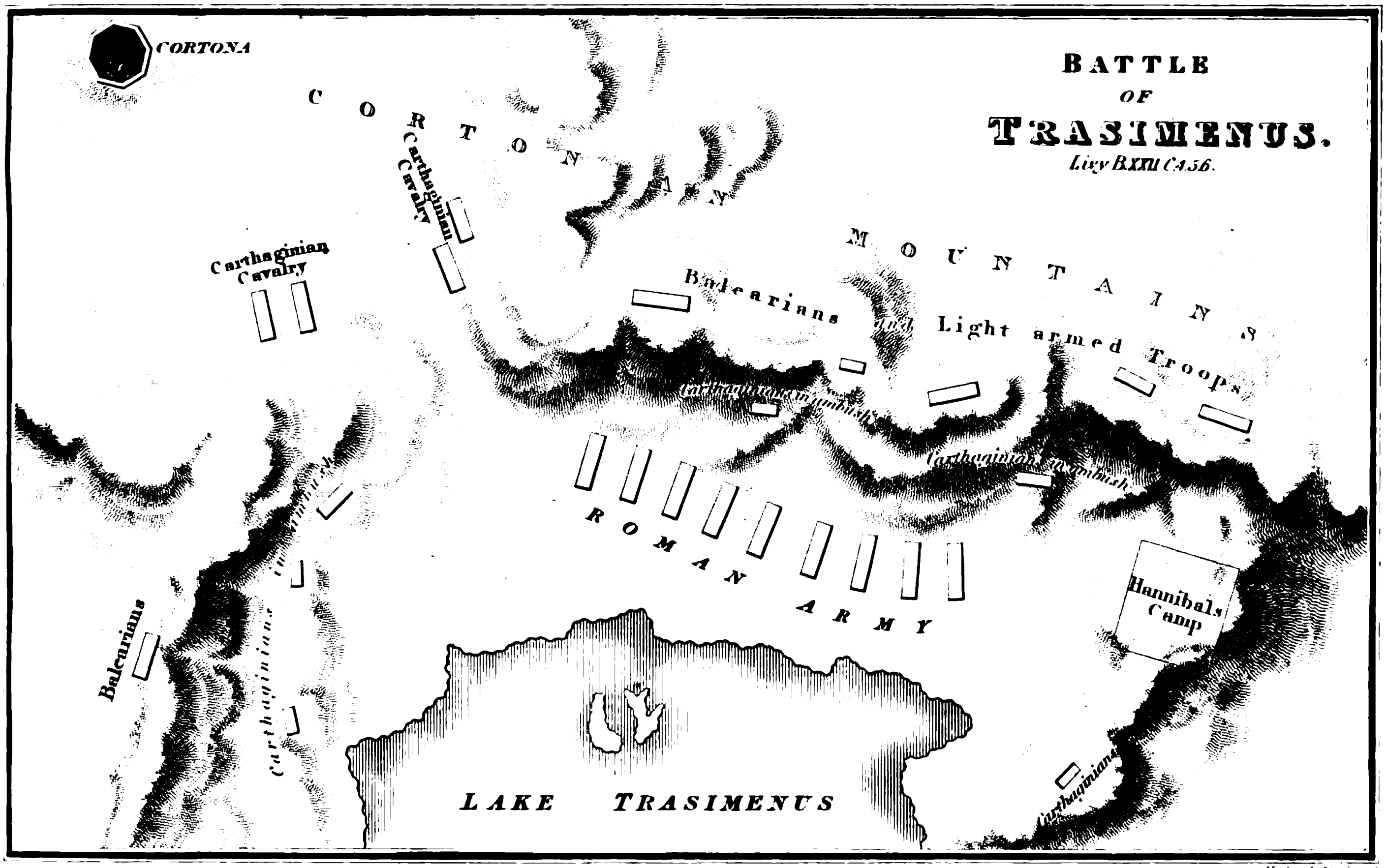
The sound of the Roman Trumpets alarms the Elephants and they direct their fury against the Moors and Numidians. Masinissa makes a successful charge with Cavalry and Lælius puts to flight the disordered line of the Enemy. Scipio sounds a retreat for the Hastati who were pursuing the routed auxiliaries of the Enemy, and forms a new line, placing the Hastati in the centre, the Principes and Triarii on the two wings, the engagement is renewed and the Romans are victorious.

The loss of Hannibal was 20,000 killed 20,000 prisoners 133 Standards and 11 Elephants.

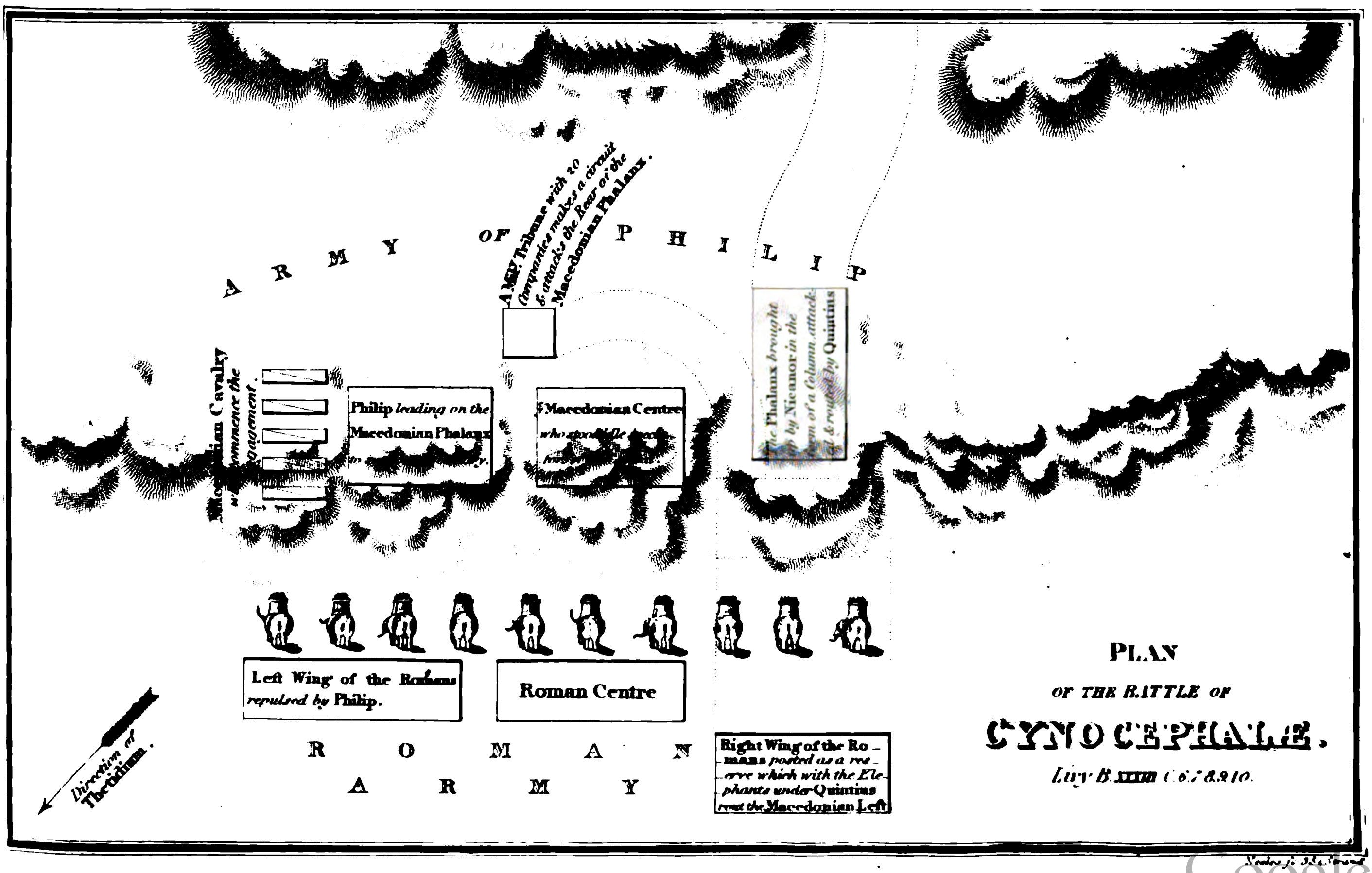
The loss of the Romans was 2,000 killed.

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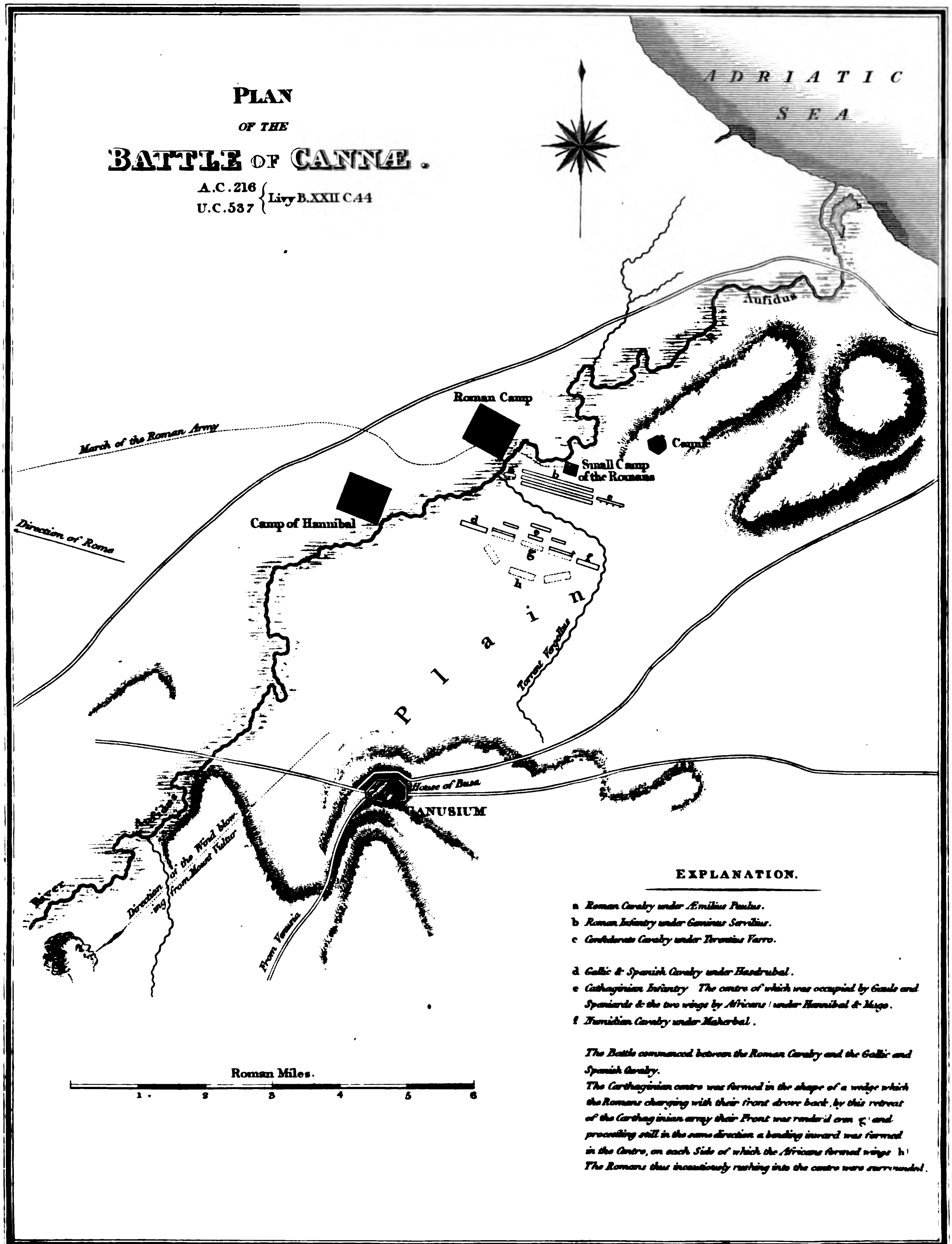
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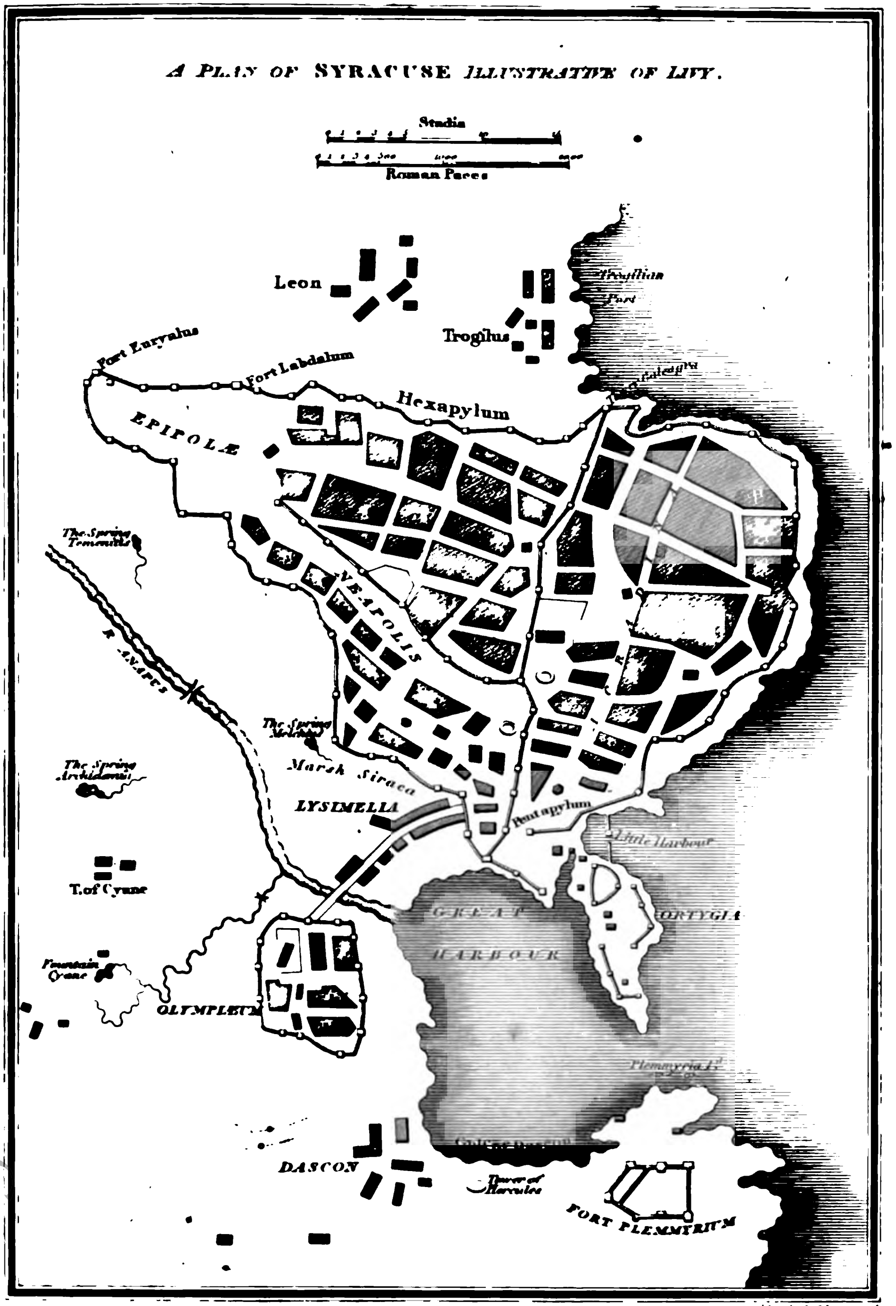


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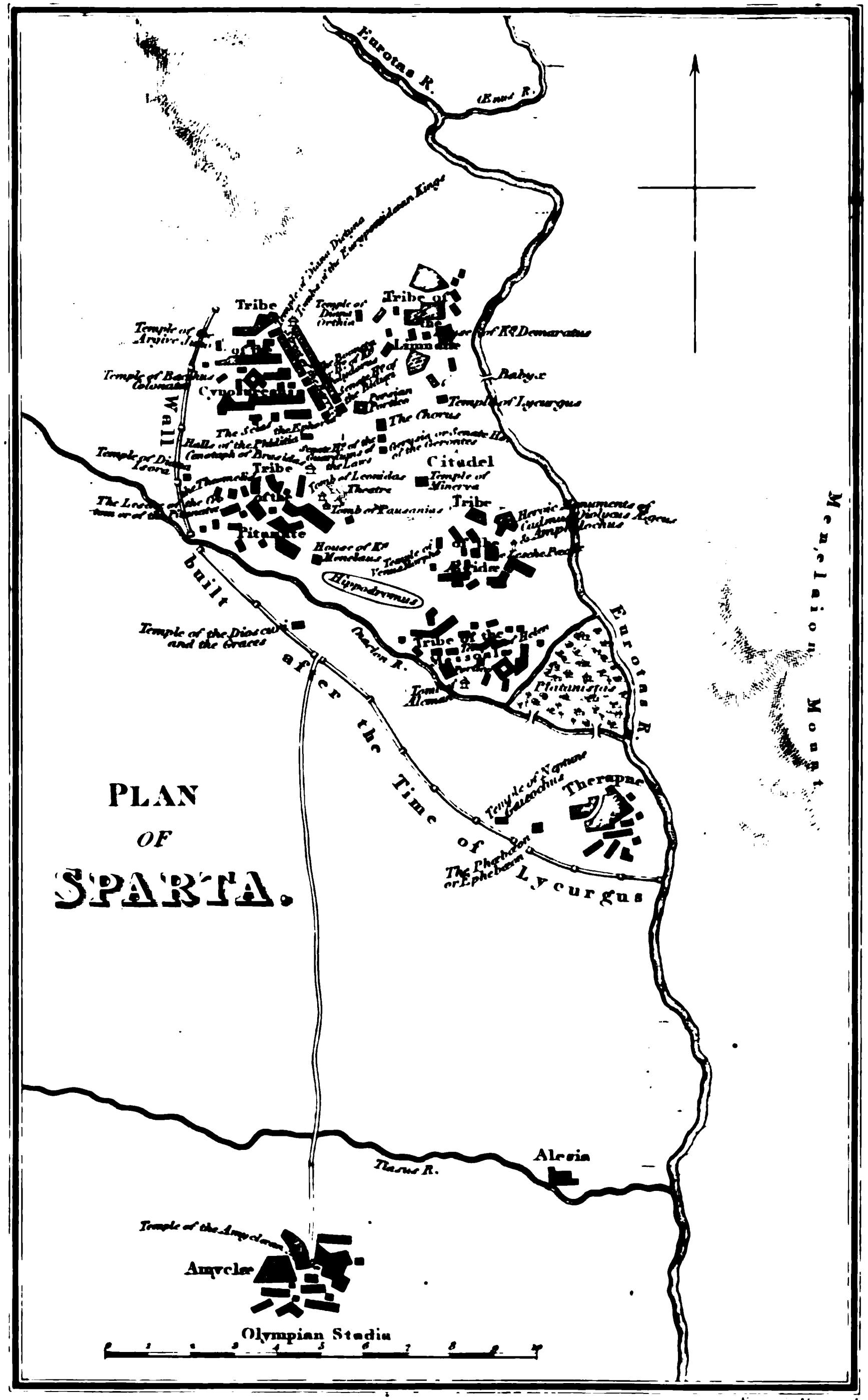


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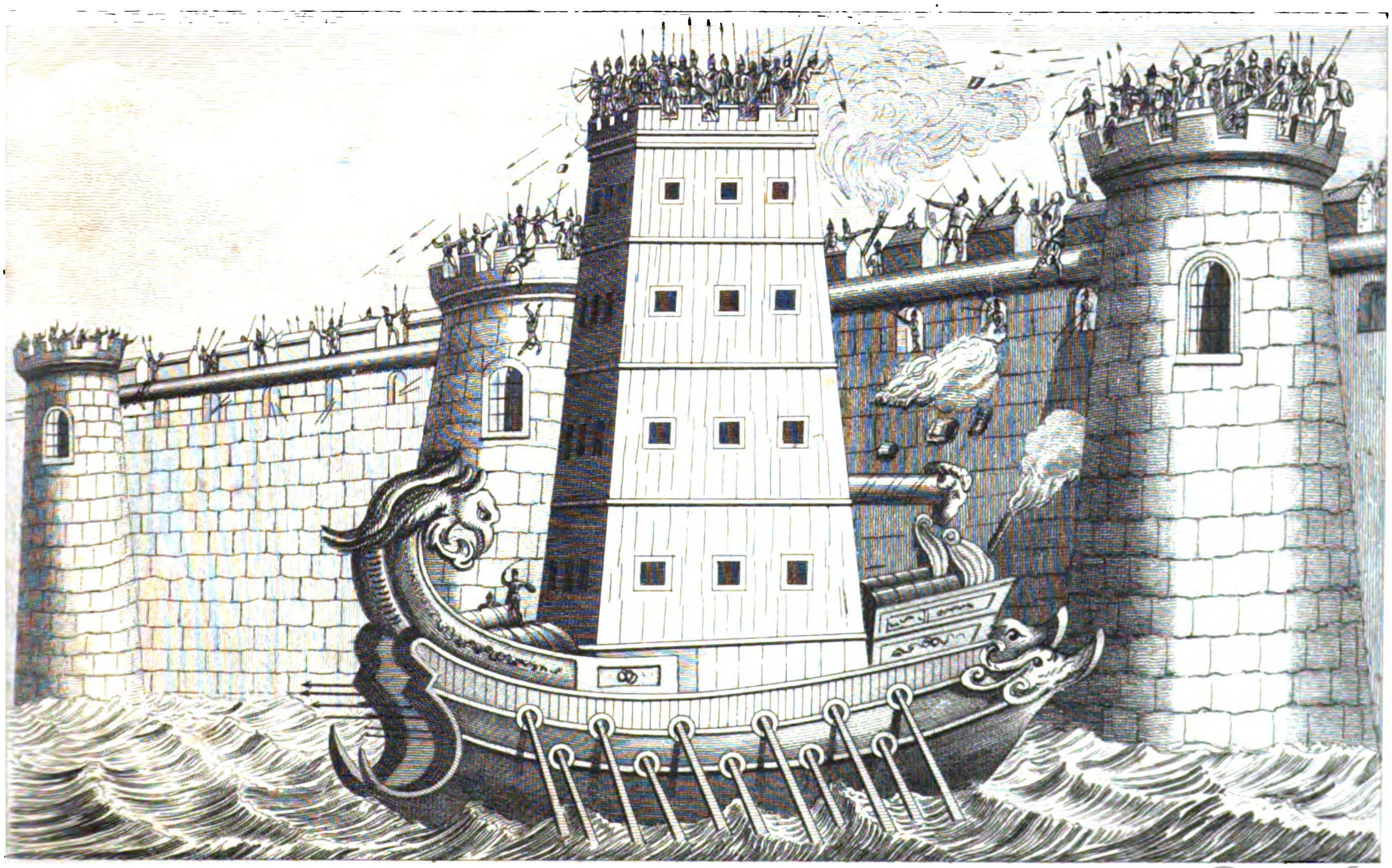
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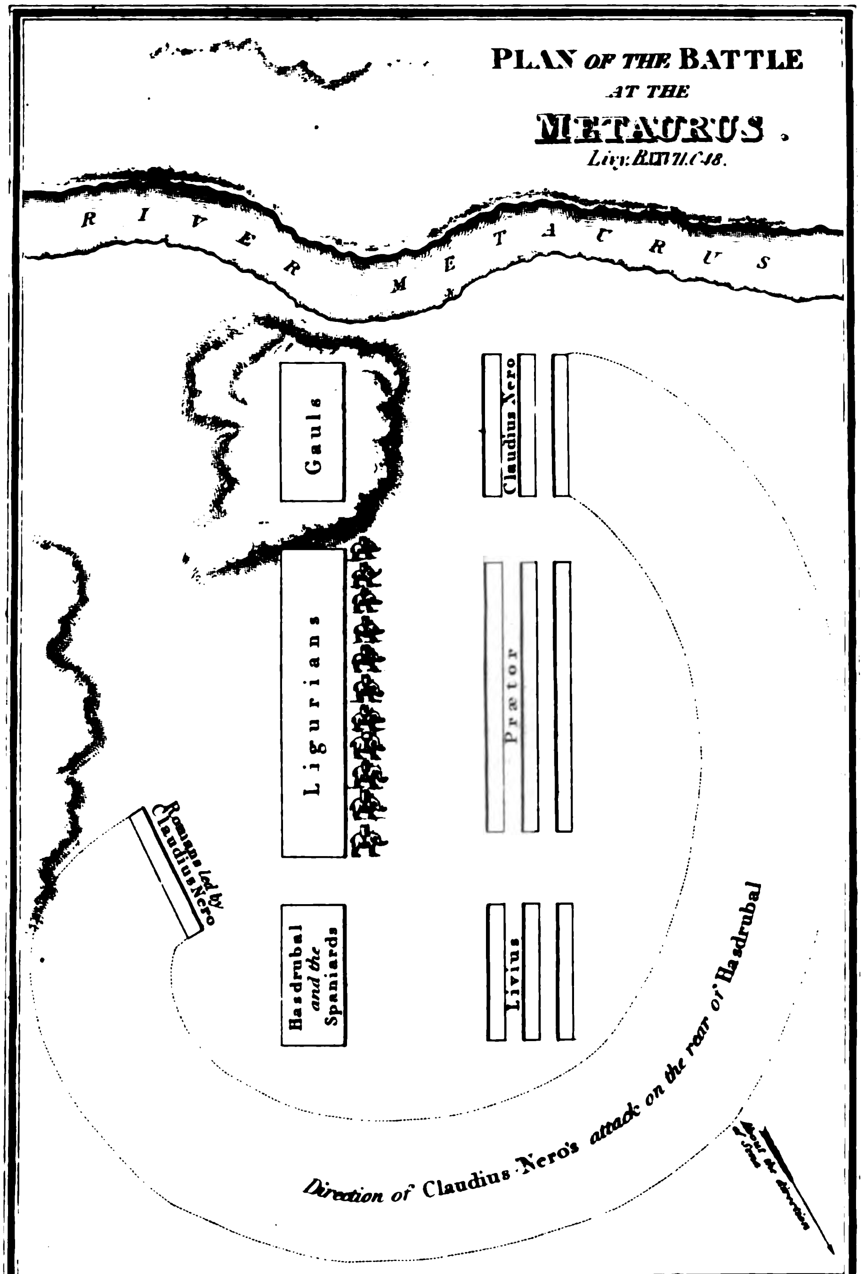
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SIEGE OF SYRACUSE THE TOLLENO. *Plate 1.*

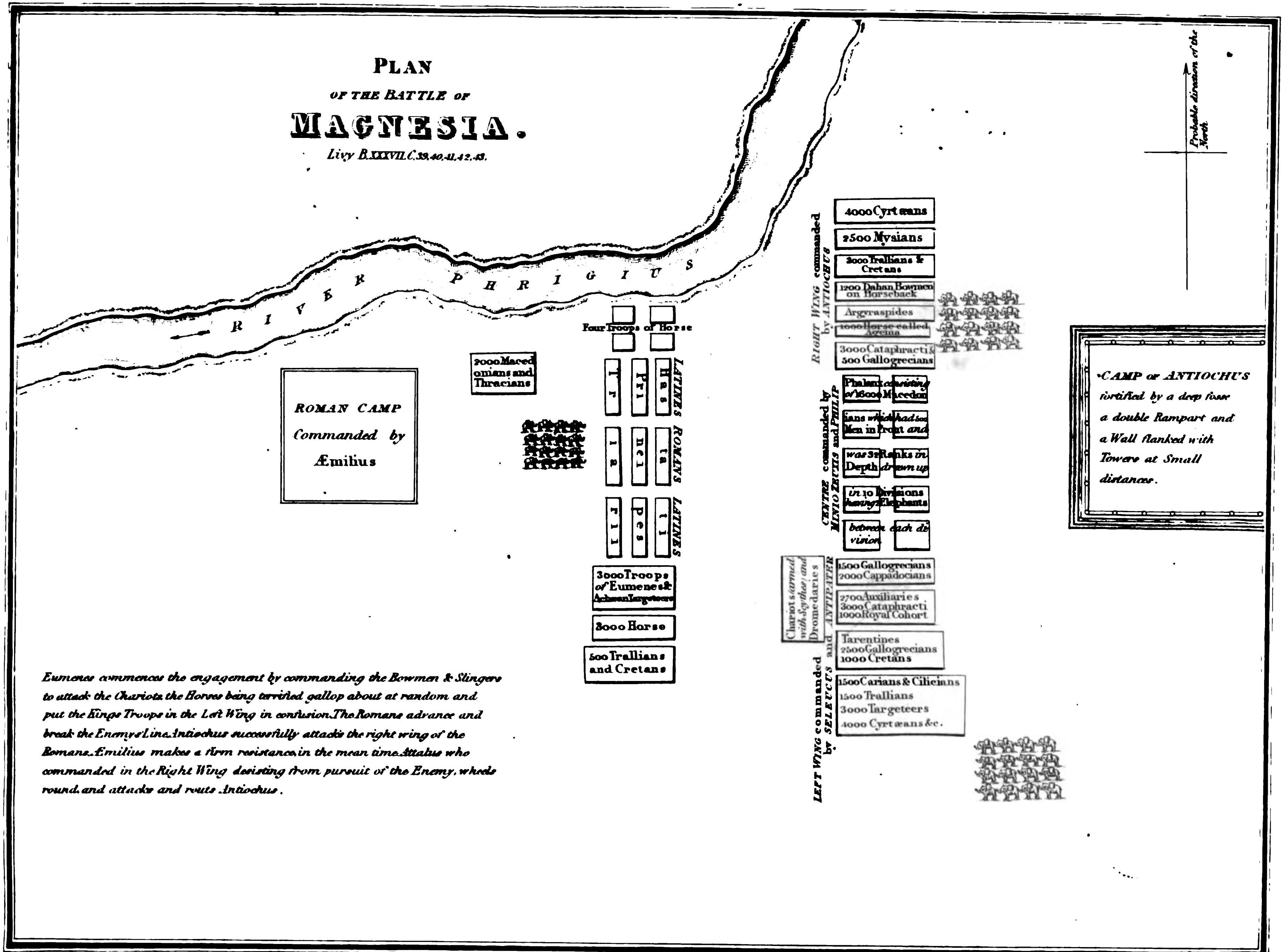


SIEGE OF SYRACUSE THE SAMBUCA. *Plate 2.*



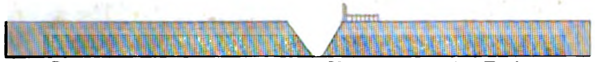
The attack commenced between Livius & Hasdrubal, a furious Conflict ensued in which success was for some time doubtful. Nero was unable to take part in the engagement, as the right wing could not advance up the hill, at length he led some Cohorts behind the line and commenced a brisk attack on the Enemy's Right Flank and Rear. The Carthagenians lost Hasdrubal their General, 56000 killed, and 5400 Prisoners. The Romans lost 8000 killed.

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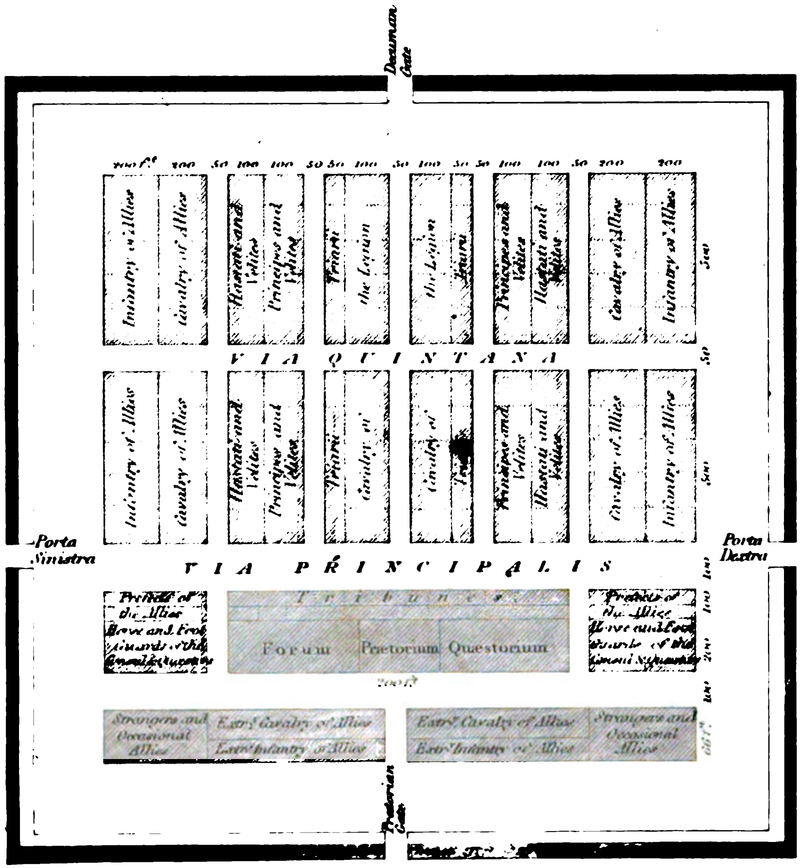


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PLAN OF A ROMAN ENCAMPMENT.



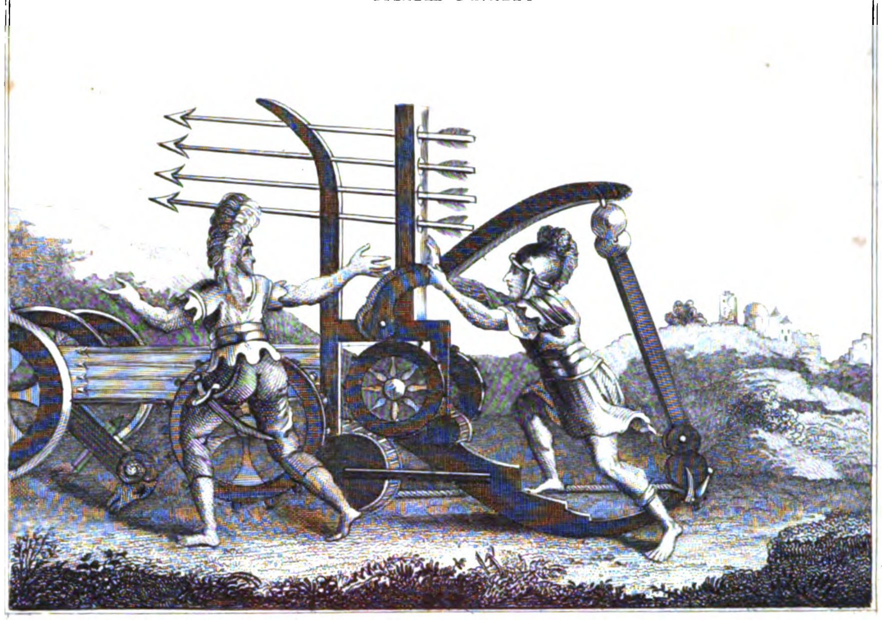
Profile Section of the Agger Vallum &c with Facines the Depth 9 f.t the Breadth 12 f.t



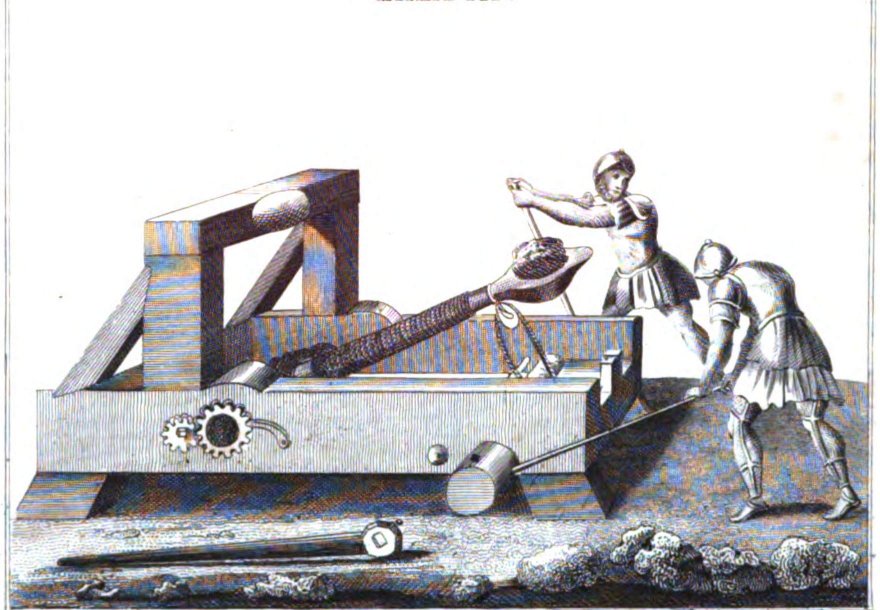
N.B. A Roman Camp was usually quadrangular and was fixed in a regular Space, due regard being had to the Vicinage of Water &c. the Spot for the Consuls tent was first marked out, and a White Ensign pitched thereon. Three purple Flags were planted to mark the divisions to be occupied by the Allies, so that every Soldier on marching up to the Ground in order, knew where his tent was to be raised. The Camp was enclosed by a ditch and palisaded rampart, the inner Slope of the parapet being 200 f.t from the tents.

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CATAPULTA.



BALISTA.



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A SYNOPTICAL TABLE FROM THE CREATION OF THE WORLD TO THE END OF THE PELOPONNESIAN WAR.

(FROM GAIL AND CLINTON.)

The names of illustrious men will be found opposite some event, in which they were engaged—as Hercules, Archilochus, Arion, Thales, Joshua.
The variation in the years of Rome after 319 is owing to the different authority followed.

A. C. Centuries.	Sacred.	EVENTS.	Illustrious Men.
41 4004	CREATION.		*Sheth*, *Enoch*, *Noah*.
24 2348	DELUGE.		
23 2247 2207	BABEL:	From SHEM came the *Persians*, *Syrians*, *Hebrews*—HAM, the *Canaanites*, *Philistines*, *Egyptians*, and other *Africans*—JAPHET, *Europeans*. *Nimrod* builds BABYLON,—*Assur* NINEVE.	
22		*Sicyon* begins.—MENES (*Misraim* son of Ham) first king of EGYPT, (Herod. b. 1, ch. 4, 99.)	
20 1996 1986 1922	ABRAHAM called.	About this time *Inachus* founds the kingdom of ARGOS. SEMIRAMIS, wife of a Captain, marries *Ninus*, embellishes Babylon, (Herod. 1, 184:) succeeded by *Ninias*.—*Pelasgus*, son of Niobè, makes conquest of the Country afterwards ARCADIA.	
19 1871	ISAAC offered.	Earthquake splits *Ossa* and *Olympus*, drains THESSALY, (Herod. 8, 128, 9, 30,) induces PELASGI to quit *Arcadia* for *Thessaly*.	
18		OGYGES in *Attica* and *Bœotia*.—Io carried off by *Phœnicians*, (Herod. 1, 1.) SIDON and TYRE founded.	
17			
16 1571	MOSES born.	DANAUS, with an *Egyptian* Colony, comes into ARGOLIS.—EUROPA carried off from *Phœnicia* by *Greeks*.—CADMUS founds *Thebes*.—DEUCALION with *Curetes* and *Leleges*, (afterwards LOCRIANS and ÆTOLIANS) expels the *Pelasgi* from Thessaly, who go to *Dodona* and thence to *Italy*.—DELUGE of DEUCALION—AMPHICTYONIC Council established by *Amphictyon*, either son of Deucalion or a king of Athens—SPARTA founded by *Lelex*—Origin of the SCYTHIANS according to their own accounts, (Herod. 4, 7,) in the middle of this century CECROPS brings a colony of *Saites* over and founds the kingdom of ATTICA.—See Blair.	*Prometheus* *Atlas*. MOSES, *Job*. *Teucer* king of Troy.

A. C. Centuries.	Sacred.	EVENTS.	Illustrious Men.
15 1450	Hebrews enter promised land; after Joshua's death fall into Idolatry; are enslaved by *Cushan* king of Mesopotamia; freed by Othniel.	Sesostris, king of Egypt, (Herod. 2, 102.)—Troy founded by *Tros*, son of Ilus—*Achæus* in *Achaia.*—Minos at *Crete.*—Eleusinian Mysteries established.—*Eumolpus*, the Thracian Invader of Attica, ejected by aid of Ion, son of *Xuthus.*	Balaam. Joshua. *Musæus.*
14	Ehud kills *Eglon,* King of *Moab.* Shamgar. After the death of *Ehud*, the Israelites, falling into their former idolatries, are delivered into the hands of *Jabin,* king of *Canaan*: in which they continue for *forty* years.	Colony, sent from Attica into *Ægialea* of the Peloponnese, takes the name of *Ægialean Ionians.*—Ion establishes Colonies in *Asia.*—*Amphion* succeeded by Laius at *Thebes.*—Sisyphus at *Corinth*, (from him the *Sisyphidæ*).—Pelasgi, joined with *Aborigines*, expel the Siculi from Italy, who go into *Sicily*, drive thence the Sicani and change the name of the Island, (Thuc. 6, 2): not long after *Zanclè* founded by the *Sicels*, (acc. to *Larcher*). Pelops, the Lydian, comes into *Greece.*—Origin of Scythians according to the Greeks of the Pontus, (Herod. 4, 8). Lycus, son of *Pandion* II. driven from Athens by his Brother *Ægeus:* goes to the *Termilæ*, (just expelled with *Sarpedon* from *Crete*), from him called Lycians, (Herod. 1, 173).—Argonautic Expedition.—Mycenæ founded.—Cretans settle in Italy; are called *Iapygian* Messapians.—Tyrrhenus migrates into *Italy* from Lydia, (Herod. 1, 94). *Laomedon* killed by Hercules: Priam succeeds him.—War between *Eteocles* and *Polynices.*—Theseus changes the *Athenian* constitution—establishes the *lesser Panathenæa*,—and assists Hyllus son of *Hercules* against Eurystheus—this is the 1st attempt of the *Heracleids.*—War of the *Epigoni* or 2nd *Theban War.*	*Hercules.*
13	Deborah and Barak deliver them; they are next subject to *Midian*; delivered by Gideon. *Tola.* *Jair.* The Israelites are then given into the hands of the *Philistines* and *Ammonites* for 18 years.	Hyllus again attempts to return: is killed by *Echemus*, King of Tegea, (Herod. 9, 26).—Helen carried off by Paris.—Agamemnon King of *Mycenæ.*—Siege of Troy.—*Diomed* establishes the Pythian Games.—*Assyrians* masters of *Upper Asia*, (Herod. 1, 95).—*Amphilochian Argos* founded, (Thuc. 2, 68.)—*Salamis* in *Cyprus* founded by *Teucer.*—3rd attempt of the Heracleids: under *Cleodæus*, son of Hyllus.—Rhampsinitus, King of Egypt.—Atyad Dynasty in *Lydia* ends; *Agron* first of the Heracleid.—Æolian Migration.—4th attempt of the Heracleids, under Aristomachus, son of Cleodæus.—*Bœotians*, driven from Arnè in Thessaly, return to Bœotia 60 years after the taking of Troy, (Thuc. 1, 12).—Pelasgi, expelled by Tuscans, come into Attica (Herod. 6, 137—Thuc. 4, 109).	*Orpheus.* *Linus.*
12	Delivered by Jeptha. *Ibzan.* *Elon.* *Abdon.* Eli. Israel set free from the *Philistines* by Samson. Samuel XII and last *Judge* of Israel, they demand a King.	5th and successful attempt of the Heracleids, under Aristodemus, Temenus and Cresphontes, sons of Aristomachus.—Æolian Migration continues under *Penthilus*, son of Orestes.—*Achæans*, driven out by Heracleids, go into Ægialea, expel Ionians thence and change its name to Achæa.—*Aristodemus*, King of Lacedæmon, succeeded by Eurysthenes and Procles: *Theras*, their Uncle, Guardian, (Herod. 4, 147). Cheops, King of Egypt, (Herod. 2, 124).—3rd Æolian Migration.—Pelasgian Tyrrhenians, driven from Attica, conquer Lemnos, (Herod. 6, 137) and expel thence the Minyans (descendants of Argonauts) who go to Lacedæmon, (Herod. 4, 145);—Theras leads a Colony to *Callista*, afterwards Thera (Herod. 4, 147).—4th and last Æolian Migration under *Gräis.*—Chephren King of Egypt, (Herod. 2, 127). Codrus, last King of Athens, devotes himself. Medon, his son, 1st Perpetual Archon.—Agis son of Eurysthenes, King of Lacedæmon.	
11	Saul 1095. David 1055. Solomon 1015.	*Agis* takes *Helos* and subdues its inhabitants.—Some *Sicels*, driven out by *Opicæ*, go to *Sicily*, expel Sicani: 300 years before any *Greek colony* sent, (Thuc. 6, 2, 5). *Zanclè* founded by them.—Asychis King of Egypt, (Herod. 2, 136). War of *Lacedæmonians* and *Argives* about Cynuria.—Anysis, King of Egypt, expelled by Sabacon Æthiopian, retires to the Island Elbo, (Herod. 2, 137).	

Olym.	A.C. Centuries.	Rome.	Sacred.	EVENTS.	Illustrious Men.
	10		Separation of the 10 Tribes under Jeroboam in the reign of Rehoboam, 975.	*Anysis* returns from *Elbo*.—Revolt of Arbaces and Belesis: who dethrone Sardanapalus and put an end to the 1st or Great Assyrian Empire, after it had stood 996 years.	Hesiod. Homer flourish.
	9			*Phidon*, King of Argos, *inventor* of *measures* and *silver money*, (Herod. 6, 127).	Elijah. Elisha. *Caranus* 1st King of *Macedon*.
	884			Lycurgus gives his Laws.—Carthage supposed to be founded 65 years before *Rome*. *Monarchy* abolished and *βαγχιαδαι*, or Yearly Prytanes, established at Corinth.	
	8				
4	763		Uzziah, King of Judah,	Sabacon the Ethiopian supposed by some to conquer Egypt, (Herod. 2, 139, see 11th Century).	Hosea. *Elotus* 1st *Ephor*. Isaiah. Joel—Amos.
5	758			*Naxos* in Sicily founded by *Chalcidians*, under Thucles an Athenian, (Thuc. 6, 3). Soon after Syracuse by Archias a *Corinthian*, (Thuc. 6, 3).—*Locri* in Italy.—Corcyra colonized by Chersicrates a *Corinthian*.	
6	754	1		Foundation of Rome.—Decennial Archons begin at Athens, Charops the first.—	
6	753	1		Chalcidians from Naxos expel Sicels and found Catana, (Thuc. 6, 3), about the same time *Trotilus* in Sicily founded by Lamis, (Thuc. 6, 4), and *Thapsus* (ibid).	
8	747	7		Nabonassar, King of *Babylon*, destroys records, his famous era begins—*Semiramis*	
10	737	17		his wife.—Midas, King of Phrygia, (Herod. 1, 14).	
12	729	25	Ahaz, King of *Judah*,	Attacked by Tiglath-Pileser, King of Assyria, (Chron. 2, 28, 20).	
13	727	27	Hosea, King of Israël,	Fined by Shalmaneser, King of Assyria, (2 Kings 17, 3); about this time the *διαυλος*, or *double-stade* introduced at the *Olympic Games*.	Micah.
14	724	30	Captivity of the 10 tribes 2 years after, (2 Kings 17, 4, 5, 6.)	*Shalmaneser* besieges *Samaria* on refusal of Hoshea to pay tribute.—About this time *Tarentum* in Italy founded by Laconian *Phalantus*.	Nahum.
15	715	39		Candaules, King of Lydia, (last of Heracleid Dynasty), killed by Gyges first of Mermnad, Numa Pompilius at Rome.	Archilochus.
16	713	41	Hezekiah King of *Judah*.	*Gela* founded in *Sicily*, (Thuc. 6, 4). Sethon, King of Egypt, (Herod. 2, 141). Sennacherib, King of Assyria, defeated by Egyptians at *Pelusium*, (Herod. 2. 141): slain on his return by *Adramelech* and *Sharezer* his sons—Esar-Haddon his son reigns in his stead, (2 Kings 19, 25).	
19	709	45		Deioces elected King of *Media*: near about this time *Aminocles* builds Triremes, (Thuc. 1, 13), the first military marine.	
	7				
22	690	64	Manasseh, King of *Judah*.	Carried *Captive* to Babylon, (2 Chron. 33, 11), about this time *Acrè* in *Sicily* founded by Syracusans (Thuc. 6, 5).	
26	675	79		Byzantium founded by *Chalcedonians*, (Herod. 4, 144).—About the same time *Sethon* dies in Egypt.—12 Kings, among whom *Psammetichus*, (Herod. 2, 151). About this time *Casmenè* in *Sicily* founded by Syracusans, (Thuc. 6, 6). Hostilius *A. U.* 82.	*Tyrtæus*.
29	664	89		Naval Engagement between *Corinthians* and *Corcyreans*, (Thuc. 1, 13).—About this time Cypcelus puts down the *βαγχιαδαι*, and establishes a *Tyranny* at Corinth, (Herod. 5, 92, 6, 128).—Phraortes King of Media.—Psammetichus makes himself sole King of Egypt.—Ancus Martius King of Rome *A. U.* 114.	
34	637	117		Theræans go with Battus to Aziris in Libya, (Herod. 4, 157, 8). Cyaxeres succeeds Phraortes, killed at Ninevè.	
36	634	120		Sardis taken by *Cimmerians*, (Herod. 1, 15). *Scythians* overrun *higher Asia*.—Periander succeeds Cypselus at Corinth—on which Lucumo, son of Demaratus a Corinthian, comes to Rome, (Livy 1, 34). Battus I. founds Cyrene, (Herod. 4, 159).—*Arganthonius* reigns at Tartessus, (Tarshish of Scripture) (Herod. 1, 163.—Cic. de Senec. 19.)	*Arion*. *Draco*.
38	628	126	Josiah	Sadyattes King of Lydia (Herod. 1, 16). Scythians overrun *Judea* in the reign of and take *Ascalon*, (Herod. 1, 105), proceed to *Egypt*:—*Psammetichus* persuades them to	Zephaniah. Jeremiah.

A. C. Centuries.	Rome.	Sacred.	EVENTS.	Illustrious
7			retire, ibid.—*Selinus* in *Sicily* founded by Mejarians, (Thuc. 6, 4).—*Camarina* about the same time by Syracusans, (Thuc. 6, 5)—NABOPOLASSAR II. (*Nebuchodonosor* of Scripture)—	
615	139		*Labynetus* 1st of Herodotus, (Herod. 1, 188) King of Babylon. LUCUMO chosen *King* at Rome.—*Cimmerians* driven from Asia Minor. (Herod. 1, 16).—Conspiracy of CYLON at Athens, (Herod. 5, 71—Thuc. 1, 126).	
611	143		NECOS, King of Egypt, (PHARAOH-NECO of 2 Kings 23, 29), passing through Judea in his march against Assyria, is attacked by JOSIAH at MEGIDDO *(Magdolum)*: kills him (Herod. 2, 159).	Pittacus Al us. Sappho.
		JEHOAHAZ JEHOIAKIM	Deposed by Necos who puts Jehoiakim, son of Josiah, in his room, (2 Kings 23, 31 34).—*Phœnicians*, by order of Necos, *circumnavigate Africa*.	
608	147		2nd ASSYRIAN EMPIRE destroyed by the united forces of CYAXERES, the Mede, and NABOPOLASSAR, King of Babylon.—*Scythians* driven from *Upper Asia*. (Herod. 1, 106).	HABAKKU
			Agrigentum in *Sicily* founded by the inhabitants of Gela, (Thuc. 6, 4).	
602	152		*War* between CYAXERES, King of Media, and *Alyattes*, King of Lydia, (Herod. 1, 73). Engagement divided by an *Eclipse*, ibid, foretold by *Thales*.—PSAMMIS reigns in Egypt, (Herod. 2, 161). 1st colonization of *Massilia* (hod. *Marseilles*) by PHOCÆANS.	*Thales. Chilon.*
600	154		1st *Sacred* or *Phocian War*.	
6				
595	159		APRIES (Herod. 2, 161), (*Pharaoh Hophrah* of Jeremiah, (44, 30)) King of Egypt.—ASTYAGES succeeds Cyaxeres as King of Media and Persia, (Herod. 1, 107): about this time ARCESILAUS 1st KING OF CYRENE, (Herod. 4, 160).	
		ZEDEKIAH. the CAPTIVITY.	Carried captive to Babylon by NEBUCHADONOSOR, (2 Kings 25, 12—2 Chron. 36, 13).—SERVIUS TULLIUS King of Rome *A. U.* 176.	EZEKIEL. OBADIAH.
575	179		BATTUS II. (the happy) KING OF CYRENE (Herod. 4, 155).—*Ariston* and *Anaxandrides* Kings of Lacedæmon.—APRIES King of Egypt defeated by Cyreneans, (Herod. 2, 161): *revolt* of Egyptians and succession of AMASIS.	DANIEL. *Stesichorus*
566	188		*Lichas* gets the bones of Orestes, *Lacedæmon* victorious over *Tegea*, (Herod. 1, 68).—*Lycophron*, son of PERIANDER Tyrant of Corinth, killed by *Corcyreans*:—300 *Corcyrean youths* sent by Periander to *Lydia*, (Herod. 3, 48).—About this time ALALIA in Corsica founded by *Phocæans*, (Herod. 1, 163).—PISISTRATUS usurps the Tyranny at Athens.	*Bias. Solon. Æsop.*
559	195		CRŒSUS reigns in Lydia,—CYRUS dethrones Astyages—PISISTRATUS expelled by *Megacles* and *Lycurgus*, (Herod. 1, 59).—*Samians* intercept a corselet, sent from *Amasis* for the Lacedæmonians, and a vessel of brass sent from Lacedæmonians to Crœsus, (Herod. 3, 47).	*Anacharsis Anaximander*
554	200		ARCESILAUS 2nd KING of CYRENE.—PISISTRATUS marries the daughter of *Megacles*, and is restored.—*Crœsus* allies with the Lacedæmonians, (Herod. 1, 69).—PISISTRATUS again expelled (Herod. 1, 61).—BARCE founded in Libya, (Herod. 4, 160).	*Anaximenes*
548	206		*Temple of Delphi burned* (Herod. 1, 50—2, 180) (Fasti Hellenici 4).—*Tegea* taken by Lacedæmonians, (Herod. 1, 68).—WAR between *Sparta* and *Argos* on account of THYREA, (Herod. 1, 82).—BATTLE OF PTERIA (Herod. 1, 76 et Seq.).	
544	210		*Arcesilaus* II. poisoned.—BATTUS III. (the lame) succeeds him in CYRENE.	*Theognis*
542	212		PISISTRATUS reestablishes himself at Athens for the 3rd time, (Herod. 1, 61).—*Anaxandrides*, King of Lacedæmon, takes a 2nd wife, (Herod. 5, 39, 40).—PHOCÆA taken by *Harpagus*, (Herod. 1, 164).—*Abdera* recolonized by *Teians*.	*Pythagoras*
538	216		CYRUS takes *Babylon*, 2 years after restores the JEWS to their native land, (2 Chron. 36 last verses—1 Ezra 1st verse).—About this time *Hyela* in Ænotria, (after Helia or Velia) founded by Phocæans.—*Marseilles* enlarged.	
532	222	*Jews* return from *captivity*, foundations of the Temple laid. Jews forbidden to proceed.	POLYCRATES seizes the Tyranny of Samos, (Herod. 3, 120).—*Lygdamis* made Tyrant of Naxos by Pisistratus, (Herod. 1, 64).—About this time CYRUS falls in battle against the *Massagetæ* (Herod. 1, 214); is succeeded by CAMBYSES.—TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS is now King at Rome. CHERSONESE of Thrace is governed by MILTIADES, Athenian.	
529	225		ARCESILAUS III. KING OF CYRENE, (Herod. 4, 152).—Pisistratus succeeded by HIPPARCHUS.	
526	228		Amasis succeeded in Egypt by PSAMMENITUS.—*Egypt* invaded by *Cambyses*, (Herod.	

Olym.	A.C. Centuries.	Rome.	Sacred.	EVENTS.	Illustrious Men.
	6			3, 10): about this time *Samos* is invaded by the Dorians, (Herod. 3, 47). Samian exiles found *Cydonia* in Crete, (Herod. 3, 44). POLYCRATES killed, (Herod. 3, 125).	*Confucius.*
64	522	232		Cambyses succeeded by the Magus SMERDIS, (Herod. 3, 67, the *Artaxerxes* of 1 Esdras 2, 16): in the next year Smerdis is killed by the Seven.—DARIUS succeeds. *Siromus*, son of Euelthon, (Herod. 4, 162,) king of *Cyprian Salamis*, (Herod. 5, 104).	HAGGAI. ZECHARIAH.
65	519	235	Jews allowed to continue the building of the Temple, 1 Esdras 4.	PLATÆANS taken under *Athenian Protection*, (Herod. 6, 108—Thuc. 3, 68). About this time BATTUS IV, REIGNS AT CYRENE—*Barcè* besieged by *Pheretima*, (Herod. 4, 203, 204).—*Babylon revolts.*—CLEOMENES, king of Lacedæmon,—*Chersis*, son of Siromus, king of *Cyprian Salamis*.	ZERUBBABEL. *Jeshua.* *Simonides.*
66	515	239		About this time Stesagoras killed in the Chersonese, (Herod. 6, 39),—Hipparchus killed.—HIPPIAS succeeds him, (Herod. 5, 55—6, 103.) (Thuc. 6, 54, 9).—*Babylon taken*, 4 years after its revolt, by Darius.—SYLOSON made tyrant of *Samos*.	*Thespis.*
67	510	244	The Holy Land from this time under the Persians.	HIPPIAS driven from Athens, (Thuc. 6, 59).—MILTIADES drives PELASGI from *Lemnos*, (Herod. 6, 140).	*Anacreon.*
67	509	245		Factions of *Isagoras* and *Clisthenes* at Athens.—KINGS *expelled from Rome*, CONSULS.—Soon after this *Darius* sets out against the SCYTHIANS, (Herod. 4, 1, et Seq.).—*Scythians* invade the *Chersonese*, (Herod. 6, 40), on which MILTIADES returns from the Chersonese to Athens, (Herod. 6, 34, 36).	*Milo.*
68	507	247		*Athenians* defeat *Bœotians* and *Chalcidians*, (Herod. 5, 77).	
69	504	250		ARISTAGORAS, Vice-Præfect of Miletus, goes to Lacedæmon, (Herod. 5, 49), then to Athens.—A year after SARDIS BURNED by the Greeks, (Herod. 5, 101) (according to Gail Clinton makes it 5 years later). *Gorgus*, son of Chersis, king of *Cyprian Salamis*.—REVOLT of CYPRUS under *Onesilus*, and its reduction by the Persians, (Herod. 5, 116 et Seq).	
70	5 499	255		*Camarina* destroyed by *Syracusans*, (Thuc. 6, 5): about this time *Miletus* is taken by the Persians in the 5th year of the War, (Herod. 5, 18).—ARISTAGORAS *killed* at Εννεα ὁδοι, (Thuc. 4, 102). Samians occupy Zanclè, afterwards Messana in Sicily, (Herod. 6, 23); about this time T. LARTIUS 1st DICTATOR at Rome, Battle of REGILLUS fought, (Livy 2, 19).	
70	497	257		*Camarina* restored by Hippocrates, (Thuc. 6, 5).—Reduction of *Chios*, *Tenedos* by Persians.—Capture of Metiochus, son of Miltiades.—*Ionia reduced*, (Herod. 6, 41, 2).—Mesembria founded, (Herod. 6, 33.)	
71	495	258		EXPEDITION of MARDONIUS defeated at sea, by a tempest off *Athos*; (Herod. 6, 44), by land, by the *Thracian Brygi*, (Herod. 6, 45): soon after the *Thasians* ordered by Darius to pull down their walls, (Herod. 6, 46).—SECESSION AT ROME, (A. U. 260), 5 TRIBUNES *elected*.—	
71	493	261		Heralds sent from Persia to demand earth and water of the Greeks—*Eginetæ* among others comply and are accused at Sparta:—*Cleomenes* goes into Ægina to seize the chief men;—repelled by advice of *Demaratus*, the other king, who is soon after expelled by influence of Cleomenes—LEOTYCHIDES succeeds him.—Demaratus retires to Persia, (Herod. 6, 48).	
72	490	264		Persians, under DATIS and ARTAPHERNES, plunder *Naxos*, and reduce *Carystus* and *Eretria*, (Herod. 6, 96, 99, 101); HIPPIAS leads them to *Marathon*, BATTLE OF MARATHON: Cleomenes kills himself in a fit of madness,—LEONIDAS succeeds him, (Herod. 6, 75) Soon after, *Miltiades* dies in prison, (Herod. 6, 132, 6).—*Egypt revolts* from Persia, (Herod. 7, 1).—*Darius* dies, (Herod. 7, 4).—AGRARIAN LAW, at Rome, (*A. U.* 267).	*Æschylus.*
73	485	269		Accession of XERXES. (Herod. 7, 1—4).	
74	484	270		*Gelon* becomes tyrant of Syracuse, (Herod. 7, 156), destroys Camarina; and soon after takes Megara and destroys it, transferring its inhabitants to Syracuse. About this time *Aristides* is banished.	
74	481	273		*Xerxes*, 4 years after the recovery of Egypt, *sets out for Greece*, (Herod. 7, 20).—Deputation of Greeks sent to beg aid of *Gelon*, (Herod. 7, 153 et Seq), and of *Argos* and *Corcyra* in the spring.—BATTLE OF THERMOPYLÆ, *(and Artemisium)*, at which LEONIDAS, the Spartan King, commands the Greeks: he falls and is succeeded by his son PLISTARCHUS, yet a minor.—*Pausanias*, son of Cleombrotus, *Regent*.—*Aristides* recalled.—*Xerxes* proceeds to ATHENS, which he takes and burns,—another detachment goes to *Delphi*,—the fleet sails to *Salamis*,—BATTLE OF SALAMIS: AMILCAR the CARTHAGINIAN defeated the same day by *Gelon* and *Theron* in Sicily, (Herod. 7, 166).	*Pindar.*
75	479	275		BATTLE OF PLATÆA, Greek forces commanded by PAUSANIAS, (Herod. 9, 59 et Seq): BATTLE OF MYCALE the same day, Greek forces commanded by LEOTYCHIDES, the other	

Olym.	A. C. Centuries.	Rome.	Sacred.	EVENTS.	IllustriousMen.
	5			Lacedæmonian King—Persian sea force by *Artäyntes* and *Ithamitres*—land by TIGRANES and *Mardontes*, (Herod. 9, 102).—*Gelon*, King of Syracuse, dies, HIERO, his Brother, succeeds him.	
75	478	276		*Athenians* rebuild their walls, (Thuc. 1, 89), and by advice of *Themistocles*, occupy and fortify PEIRÆUS, (Thuc. 1, 93, 128).—*Pausanias*, sent by Lacedæmonians, reduces *Cyprus*, (Thuc. 1, 94), recalled—absolved—returns without command, accused of Medizing, dies.—	
75	477	277		About the same time *Plistarchus*, his nephew, dies.—Fabii cut off at CREMERA.	
				N. B. The *History* of *Herodotus* closes in the preceding year, with siege of *Sestos*, the events which took place in the Peloponnesian War are mentioned by him—7, 137—1, 130, year 408. *Themistocles banished*—leading of confederates transferred to Athenians under CIMON—PLEISTOANAX, son of Pausanias, succeeds Plistarchus.	
76	473	281		*Aristides dies*, (Corn. Nepos)—VOLERO proposes his law.	
77	471	283		*Themistocles* banished—*dies* in Magnesia, (Plut. in vitâ p. 128.)	
77	470	284		*Cimon*, son of Miltiades, pursues his Conquests on the Persians.—A year after, *Leotychides* marches into Thessaly against *Aleuadæ;*—is bribed:—flies to *Tegea*,—DIES there, (Herod. 6, 73):	
77	469	285		His Grandson ARCHIDAMUS 2nd succeeds him.—PERICLES begins to enter into public affairs. Athenians war against Carystians of Eubœa, (Thuc. 1, 98).—*Hiero*, King of Syracuse, dies, succeeded by THRASYBULUS.	
78	467	287		*Naxos* reduced.—CIMON conquers Persians both by land and sea at the EURYMEDON.	
78	466	288		*Thasos* revolts and is besieged, (Thuc. 1, 100). Εννεα ὁδοι, afterward Amphipolis, colonized by Athenians, the colonists destroyed in *Drabescus* by the Thracians, (Thuc. 4, 102).	
78	464	289		Earthquake in Laconia—revolt of *Helots.*—*Thrasybulus*, King of Syracuse, expelled, *Syracuse free.*—*Xerxes* killed by Artabanus Captain of his Guards: succeeded by ARTOXERXES:—about this time ARCESILAUS 4th King of Cyrenè.	*Zeno.*
79	463	291		EGYPT REVOLTS under Inarus and Amyrtæus:—Athenians send aid (about this time *A. U.* 292, TERENTILLUS ARSA moves his proposals, Livy 39), *Achæmenes*, son of Darius, sent against them is slain.	*Sophocles.*
79	461	293		*Alexander* (φιλελλην), King of Macedon, dies, succeeded by PERDICCAS.—*Cimon banished* on a charge of Laconism—*Megabyzus*, son of Zopyrus, sent against the Athenians in Egypt.—*Herdonius* seizes the Capitol at Rome, *A. U.* 294, (Livy 3, 15).	*Hippocrates born.*
80	459	295		Corinthians defeat the Athenians and Epidaurians at HALIÆ:—Athenians victorious at CECRYPHALIA—also against the Æginetæ aided by Corinthians, (Thuc. 1, 105).	*Democritus born.*
80	458	296		*Egypt submits.*—Amyrtæus retires to Elbo, (Herod. 2, 140)—Athenians, under MYRONIDES, aiding Megarians, twice conquer the Corinthians:—but are defeated at TANAGRA by the Lacedæmonians.—TRIBUNES at Rome increased to 10, (Livy 3, 30).	EZRA.
80	457	297		Thebans spirited on by Lacedæmonians, attempt to reduce Bœotia:—Athenians, under MYRONIDES, defeat them at ŒNOPHYTÆ, (Tanagra, see Gail), (Thuc. 1, 108)—Æginetæ reduced by Athenians.—HERODOTUS *expels Lygdamis*, Tyrant of Halicarnassus.	NEHEMIAH.
81	456	298		TOLMIDES, the Athenian, lays waste the coasts of the Peloponnese, takes Chalcis of Acarnania, makes a descent on Sicyon.—*ITHOME* surrenders: *Helots* placed in Naupactus	
81	455	299		by the Athenians.—*Cimon recalled* (according to Clinton). *Pericles* succeeds in bringing over many Acarnanian Cities.	*Cratinus.*
81	454	300		*Roman Ambassadors* sent to *Athens* for a copy of Solon's laws, previously to forming Roman Code, (Livy 3, 31).	
81	453	301		*Pericles* makes a descent on *Sicyon*, and sails to Acarnania: thence to the Chersonese, (Thracian), where he divides lands among 1000 citizens: while *Tolmides* is dividing lands in Naxos between 1000 other Athenian Citizens.	*Ion of Chios.*
82	450	304		*Cimon recalled*, (Plut. in Lysander 441 D). 5 YEARS' TRUCE, between Athenians and Peloponnesians:—Death of CIMON, a year after, at Cyprian Salamis.	
				PEOPLE SECEDE to *Mons Sacer* at Rome, *A. U.* 205, in consequence of the conduct of *Decemvirs.*	
83	448	306		Megarians ally with Spartans, (Diod. 12, 5).	*Herodotus.*
83	447	307		Athenians under TOLMIDES victorious at CHÆRONEA.—Defeated at CORONEA and *Tolmides slain.*—Athenians entirely evacuate Bœotia, having held it since the Battle of Œnophytæ, (Thuc. 1, 113).	
83	446	308		*Pleistoanax*, King of Sparta, invades Attica as far as Eleusis—*Pericles*, with Athenians, lands in and *reduces Eubœa*, (Thuc. 1, 114).	

Olym.	A. C. Centuries.	Rome.	Sacred.	EVENTS.	Illustrious Men.
	5				
83 84 84	445 444 441	309 310 313		Five years' truce expires, 30 YEARS' TRUCE made. *Pleistoanax* banished—*Thurium* founded by Athenians:—*Herodotus*, the Historian, and *Lysias*, the Orator, among the *Colonists*—MILITARY TRIBUNES, CANULEIAN LAWS promulgated at Rome. *Pericles* reduces *Samos*, (Thuc. 1, 115, 17). About this time *Zopyrus*, son of Megabyzus, deserts to the Athenians, (Herod. 3, 160).	*Lysias.* *Phidias.* *Protagoras.*
85	439	315		Commencement of *differences* between *Corinthians* and *Corcyræans*—SP. MÆLIUS'S Largesses at Rome, (Livy 4, 13).	
85	437	316		Εννεα ὁδοι or *Amphipolis* colonized by *Agnon* an Athenian.	
86	436	318		*Corinthians defeated at Corcyra*, prepare a large fleet;—Corcyra begs aid of Athens, (Thuc. 1, 45): in the next year takes place the BATTLE of SYBOTA, (Thuc. 1, 47).—SPOLIA OPIMA won by *Cossus* from Lars Tolumnius, King of the Veientes, (Livy 4, 19).	*Aristippus*, of Cyrenè, born.
86	435	319		SIEGE of POTIDÆA. (Thuc. 1, 29.)	*Meton.*
87	431			PELOPONNESIAN WAR begins, by entry of Pythangelus and Diemporus βοιωταρχοι into Platæa, (Thuc. 2, 2).—1st *Invasion of Attica* under *Archidamus*, (Thuc. 2, 19).—*Alliance* between *Athenians* and *Sitalces*, King of the Odrysæ.—In this year BRASIDAS comes into notice at *Methone*.	
87	430	322		2nd *Invasion of Attica*—PLAGUE at *Athens and Rome*.	*Bacchylides.*
87	429	323		*Potidæa surrenders*, (Thuc. 2, 70).—*Platæa* besieged, (Thuc. 2, 75—8).—BATTLE of STRATOS, (Thuc. 2, 81).—PHORMION'S SEA FIGHTS in CRISSÆAN GULF, (Thuc. 2, 83—92).—*Pericles dies*, (Thuc. 2, 65). Sitalces marches against Perdiccas, (Thuc. 2. 95.)	*Plato* born. *Eupolis* and *Phrynicus* exhibit.
88 88	428 427	324 325		3rd *Invasion of Attica*—*Lesbos*, except Methymnè, *revolts*.—Mitylenè besieged, (Thuc. 3, 18). 4th *Invasion of Attica*, (Thuc. 3, 26).—*Lesbos recovered*.—Expedition of NICIAS, (Thuc. 3, 51). *Platæa* surrendered, (Thuc. 3, 52). CORCYREAN SEDITION, (Thuc. 3, 70, 84). *Aid* sent by Athens *to Leontines*, (Thuc. 3, 86).	*Aristophanes.* *Gorgias.*
	426	326		Action at *Tanagra*, (Thuc. 3, 91).—Lustration of *Delos*, (Thuc. 3, 104).—BATTLE of OLPÆ—Artoxerxes μακροχειρ succeeded on the throne of Persia by XERXES II. SOGDIANUS, and DARIUS νοθος.	
	425	327		Eruption of *Ætna*, (Thuc. 3, 116). 5th *Invasion of Attica*, (Thuc. 4, 2). SPHACTERIA invested and surrendered to CLEON, (Thuc. 4, 39).	
89	424	328		*Cythera* occupied by Athenians, (Thuc. 4, 53). *Brasidas* goes into *Thrace*, (Thuc. 4, 78).—HERMOCRATES begins to appear in the Syracusan affairs, (Thuc. 4, 58, 64). Battle of DELIUM, (Thuc. 4, 89). THUCYDIDES, the *Historian*, banished for loss of Amphipolis, (Thuc. 4, 102). Death of Sitalces, (Thuc. 4, 101).	
	423	329		*Year's Truce*.—Thebans destroy Thespiæ, (Thuc. 4, 133).—ALCIBIADES before this had taken a part in public affairs.	
	422	330		Death of *Cleon* and *Brasidas* in Thrace: disposition to Peace, (Thuc. 5, 14).	
	421	331		50 YEARS' TRUCE.	
90	420	332		*Treaty* between *Athens* and *Argos*, effected by Alcibiades, (Thuc. 5, 43).	
	419	333		*Alcibiades* στρατηγος of the Athenians.	
	418	334		BATTLE of MANTINEA, (Thuc. 5, 64—74).	
91	416	336		*Melos surrendered to Athens* after subsisting 700 years, (Thuc. 5, 112).	*Agathon.*
	415	337		SICILIAN EXPEDITION, (Thuc. 6, 30). *Alcibiades recalled*, (Thuc. 6, 53).	*Xenocles.*
	414	338		2nd CAMPAIGN in Sicily, (Thuc. 6, 94). GYLIPPUS arrives, (Thuc. 7, 1—2). EURYMEDON sent with supplies from Athens, (Thuc. 7, 16).	*Archippus.*
	413	339		*Invasion of Attica* under AGIS II. (Thuc. 7, 19). 3rd CAMPAIGN in Sicily, (Thuc. 7, 21). DEMOSTHENES sent, (Thuc. 7, 20). *Eclipse* of the Moon delays their retreat—retreat.—*Surrender of Nicias*—in this year Perdiccas dies, succeeded by *Archelaus*.	*Hegemon.*
92	412	340		*Lesbos*, *Chios*, and *Erythræ* prepare to revolt, (Thuc. 8, 5). *Alcibiades* sent by Lacedæmonians into Asia, (Thuc. 8, 12). 1st TREATY between Lacedæmon and Persia, managed by CHALCIDEUS, (Thuc. 8, 17). Athenians recur to 1000 *Talents*, (Thuc. 8, 15) 2nd TREATY, or that of THERAMENES, (Thuc. 8, 37).	
	411	341		3rd TREATY between Lacedæmon and *Tissaphernes*, (Thuc. 8, 58). Constitution of 400 framed by ANTIPHO, (Thuc. 8, 67, 8). Mindarus, the Lacedæmonian, succeeds ASTYOCHUS: is defeated at CYNOSSEMA, (Thuc. 8, 104, 6).	
	410	341		Mindarus slain by Alcibiades at Cyzicus, (Xen. Hell. I. 1, 16, 18).	
	409	342		THRASYLLUS sails for Samos, (Xen. Hell. I, 2, 1), and enters Lydia.	
93	408	343		*Alcibiades* takes *Selymbria* and *Byzantium*, (Xen. Hell. I. 3, 10, 3, 20); about this time *Media revolts* and is reduced again by the *Persians*, (Herod. 1, 130).	

Olym.	A. C. Centuries.	Rome.	Sacred.	EVENTS.	Illustrious Men.
	5				
	407	344		CYRUS sent as Governor of the Maritime Provinces, (Xen. Hell. 1, 4, 2). LYSANDER, Peloponnesian Admiral.—*Alcibiades returns* to Athens, (Hell. 1, 4, 2): proceeds to Andros, (Plut. in vit. 35). *Antiochus* defeated.—*Alcibiades deposed*—10 GENERALS appointed.—*Callicratidas* succeeds Lysander.	*Antiphanes* born.
	406	343		SEA-FIGHT *off* ARGINUSSÆ, (Xen. Hell. 1, 6).—Proposals for *Peace* broken off by the Demagogue *Cleophon*, (Schol. in Aristoph. Ranas 1880).	*Euripides* dies.
				CONDEMNATION OF THE GENERALS.—DIONYSIUS becomes Master of Syracuse.	*Sophocles* dies.
	405	344		BATTLE OF ÆGOSPOTAMI.—*Conon* flies to Evagoras at Cyprus, (Xen. Hell. 2, 1, 29).	*Malachi* completes the canon of the Old Testament, about 400 B.C.
94	404	345		ATHENS TAKEN BY LYSANDER. About this time *Darius* νοθος succeeded on the Persian throne by *Artoxerxes* Μνημων.—LYSANDER establishes the "*Thirty Tyrants*" at Athens, (Xen. Hell. 3, 11); abolished *Eight months* after.	
	403	346		Democracy re-established.—*Thucydides* returns from *Exile*, (Thuc. 5, 26).	ALCIBIADES dies.
	401	348		Expedition of the "TEN THOUSAND," under CYRUS the *younger*, sets out: *Cyrus* defeated and slain at CUNAXA.—1st year of war between Lacedæmon, and Elis, (Xen. Hell. 3, 2, 23).	*Antimachus*.
	4				
	400	349		Retreat of the "TEN THOUSAND."—2nd year of war between Lacedæmon and Elis, (Xen. Hell. 3, 2, 25).	CTESIAS
95	399	350		AGESILAUS succeeds his brother *Agis*, as King of *Sparta*.—DEATH OF SOCRATES, (Diod. 14, 35, 7).	*Philoxenus*, *Cythereus*,
	397	352		*Agesipolis* 1st, King of Lacedæmon.—DERCYLIDAS, successor of *Thimbron* in Asia, (Xen. Hell. 3, 1, 8), marches into Caria; but concludes an armistice with *Tissaphernes*, (Xen. Hell. 3, 2, 19, 20).	*Timotheus* of Miletus, *Telestes* of Selinus, Sophocles the Grandson,
96	394	355		CONON, aided by the Persians, defeats the Lacedæmonians by sea, (Xen. Hell. 4, 3, 6).	*Euclides* of
	393	356		Sedition at *Corinth*, (Xen. Hell. 4, 4, 1, 13).—CONON rebuilds the walls of *Peiræus*, (Xen. Hell. 4, 8, 10).—*Agesilaus*, King of Lacedæmon, defeats the *Thebans* at CORONEA, (Diod. 12, 6).	Megara.
97	392	357		Athenians, under THRASYBULUS, reduce part of *Lesbos*, (Diod. 14, 94).	*Acrion* and
	391	358		EVAGORAS, a descendant of *Teucer*, after *ten years'* war against *Artoxerxes* Μνημων recovers the kingdom of *Cyprus*, (Diod. 15, 98).—DEATH OF THUCYDIDES.	*Echecrates*, of Locri, *Archytas* of Tarentum,
	390	359		*Thrasybulus* killed at *Aspendus*, (Xen. Hell. 4, 8, 30).	*Antipater* of
98	387	362		Peace between Greece and Persia, brought about by *Antalcidas*, (Xen. Hell. 5. 1, 25, 36).—CHABRIAS sent to aid *Evagoras*, (Xen. Hell. 6 10).	Cyrene.
	386	363		*Evagoras*, King of Cyprus, defeated at sea by Persians; besieged: retires to Egypt leaving his son *Pythagoras* to command, (Diod. 15, 2 et seq.).—Lacedæmonians besiege Mantinea, (Diod. 15, 5).	*Æschines* born
	385	364		Capture of *Mantinea* by the Lacedæmonians, (Diod. 15, 12).	*Demosthenes* born.
99	384	365		Magon, the Carthaginian defeated and killed by Dionysius of Syracuse.	*Aristotle* born.
	382	367		*Phœbidas* seizes the *Cadmea* or Theban Citadel, (Diod. 15, 20).	
	381	368		Olynthus, after 2 years' seige, leagues offensively and defensively with Lacedæmon, (Diod. 15, 19 et Seq.).	
100	380	369		*Agesipolis* 1st succeeded on the Spartan throne by CLEOMBROTUS, (Diod. 15, 23).	
	377	372		PELOPIDAS, with Theban refugees, expels the *Lacedæmonians* from *Thebes*.—CHABRIAS reduces *Peparethus*, *Sciathus* and other *Cyclades*, (Diod. 15, 28).	*Anaxandrides* PLATO, XENO-
101	376	373		CHABRIAS, the Athenian, routs the Lacedæmonians off *Naxos*, (Diod. 15, 34.—Xen. Hell. 5. 4, 6)—10th and last year of war between Evagoras and Artoxerxes Μνημων (Fast. Hellen.)	PHON, *Eubulus*
	374	375		EVAGORAS, King of Cyprus, *killed* by an *Eunuch*: succeeded by his son *Nicocles*, (Diod. 15, 47).	
	372	377		Helicè and Bura overturned by Earthquakes, (Paus. 7, 25, p. 588, 9).	
102	371	378		Congress at Sparta—Thebes excluded, (Xen. Hell. 6. 3).—A COMET SEEN, (Diod. 15, 50.)—BATTLE OF LEUCTRA won by EPAMINONDAS: *Cleombrotus* killed: succeeded by *Agesipolis 2nd*, (Paus. 3, 6).—ALEXANDER, son of *Amyntas*, *King of Macedon*.	*Theophrastus* born.
	370	379		*Cleomenes*, brother of *Agesilaus* 2nd, succeeds him, (Diod. 20, 29).	
	369	380		Expedition of EPAMINONDAS into *Laconia*, FIRST INVASION, (Xen. Hell. 6, 5, 22).	Aphareus
	367	382		Death of DIONYSIUS, King of Syracuse, (Diod. 15, 73), succeeded by a son of the *same name*.	Eudoxus of Cnidus
103	364	385		PELOPIDAS attacks and defeats *Alexander*, *King of Pheræ*, and is *slain*, (Diod. 15, 80).—DEMOSTHENES, now of age, pleads against his fraudulent Guardians, (Plut. in vitâ).	Heraclides of Pontus.
	362	387		BATTLE OF MANTINEA: Epaminondas falls by the hand of Gryllus, son of Xenophon. (Xen. Hell. 7. 5, 20): the orator Æschines was present.	

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